#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by: Finance Department



# Part I Introductory Section



Exhibit		PAGE
	INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
	Table of Contents	11-14
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	15
	Principal Officials	16
	White County Organizational Chart	17
	Letter of Transmittal	18-112
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-14
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	15-16
A-2	Statement of Activities	17
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Governmental Funds:	
A-3	Balance Sheet	18-19
A-4	Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20
A-5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	21-22
A-6	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
	of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
A-7	General Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual	24-25
A-8	Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	26
A-9	Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	27
	Proprietary Funds:	
A-10	Statement of Net Position	28
A-11	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	29
A-12	Statement of Cash Flows	30
	Fiduciary Funds:	
A-13	Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	31
A-14	Notes to the Financial Statements	32-63
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
B-1	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	64-65
B-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	66-67

Exhibit		PAGE
	FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)	
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (continued)	
C-1	Comparative Balance Sheets - General Fund	68
C-2	Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	General Fund	69
C-3	Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - General Fund	70-71
C-4	Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund	72-76
D-1	Comparative Balance Sheets - Jail Special Revenue Fund	77
D-2	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Jail Special Revenue Fund	78
D-3	Comparative Balance Sheets - Inmate Welfare Special Revenue Fund	79
D-4	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Inmate Welfare Special Revenue Fund	80
D-5	Comparative Balance Sheets - Drug Education Special Revenue Fund	81
D-6	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Drug Education Special Revenue Fund	82
D-7	Comparative Balance Sheets - Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund	83
D-8	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund	84
D-9	Comparative Balance Sheets - Juvenile Supervision Special Revenue Fund	85
D-10	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Juvenile Supervision Special Revenue Fund	86
D-11	Comparative Balance Sheets - Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund	87
D-12	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund	88
D-13	Comparative Balance Sheets - Enotah Judicial Circuit Special Revenue Fund	89
D-14	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Enotah Judicial Circuit Special Revenue Fund	90
D-15	Comparative Balance Sheets - Emergency 911 Special Revenue Fund	91
D-16	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Emergency 911 Special Revenue Fund	92
D-17	Comparative Balance Sheets - Confiscated Assets Special Revenue Fund	93
D-18	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Confiscated Assets Special Revenue Fund	94
D-19	Comparative Balance Sheets - Law Library Special Revenue Fund	95
D-20	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Law Library Special Revenue Fund	96

Exhibit	_	PAGE
	FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)	
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (continued)	
D-21	Comparative Balance Sheets - Grants Special Revenue Fund	97
D-22	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual - Grants Special Revenue Fund	98
E-1	Comparative Balance Sheets - 2008 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	
	Capital Projects Fund	99
E-2	Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	2008 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund	100
E-3	Comparative Balance Sheets - 2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	
	Capital Projects Fund	101
E-4	Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund	102
E-5	Comparative Balance Sheets - Yonah Preserve Park Capital Projects Fund	103
E-6	Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Yonah Preserve Park Capital Projects Fund	104
F-1	Comparative Statements of Net Position - Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	105
F-2	Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -	
	Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	106
F-3	Comparative Statements of Cash Flows - Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	107
F-4	Comparative Statements of Net Position - Development Authority Enterprise Fund	108
F-5	Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -	
	Development Authority Enterprise Fund	109
F-6	Comparative Statements of Cash Flows - Development Authority Enterprise Fund	110
G-1	Combining Balance Sheet - Agency Funds	111-112
G-2	Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	113
	STATISTICAL SECTION	
	Introduction to the Statistical Section	114
	Financial Trends	
H-1	Net Position by Component	115-116
H-2	Changes in Net Position	117-120
H-3	Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	121
H-4	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	122-123
H-5	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	124-125
H-6	General Government Tax Revenues by Source	126

Exhibit		PAGE
	STATISTICAL SECTION (continued)	
	Revenue Capacity	
H-7	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	127-128
H-8	Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	129-130
H-9	Principal Taxpayers	131
H-10	Property Tax Levies and Collections	132-133
	Debt Capacity	
H-11	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	134
H-12	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	135
H-13	Legal Debt Margin Information	136-137
H-14	Pledged-Revenue Coverage	138
	Demographic and Economic Information	
H-15	Demographic and Economic Statistics	139
H-16	Principal Employers	140
	Operating Information	
H-17	Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function	141-142
H-18	Operating Indicators by Function	143-144
H-19	Capital Asset Statistics by Function	145
	OTHER REPORTING SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
	Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
	in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	146-148
	State Reporting Section	
I-1	Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	149-150



#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### White County Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

#### OFFICIALS OF WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA

#### **BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS**

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Jason Cobb, County Manager Shanda Murphy, County Clerk Mary Jane Henneke, County Attorney

#### **Department Directors**

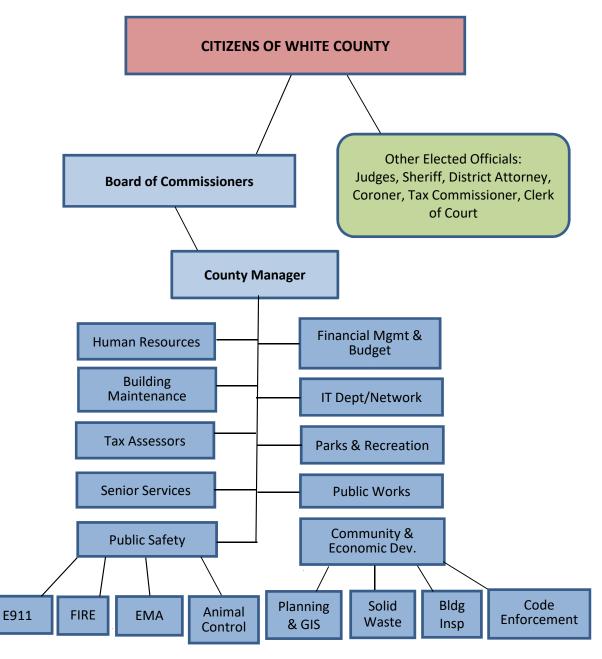
Building Maintenance/Grounds Ken Payne
Bldg Insp/Comm Econ & Dev/Planning/GIS John Sell

Public Safety David Murphy Finance Jodi Ligon

Human Resources
Shanda Murphy
Parks and Recreation
Planning
Senior Center
Public Works
David Cangemi
Tax Assessors
Bryan Payne

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART







October 30, 2020

To the Honorable Chairman, Members of the Board of Commissioners, and Citizens of White County, Georgia:

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of White County, Georgia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

This report consists of management's representation concerning the finances of White County and was prepared by the Finance Department. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of this County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatements.

We believe the data is presented in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a comprehensive understanding of the County's financial activity have been included.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Rushton and Company, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based on the audit that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that White County, Georgia's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Thus, internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **General Information on White County**

White County, originally organized in 1818 as part of Habersham County, was officially established on December 22, 1857 and named in honor of Col. David T. White, a member of the Georgia General Assembly.

The County is known for its beautiful mountain scenery, the most recognizable being majestic Mt. Yonah. A large portion of the county is protected by the US Forest Service with 42,000 acres of the county belonging to the Chattahoochee National Forest. Thousands of people travel to the County each year to enjoy the mountains, rivers and scenic attractions that are the main reasons tourism is such an important segment of the local economy.

The population of White County continues to grow. As of June 2020, it was approximately 31,000 and is expected to continue to rise. With its close proximity to Atlanta, White County residents enjoy not only the peace and beauty of a rural lifestyle, but the availability of big-city activities.

In order to protect the County's natural assets, regulations for River Corridor, Groundwater Recharge, Wetlands, Watershed Protection and Mountain and Hillside Protections have been implemented. White County has many opportunities and challenges for its future. The Board of Commissioners' goal is to preserve the County's environment, beauty and history while meeting the growth and needs of the future.

#### **Government Structure**

In January 2011, White County went from a three member Board of Commissioners to a five member Board, with the Chairman being elected at large and the four district commissioners elected by their district. The County operates on a County Manager form of government, who runs the day-to-day operations and oversees compliance of the county policies.

White County citizens also elect other officials, including the Tax Commissioner, Sheriff, Magistrate Court Judge, Probate Court Judge, Superior Court Judges, Clerk of Court and Coroner.

The County provides a full range of services, which includes law enforcement and fire protection, animal control services, maintenance of roads and bridges and recreational activities.

The County maintains budgetary control to ensure compliance with the annual appropriated budget approved by the White County Board of Commissioners and State law. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds. Project-length budgets are adopted for all Capital Projects Funds. Annual operating budgets are not legally required for enterprise funds, but are prepared for use in planning control and evaluation purposes. Budgetary control is essential to good financial management and the County has established a legacy of balanced budgets and good budgetary control. For each fund, financing sources are identified for all expenditures/expenses. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the approved budget) is established at the department level.

The budget process for each fiscal year typically begins in January for the upcoming fiscal year. The County's fiscal year runs from July 1<sup>st</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. Revenue and expenditure estimates are prepared by the responsible departments and presented to the Finance Director and County Manager for review. Once reviewed and any necessary adjustments made, the budgets are presented publicly to the Board of Commissioners and public discussions begin. After the Board makes their final decisions, the completed budget is made available for the public. The required public hearings are advertised and, following the final hearing, the budget is formally adopted.

Unforeseen situations may arise during the year that may require budget amendments. Department heads may request line-item budget amendments be made by the Finance Department, provided the amendment does not increase or decrease the overall budget for that department. Any increase in departmental totals requires approval of the Board of Commissioners in an official meeting.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

White County lies approximately 60 miles north of the perimeter highway (highway 285) that circles Atlanta, Georgia. Bordering counties are Hall, Union, Lumpkin, Towns and Habersham. As Atlanta's growth moves northward, White County is on the fringes of development that's creating a demand for residential properties which will increase the demand for emergency services.

The County's economy is based largely on a mix of tourism, agriculture and residential construction. White County continues to see growth in tourism and has worked with several local vendors to open new tourist facilities within the county. Residential and commercial construction continues to grow as seen in the new project permits being issued.

#### **Major Initiatives and Accomplishments**

White County continues to develop and make improvements to the 1000 acre Yonah Preserve Park. The sports complex was opened to baseball and softball and is hosting district and organizational tournaments.

White County worked through the COVID-19 pandemic using a reduced workforce, adhering to the recommended social distancing guidelines. Staff worked closely with government and private entities to disseminate information about the pandemic.

Other accomplishments during the fiscal year include:

- Completed several road preparation and paving projects
- Served 37,152 home delivered and congregate meals. This is an 8% increase from FY2019
- Renovated work areas for the Voter Registrar and Building/Planning departments
- Processed 725 total building permits, including 111 new residential projects, 23 new commercial projects and 59 mobile home permits
- Hired full-time Code Enforcement Officer that is a post-certified White County Deputy Sheriff
- Added additional firefighters to staff a station 24/7
- Completed installation of new NextGEN 911 call handling equipment
- Added additional water rescue capabilities

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

Long-term financial planning creates awareness regarding financial opportunities and challenges that White County could face and allows to make sound financial and operational decisions for those possibilities. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is \$4,772,064, or 24 percent of the 2020 annual expenditures budget. The County maintains these funds to provide cash flow throughout the year and as a buffer against unforeseen events.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

Management and staff continue to review the draft of the comprehensive financial policy, which will aid management with guidelines and procedures in standard operating procedures. The goal is to approve the formal comprehensive financial policy in the next fiscal year.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has a program where counties and municipalities can submit their annual CAFR for review. If the report is found to meet all the required criteria of GAAP and applicable legal requirements, a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting will be awarded to the County. Having received this award for the last nine fiscal years, this report for fiscal year 2020 will be submitted with hopes of receiving this award in 2021. This is an annual award, and submission needs to be done in order to be received each year.

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the assistance of the entire finance office staff. We would also like to express our appreciation and thanks to the firm of Rushton and Company, LLC. Their firm's dedication to the highest standard of governmental accounting and auditing and strong support of the finance office staff throughout the year has been extremely beneficial.

Sincere appreciation to the various elected officials and county department directors for their assistance and positive attitude throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the County.

In closing, we'd like to thank the Board of Commissioners for their support and direction in conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Jodi Ligon

Finance Director

Jason Cobb County Manager



## Part II Financial Section







#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners White County, Georgia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of White County Health Department, a component unit of White County. Georgia. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for White County Health Department, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White County, Georgia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in the financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparisons of the General Fund, Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund, and the Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise White County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the statistical section and the state reporting section with the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, White County, Georgia's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements. In our report dated October 25, 2019, we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise White County's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the 2019 financial statements are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the 2019 financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2019 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2019 combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rushton & Company, LLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2020, on our consideration of White County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering White County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Gainesville, Georgia October 30, 2020



#### WHITE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS



59 South Main Street, Suite A

Cleveland, GA 30528

Travis C. Turner, Chairman • Terry D. Goodger, District 1• Lyn Holcomb, District 2• Edwin Nix, District 3• Craig Bryant, District 4

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of White County, it is our pleasure to present this narrative discussion and analysis of White County's financial performance, providing an overview of the activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The purpose of this narrative is to provide readers of financial statements with information that will help them make timely and meaningful financial decisions or draw conclusions about White County. As required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, this discussion and analysis provides comparisons with the previous year.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- White County's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2020 by \$54,213,810 (reported as net position). Of this amount, \$6,483,556 (reported as unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.
- As of June 30, 2020, White County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,833,220. The governmental funds reported a combined ending unassigned fund balance of \$4,772,064.

More detailed information regarding these activities and funds begins on page 15.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis narrative is intended to serve as an introduction to White County's basic financial statements. White County's basic financial statements are composed of three elements: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to our basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements (Reporting the County as a whole). The focus of the government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of White County and is designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's financial activities in a manner similar to a private business enterprise.

The County's government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These two statements report information about White County using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

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The purpose of the **Statement of Net Position** (pages 15-16) is to attempt to report all of the assets held and liabilities owed by the County. The County reports all of its assets when it acquires ownership over the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred. The difference between the total assets and total liabilities is labeled *net position*. Although the purpose of the County is not to accumulate net position, in general, as this amount increases it indicates that the financial position of the County is improving over time.

The **Statement of Activities** (page 17), on the other hand, presents the revenues and expenses of the County. Under the accrual basis of accounting mentioned earlier, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred in this statement. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several weeks after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current period. The difference is described as *change in net position*. The Statement of Activities primary focus is on the *net cost* of various activities provided by the County and identifies the extent to which each function of the County draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees, grants, or other sources.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide White County into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the County's basic services are reported under this category which includes: judicial, public safety, public works, and general administration. Taxes such as: property, sales, insurance premium and intangible finance most of these services.
- Business-type activities The County charges fees to customers to assist in covering the cost for providing certain services. The County's solid waste tipping fees are reported in this category.
- Discretely Presented Component Unit A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable. The Health Department, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of White County, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The County's government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 15-17.

#### Fund Financial Statements (Reporting the County's Major Funds).

The focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the County and its most significant funds, not the County as a whole. A fund is an entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the County uses to track specific resources and expenditures, either for management purposes or because of legal mandates. In addition to the major funds, individual fund data for the County's non-major funds can be found beginning on page 64. The County's funds are divided into three broad categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – and use different prescribed accounting methodologies.

 Governmental Funds – These funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, governmental fund financial statements focus on the short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

Because the focus of the governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements and because of the different accounting methods used to prepare them, there are often significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. It is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. An analysis of the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that reconciles the two statements are provided following each statement.

White County maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Drug Task Force Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, 2014 SPLOST Fund, and Yonah Park Preserve Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 64-67 of this report.

White County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, Drug Task Force Fund, and Hotel/Motel Tax Fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The County's basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18-27 of this report.

 Proprietary Funds – When the County charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments of the County, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. These proprietary funds are prepared using the same accounting basis as the government-wide financial statements.

Enterprise fund statements report the same functions presented in the business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. White County uses enterprise funds to account for its Solid Waste functions, as well as the Industrial Building Authority and the Development Authority.

The County's proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 28-30.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support White County's own programs and services. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements but are not reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The County's fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on page 31.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-63 of this report.

#### Other Supplementary Information.

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. These funds are added together by fund type and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the government-wide financial statements.

This report includes two schedules (pages 20 and 23) which reconciles the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with the governmental activities reported on the government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities on the government-wide statements are not reported on fund financial statements.
- Certain tax revenues that are earned, but not available, are reported as revenue on the government-wide statement but are reported as deferred inflows of resources on the fund statements.
- Unless due and payable, long-term liabilities, such as lease obligations, compensated absences, bonds and notes payable, and others only appear as liabilities in the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements but is reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.
- Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide statements but are reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.

#### **Overview of the County's Financial Position and Operations**

The County's overall financial position and operations for this fiscal year is summarized as follows based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements (see pages 15-17):

### White County Net Position (Financial Position) Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019

	Governmental		Business-Type			
	Activities		Activities		Total	
	2020 2019		2020 2019		2020	2019
Assets						
Current assets	\$ 13,979,398	\$ 12,520,672	\$ 692,082	\$ 607,713	\$ 14,671,480	\$ 13,128,385
Capital assets	46,314,887	46,506,029	500,701	519,881	46,815,588	47,025,910
Total assets	60,294,285	59,026,701	1,192,783	1,127,594	61,487,068	60,154,295
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	2,572,001	3,144,312	29,655	34,664	2,601,656	3,178,976
Noncurrent liabilities	4,219,659	5,185,075	451,943	461,383	4,671,602	5,646,458
Total liabilities	6,791,660	8,329,387	481,598	496,047	7,273,258	8,825,434
Net position						
Net investment in						
capital assets	41,259,558	39,779,236	500,701	519,881	41,760,259	40,299,117
Restricted	5,969,995	5,535,740	0	0	5,969,995	5,535,740
Unrestricted	6,273,072	5,382,338	210,484	111,666	6,483,556	5,494,004
Total net position	\$ 53,502,625	\$ 50,697,314	\$ 711,185	\$ 631,547	\$ 54,213,810	\$ 51,328,861

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets for White County exceeded liabilities by \$54,213,810 at the close of the fiscal year.

Approximately 77.0% of White County's net position is reflected in its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to construct or acquire the assets. The County uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position comprises 11.0% of the total net position. This amount represents net position that is subject to external restrictions or enabling legislation on how they can be used.

Unrestricted net position, comprising the remaining 12.0%, represents resources that can be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

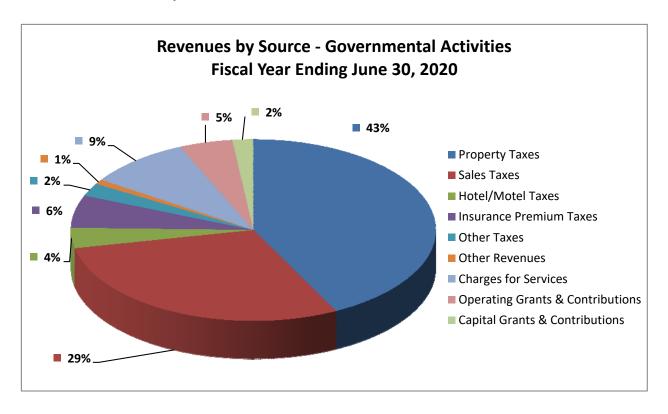
The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how White County's net position changed during the fiscal year.

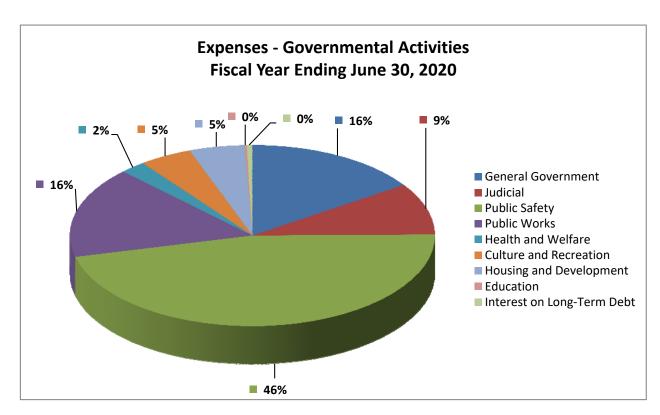
#### White County Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total	
Revenues	2020	2019	2020 2019	2020 2019	
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 2,524,680	\$ 2,683,751	\$ 158,782 \$ 136,695	\$ 2,683,462 \$ 2,820,446	
Operating grants and contributions	1,304,080	1,362,557	22,500 7,500	1,326,580 1,370,057	
Capital grants and contributions	511,847	593,465	0 0	511,847 593,465	
General revenues:					
Property tax	11,752,568	10,995,793	0 0	11,752,568 10,995,793	
Sales tax	8,094,530	7,466,083	0 0	8,094,530 7,466,083	
Hotel/Motel tax	997,766	998,309	0 0	997,766 998,309	
Insurance premium tax	1,602,658	1,494,568	0 0	1,602,658 1,494,568	
Other taxes	631,246	498,546	0 0	631,246 498,546	
Other revenues	232,826	250,539	7,790 7,335	240,616 257,874	
Total revenues	27,652,201	26,343,611	189,072 151,530	27,841,273 26,495,141	
Expenses					
General Government	3,871,802	3,765,039	0 0	3,871,802 3,765,039	
Judicial	2,296,863	2,388,930	0 0	2,296,863 2,388,930	
Public Safety	11,523,241	11,246,809	0 0	11,523,241 11,246,809	
Public Works	4,042,604	3,995,005	0 0	4,042,604 3,995,005	
Health and Welfare	561,845	560,353	0 0	561,845 560,353	
Culture and Recreation	1,161,047	1,066,249	0 0	1,161,047 1,066,249	
Housing and Development	1,219,159	1,218,961	0 0	1,219,159 1,218,961	
Education	49,351	60,704	0 0	49,351 60,704	
Interest on long-term debt	120,978	142,215	0 0	120,978 142,215	
Solid Waste	0	0	107,753 105,538	107,753 105,538	
Development Authority	0	0	1,681 3,264	1,681 3,264	
Total expenses	24,846,890	24,444,265	109,434 108,802	24,956,324 24,553,067	
Increase (decrease) in net					
position before transfers	2,805,311	1,899,346	79,638 42,728	2,884,949 1,942,074	
Transfers in (out)	0	(4,345)	0 4,345	0 0	
Increase (decrease) in net position	2,805,311	1,895,001	79,638 47,073	2,884,949 1,942,074	
Net position-beginning	50,697,314	48,802,313	631,547 584,474	51,328,861 49,386,787	
Net position-ending	\$ 53,502,625	\$ 50,697,314	\$ 711,185 \$ 631,547	\$ 54,213,810 \$ 51,328,861	

#### **Governmental Activities –**

The following charts illustrate revenues and expenses of the governmental activities for the fiscal year:





The revenue chart indicates that property tax, followed by sales tax, and charges for services were the three largest sources of revenue for governmental activities for fiscal year 2020. Total revenues of the governmental activities increased more than \$1,300,000. The largest cause of the increase was property tax revenues, which increased more than \$750,000. Sales tax revenues increased more than \$620,000. All other revenues remained relatively similar when comparing to the prior year.

The expense chart indicates that the three most significant governmental activities expenses for White County during fiscal year 2020 were public safety services, such as fire, police protection, and other emergency services followed by public works and general government. Overall, governmental activities expenses increased more than \$400,000 from the prior fiscal year. Public safety expenses show an increase of over \$270,000 from fiscal year 2019 due predominantly to an increase in salaries and wages. General government expenses increased by more than \$100,000 due to an increase in salaries and wages. All other expenses remained relatively similar when comparing to the prior year.

#### **Business-Type Activities –**

Business-type activities did not contribute to a significant increase or decrease in White County's net position.

#### **Financial Analysis of the County's Funds**

As noted earlier, White County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

 As the County completed this fiscal year, its governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$12,833,220. The governmental funds reported a combined unassigned fund balance of \$4,772,064. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned for projects or for the fiscal year 2021 budget, and is not available for spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,772,064, while total fund balance reached \$6,076,031. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 27% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 35% of that same amount.

Revenues from property taxes increased by approximately \$752,000, or 7%. Local option sales tax increased by approximately \$241,000, or 9%. Insurance premium tax increased by approximately \$108,000, or 7%. The County ended the fiscal year by increasing fund balance of the General Fund by \$954,370, or approximately 15.7%. The increase is largely attributed to the increased revenues noted above and a much smaller increase in expenditures. Transfers to other funds remained similar to the prior fiscal year. A \$258,000 increase in public safety expenditures attributed to most of the increase in expenditures, mostly due to an increase in Fire and Sheriff personal services expenditures. By comparison, in fiscal year 2019, fund balance of the General Fund was decreased by 0.9%.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund had total fund balance of \$682,294, all of which is restricted for drug task force facilities, equipment, and operations. Fund balance decreased \$20,339 during fiscal year 2020 compared with a \$175,250 increase in the prior fiscal year. Revenues decreased during the current fiscal year due to decreased grant revenues and decreased fines, fees, and forfeitures. Expenditures decreased during the current fiscal year due to decreased capital outlay expenditures and decreased payments to other agencies.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund had total fund balance of \$1,052,843, of which \$255,311 is restricted for tourism product development, \$792,807 is assigned to tourism, and \$4,725 is assigned to the subsequent budget. Fund balance increased \$145,906 during fiscal year 2020 compared with a \$292,091 increase in the prior fiscal year due primarily to similar hotel/motel taxes received, with an increase in expenditures, mostly tourism product development capital outlay expenditures.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the 2014 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund had total fund balance of \$4,579,654, all of which is restricted for capital outlay. Fund balance of the 2014 SPLOST Fund decreased \$1,056,963 for fiscal year 2020 due to increased SPLOST revenues and reduced expenditures. Roads and Bridges expenditures decreased \$1,206,853.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Yonah Preserve Park Capital Projects Fund had total fund balance of \$0. This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for construction of a multi-purpose recreational facility at the Yonah Preserve site. Capital outlay expenditures for the current year totaled \$10,723.

#### **General Fund Budget Highlights**

The original budget for the General Fund was amended by various appropriations approved after the beginning of the fiscal year. Budgeted expenditures in total decreased from original to final budgets. As expected, the County experienced an increase in revenues from the prior fiscal year. The County ended the fiscal year with revenues up from budgeted expectations. Even with increases in salaries and wages expenditures, the County ended the fiscal year with fund balances that remained positive and expenditures in total less than amounts appropriated. Overall, the County expended less than revenues received and transferred a similar amount to other funds as the prior fiscal year.

**Proprietary Funds.** White County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position of the County's proprietary funds totaled as follows:

Solid Waste \$ 650,245Development Authority \$ 60,940

The total increase in net position for both funds was \$79,638 due mostly to operating income for both funds. The Development Authority also had increased intergovernmental revenues in the current fiscal year.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** White County has invested \$46,815,588 in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Approximately 98.9% of this investment is related to governmental activities and includes land, construction in progress, buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure.

Capital assets held by the County at the end of the fiscal year are summarized as follows:

White County
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)
Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019

	Governmental		Busines	ss-Type			
	Activities		Activ	/ities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Land	\$ 9,314,696	\$ 9,314,696	\$ 84,361	\$ 84,361	\$ 9,399,057	\$ 9,399,057	
Construction in progress	4,980,891	4,744,112	0	0	4,980,891	4,744,112	
Buildings	21,882,754	21,657,056	710,404	710,404	22,593,158	22,367,460	
Land improvements	4,257,463	4,257,463	0	0	4,257,463	4,257,463	
Machinery and equipment	5,520,621	5,344,768	48,517	48,517	5,569,138	5,393,285	
Furniture and fixtures	826,547	861,875	0	0	826,547	861,875	
Vehicles	7,076,136	6,584,400	0	0	7,076,136	6,584,400	
Infrastructure	56,287,054	55,466,419	0	0	56,287,054	55,466,419	
Total	110,146,162	108,230,789	843,282	843,282	110,989,444	109,074,071	
Accumulated Depreciation	(63,831,275)	(61,724,760)	(342,581)	(323,401)	(64,173,856)	(62,048,161)	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 46,314,887	\$ 46,506,029	\$ 500,701	\$ 519,881	\$ 46,815,588	\$ 47,025,910	

Major capital asset expenditures during the current fiscal year for governmental activities included the following:

- Continued construction on the Yonah Preserve Park
- Investments in machinery, equipment, and vehicles throughout the County in public safety departments
- Paving and resurfacing of various roads and bridges throughout the County

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements on pages 52-53 of this report.

**Long-term Debt and Other Liabilities.** On June 30, 2020, White County had total capital leases payable in the amount of \$80,329. The County's capital lease balance decreased by \$247,426 during the fiscal year due to regularly scheduled principal payments. On June 30, 2020, White County had revenue bonds payable with a balance outstanding of \$4,965,000. During fiscal year 2020, bonds payable decreased by \$920,000 due to regularly scheduled principal payments. Additional information on the County's long-term debt and other liabilities can be found in Notes 11 and 12 to the financial statements on pages 55-56 of this report.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

White County continues to fair well while in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic. Several factors were considered during preparation of the budget for fiscal year 2021, including the following:

- The unknown surrounding the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic
- Possible increases or decreases in revenues, particularly property, sales, and hotel/motel taxes
- Fluctuations in the price of fuel due to market instability.
- Plans for future capital improvements
- Unforeseen natural disasters, such as tornados, storms, etc.
- Capital outlay requirements for vehicles, equipment and program expansions to improve public services to the community

#### **Contacting the County's Financial Services Department**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of White County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed as follows:

White County Board of Commissioners Attn: Finance Department 1235 Helen Hwy. Cleveland, GA 30528 706-865-2235





#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	F	Component Unit			
	Governmental	Business-type		White County	
	Activities	Activities	Total	<b>Health Department</b>	
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,294,026	\$ 475,577	\$ 11,769,603	\$ 686,786	
Certificates of deposit	669,575	209,931	879,506	0	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	536,505	0	536,505	0	
Receivables (net)					
Accounts	117,405	6,574	123,979	47,418	
Intergovernmental	160,393	0	160,393	0	
Taxes	1,165,590	0	1,165,590	0	
Prepaids	35,904	0	35,904	0	
Total current assets	13,979,398	692,082	14,671,480	734,204	
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets					
Non-depreciable	14,295,587	84,361	14,379,948	0	
Depreciable (net)	32,019,300	416,340	32,435,640	5,496	
Total noncurrent assets	46,314,887	500,701	46,815,588	5,496	
Total assets	60,294,285	1,192,783	61,487,068	739,700	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension deferred outflows of resources	0	0	0	121,890	
OPEB deferred outflows of resources	0	0	0	56,557	
Total deferred outflows of resources	0	0	0	178,447	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Payables					
Accounts	429,427	12,062	441,489	5,500	
Intergovernmental	157,207	0	157,207	0	
Interest	53,701	0	53,701	0	
Accrued salaries and expenses	257,312	803	258,115	0	
Compensated absences	433,975	0	433,975	35,800	
Capital leases payable	80,329	0	80,329	0	
Bonds payable	890,000	0	890,000	0	
Other liabilities	270,050	0	270,050	0	
Post-closure care costs	0	16,790	16,790	0	
Total current liabilities	2,572,001	29,655	2,601,656	41,300	

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

		Component Unit		
	Governmental	Business-type		White County
	Activities	Activities	Total	<b>Health Department</b>
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences	\$ 144,659	\$ 0	\$ 144,659	\$ 51,026
Net pension liability	0	0	0	545,486
Net OPEB liability	0	0	0	101,924
Bonds payable	4,075,000	0	4,075,000	0
Post-closure care costs	0	451,943	451,943	0
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,219,659	451,943	4,671,602	698,436
Total liabilities	6,791,660	481,598	7,273,258	739,736
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension deferred inflows of resources	0	0	0	19,521
OPEB deferred inflows of resources	0	0	0	202,406
Total deferred inflows of resources	0	0	0	221,927
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	41,259,558	500,701	41,760,259	5,496
Restricted for:				
Judicial	192,124	0	192,124	0
Public safety	896,508	0	896,508	0
Health and welfare	0	0	0	98,508
Housing and development	255,311	0	255,311	0
Education	9,095	0	9,095	0
Capital outlay	4,611,474	0	4,611,474	0
Grant specifications	5,483	0	5,483	0
Unrestricted	6,273,072	210,484	6,483,556	(147,520)
Total net position	\$ 53,502,625	\$ 711,185	\$ 54,213,810	\$ (43,516)



# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			P	rog	ram Revenues					
					Operating	Capital			Net	
	Expenses	C	Charges for Services	_	Grants and ontributions		rants and ntributions		(Expense) Revenue	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses		Services		ontributions	<u> </u>	iitiibutioiis		Revenue	
Primary government										
Governmental activities										
General Government	\$ 3,871,802	\$	668,460	\$	89,952	\$	0	\$	(3,113,390)	
Judicial	2,296,863		415,496		542,369		0		(1,338,998)	
Public Safety	11,523,241		1,073,895		476,086		3,929		(9,969,331)	
Public Works	4,042,604		0		29,606		497,221		(3,515,777)	
Health and Welfare Culture and Recreation	561,845		0		166,067		697		(395,081)	
•	1,161,047		143,978		0		10,000		(1,007,069)	
Housing and Development Education	1,219,159 49,351		190,474 32,377		0		0 0		(1,028,685) (16,974)	
Interest on long-term debt	120,978		32,377		0		0		(10,974)	
Total governmental activities	24,846,890		2,524,680	_	1,304,080		511,847	_	(20,506,283)	
· ·	24,040,030		2,324,000	_	1,504,000	_	311,047	_	(20,300,203)	
Business-type activities Solid Waste	107,753		127,844		0		0		20,091	
Development Authority	1,681		30,938		22,500		0		51,757	
Total business-type activities	109,434	_	158,782	_	22,500	_	0	_	71,848	
Total primary government			<u> </u>	_		_	511,847	_		
, , , ,	24,956,324		2,683,462	_	1,326,580		311,041		(20,434,435)	
Component Unit										
White County Health Department	711 700		004.050		100 504		•		40.750	
Health and Welfare	711,780		291,952	_	436,581		0		16,753	
			ary Governme	nt						
	Governmental	Вι	usiness-Type			C	omponent			
Change in net position	Activities		Activities	_	Total		Unit			
	Φ (00 500 000)	•	74.040	Φ.	(00.404.405)	Φ.	40.750			
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (20,506,283)	\$	71,848	\$	(20,434,435)	\$	16,753			
General revenues Taxes										
Property	11,752,568		0		11,752,568		0			
Sales	8,094,530		0		8,094,530		0			
Hotel/Motel	997,766		0		997,766		0			
Insurance premium	1,602,658		0		1,602,658		0			
Other	631,246		0		631,246		0			
Interest and investment earnings	68,872		7,790		76,662		0			
Payments from White County	0		0		0		120,000			
Gain on sale of capital assets	7,845		0		7,845		0			
Miscellaneous	156,109		0		156,109		0			
Total general revenues	23,311,594		7,790		23,319,384	_	120,000			
Change in net position	2,805,311		79,638		2,884,949		136,753			
Net position - beginning	50,697,314		631,547	_	51,328,861		(180,269)			
Net position - ending	\$ 53,502,625	\$	711,185	\$	54,213,810	\$	(43,516)			

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	General	Drug Task Force
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,248,062	\$ 872,406
Certificates of deposit	669,575	0
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	74,747	0
Receivables (net)		
Accounts	26,702	275
Intergovernmental	27,348	103,624
Taxes	440,016	0
Prepaids	35,904	0
Due from other funds	39,332	0
Total assets	\$ 6,561,686	\$ 976,305
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Payables		
Accounts	\$ 178,773	\$ 15,745
Intergovernmental	0	0
Accrued salaries and expenditures	236,640	1,510
Due to other funds	38,060	6,706
Other liabilities	0	270,050
Total liabilities	453,473	294,011
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	32,182	0
Fund balances		
Nonspendable prepaids	35,904	0
Restricted for:		
Judicial	61,998	0
Public safety	0	682,294
Housing and development	0	0
Education	0	0
Capital outlay	12,749	0
Grant specifications	0	0
Assigned to:		
Public safety	228,594	0
Housing and development	0	0
Subsequent year's budget	964,722	0
Unassigned	4,772,064	0
Total fund balances	6,076,031	682,294
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 6,561,686	\$ 976,305

			Yonah Nonmajor					
Н	lotel/Motel	2014		eserve	Gov	vernmental		
_	Tax	SPLOST	· —	Park		Funds	_	Totals
\$	1,028,619	\$ 3,712,966	\$	0	\$	431,973	\$	11,294,026
	0	0		0		0		669,575
	0	461,758		0		0		536,505
	0	416		0		90,012		117,405
	0	0		0		29,421		160,393
	120,932	604,642		0		0		1,165,590
	0	0		0		0		35,904
	5,680	0	. <u> </u>	0		32,380		77,392
\$	1,155,231	\$ 4,779,782	\$	0	\$	583,786	\$	14,056,790
			· <u></u>					
\$	102,388	\$ 42,841	\$	0	\$	89,680	\$	429,427
Ψ	0	157,207	Ψ	0	Ψ	00,000	Ψ	157,207
	0	0		0		19,162		257,312
	0	80		0		32,546		77,392
	0	0		0		02,040		270,050
_							_	
	102,388	200,128	<u> </u>	0		141,388		1,191,388
	0	0	· <u></u>	0		0		32,182
	0	0		0		0		35,904
	0	0		0		130,126		192,124
	0	0		0		214,214		896,508
	255,311	0		0		0		255,311
	0	0		0		9,095		9,095
	0	4,579,654		0		19,071		4,611,474
	0	0		0		5,483		5,483
	0	0		0		36,801		265,395
	792,807	0		0		0		792,807
	4,725	0		0		27,608		997,055
_	0	0		0		0		4,772,064
_	1,052,843	4,579,654		0		442,398	_	12,833,220
\$	1,155,231	\$ 4,779,782	\$	0	\$	583,786	\$	14,056,790



## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	12,833,220
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets of \$110,146,162, net of accumulated depreciation of (\$63,831,275), are not		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		46,314,887
Long-term assets (receivables) are not available to pay current period expenditures and,		
therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. These are property taxes.		32,182
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in		
the funds. These are interest payable of (\$53,701), compensated absences of (\$578,634),		
capital leases payable of (\$80,329), and bonds payable of (\$4,965,000).	_	(5,677,664)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	53,502,625

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	<u>General</u>	Drug Task Force
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 17,011,117	\$ 0
Licenses and permits	252,739	0
Fines, fees and forfeitures	454,167	101,476
Charges for services	1,006,604	0
Intergovernmental	280,279	419,627
Interest	53,367	4,580
Contributions	20,424	0
Other	155,408	0
Total revenues	19,234,105	525,683
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General Government	3,543,577	0
Judicial	1,492,112	0
Public Safety	9,028,394	560,229
Public Works	1,482,612	0
Health and Welfare	517,536	0
Culture and Recreation	920,158	0
Housing and Development	625,740	0
Education	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0
Debt Service		
Principal	0	0
Interest	0	0
Total expenditures	17,610,129	560,229
Excess (deficiency) of		
revenues over (under) expenditures	1,623,976	(34,546)
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in	0	0
Transfers out	(691,149)	0
Sale of capital assets	21,543	14,207
Total other financing sources (uses)	(669,606)	14,207
Net change in fund balances	954,370	(20,339)
Fund balances, July 1	5,121,661	702,633
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 6,076,031	\$ 682,294
i ana salances, vane sv	Ψ 0,070,031	Ψ 002,234

Н	otel/Motel Tax		2014 SPLOST		Yonah reserve Park	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds		Totals
\$	997,766	\$	5,052,804	\$	0	\$	0	\$	23,061,687
Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	252,739
	271		0		0		146,882		702,796
	0		0		0		562,542		1,569,146
	0		496,758		0		588,009		1,784,673
	9,134		463		0		2,156		69,700
	10,000		0		0		0		30,424
	0		0		0		701		156,109
	1,017,171		5,550,025		0		1,300,290		27,627,274
	0		0		0		27,985		3,571,562
	0		0		0		783,867		2,275,979
	0		0		0		1,218,731		10,807,354
	5,410		0		0		934		1,488,956
	0		0		0		2,313		519,849
	282,308		0		0		2,446		1,204,912
	583,547		0		0		1,630		1,210,917
	0		0		0		49,351		49,351
	0		1,895,968		10,723		206,709		2,113,400
	0		1,300,778		0		0		1,300,778
	0		1,167,425		0		0		1,167,425
	0		128,891		0		0	_	128,891
	871,265		4,493,062		10,723		2,293,966		25,839,374
	145,906		1,056,963		(10,723)		(993,676)		1,787,900
	0		0		248,086		691,149		939,235
	0		0		0		(248,086)		(939,235)
	0		0		0		0		35,750
	0		0		248,086		443,063	_	35,750
	145,906		1,056,963		237,363		(550,613)		1,823,650
	906,937		3,522,691		(237,363)		993,011		11,009,570
\$	1,052,843	\$	4,579,654	\$	0	\$	442,398	\$	12,833,220

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,823,650
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation of (\$2,485,704) exceeded capital outlays of \$2,322,467 in the current period.	(163,237)
In the statement of activities, gains and losses on the sales of assets are reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sales increase financial resources. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the assets	
disposed (\$407,094), net of related accumulated depreciation of \$379,189.	(27,905)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These include recognition of unavailable property taxes.	17,081
The proceeds of debt issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments of \$1,167,426 exceed proceeds of (\$0).	1,167,426
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These include the net increase in compensated absences of (\$19,616) and decrease in interest payable of \$7,912.	 (11,704)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,805,311

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Budget		dget			Va	ariance with
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fi	inal Budget
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	16,048,330	\$	16,048,330	\$ 17,011,117	\$	962,787
Licenses and permits		174,800		174,800	252,739		77,939
Fines, fees and forfeitures		422,870		422,870	454,167		31,297
Charges for services		927,203		927,203	1,006,604		79,401
Intergovernmental		253,656		279,762	280,279		517
Interest		55,003		55,003	53,367		(1,636)
Contributions		18,900		18,900	20,424		1,524
Other		56,450		134,067	 155,408		21,341
Total revenues		17,957,212		18,060,935	19,234,105		1,173,170
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government							
County-Wide		382,399		379,799	378,563		1,236
Building Maintenance		732,263		786,143	783,475		2,668
Elections		23,880		25,380	25,235		145
Commissioner's Office		551,885		566,835	562,574		4,261
Network		335,171		370,483	367,337		3,146
Registrars		77,787		83,287	82,083		1,204
Human Resources		109,967		86,767	84,893		1,874
Tax Commissioner		609,569		573,669	571,263		2,406
Tax Assessor		570,250		532,400	529,503		2,897
Finance		164,217		160,117	158,651		1,466
Judicial							
Clerk of Superior Court		535,936		519,436	517,918		1,518
Clerk of Magistrate Court		59,411		48,611	48,025		586
Clerk of Juvenile Court		7,216		6,566	6,554		12
District Attorney		6,400		2,400	2,358		42
Magistrate Court		229,292		206,292	205,404		888
Probate Court		345,377		364,127	363,206		921
Juvenile Court		112,300		128,000	127,888		112
Public Defender		142,897		125,897	125,691		206
Superior Court		124,553		95,353	95,068		285
Public Safety							
Animal Control		374,857		295,957	290,385		5,572
Coroner		56,725		45,125	45,052		73
Emergency Management Agency		205,658		195,983	194,308		1,675
Fire		1,482,098		1,516,098	1,512,841		3,257
Sheriff		3,603,938		3,714,000	3,713,985		15
Detention Center		2,505,152		2,472,000	2,471,823		177
<b>Emergency Medical Services</b>		800,000		800,000	800,000		0
Public Works							
Road Department		1,635,619		1,493,275	1,482,612		10,663
Health and Welfare				•	• •		•
Senior Services		423,643		359,000	358,036		964
DFACS		39,500		39,500	39,500		0
White County Health Department		120,000		120,000	120,000		0

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Budget						Va	riance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
Culture and Recreation								
Libraries	\$	313,930	\$	309,980	\$	309,589	\$	391
Park and Recreation		701,576		617,376		610,569		6,807
Housing and Development								
Extension Service		46,375		44,675		44,467		208
Forestry		9,540		9,540		9,540		0
<b>Economic Development</b>		145,878		132,378		130,129		2,249
Building Inspection		164,613		188,577		187,199		1,378
Planning		133,007		137,607		136,779		828
Code Enforcement		89,183		19,109		19,104		5
GIS		107,616		99,566		98,522		1,044
Total expenditures		18,079,678		17,671,308		17,610,129		61,179
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(122,466)		389,627		1,623,976		1,234,349
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		222,893		222,893		0		(222,893)
Transfers out		(711,149)		(711,149)		(691,149)		20,000
Sale of capital assets		0		0		21,543		21,543
Contingency		(400,000)		(300,000)		0		300,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(888,256)		(788,256)		(669,606)		118,650
Net change in fund balance		(1,010,722)		(398,629)		954,370		1,352,999
Fund balances, July 1		1,010,722		398,629		5,121,661		4,723,032
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	6,076,031	\$	6,076,031

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG TASK FORCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Bud	dget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES Fines, fees and forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 0 446,121 0	\$ 0 446,121 0	\$ 101,476 419,627 4,580	\$ 101,476 (26,494) 4,580		
Total revenues	446,121	446,121	525,683	79,562		
EXPENDITURES Current Public Safety	847,682	847,682	560,229	287,453		
Total expenditures	847,682	847,682	560,229	287,453		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(401,561)	(401,561)	(34,546)	367,015		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Sale of capital assets	401,561	401,561	14,207	(401,561) 14,207		
Total other financing sources (uses)	401,561	401,561	14,207	(387,354)		
Net change in fund balance	0	0	(20,339)	(20,339)		
Fund balances, July 1	0	0	702,633	702,633		
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 682,294	\$ 682,294		

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Budget					Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	890,225	\$	868,225	\$	997,766	\$	129,541
Fines, fees and forfeitures		500		500		271		(229)
Interest		175		175		9,134		8,959
Contributions		0		4,100		10,000		5,900
Total revenues		890,900		873,000		1,017,171		144,171
EXPENDITURES Current								
Public Works		0		6,000		5,410		590
Culture and Recreation		0		283,000		282,308		692
Housing and Development		526,880		584,000		583,547		453
Total expenditures		526,880		873,000		871,265		1,735
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		364,020		0		145,906		145,906
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		(364,020)		0		0		0
Net change in fund balance		0		0		145,906		145,906
Fund balances, July 1		0		0		906,937		906,937
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,052,843	\$	1,052,843

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities		
	Solid	Development	_
	Waste	Authority	Totals
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 414,637	\$ 60,940	\$ 475,577
Certificates of deposit	209,931	0	209,931
Accounts receivable	6,574	0	6,574
Total current assets	631,142	60,940	692,082
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	84,361	0	84,361
Depreciable (net)	416,340	0	416,340
Total noncurrent assets	500,701	0	500,701
Total assets	1,131,843	60,940	1,192,783
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	12,062	0	12,062
Accrued salaries and expenses	803	0	803
Post-closure care costs	16,790	0	16,790
Total current liabilities	29,655	0	29,655
Noncurrent liabilities			
Post-closure care costs	451,943	0	451,943
Total liabilities	481,598	0	481,598
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets	500,701	0	500,701
Unrestricted	149,544	60,940	210,484
Total net position	\$ 650,245	\$ 60,940	\$ 711,185

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities		
	Solid	Development	
	Waste	Authority	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for sales and services	\$ 127,844	\$ 30,938	\$ 158,782
Total operating revenues	127,844	30,938	158,782
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Costs of sales and services	56,185	1,681	57,866
Personal services	32,388	0	32,388
Depreciation	19,180	0	19,180
Total operating expenses	107,753	1,681	109,434
Operating income (loss)	20,091	29,257	49,348
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Intergovernmental revenue	0	22,500	22,500
Interest revenue	7,782	8	7,790
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	7,782	22,508	30,290
Change in net position	27,873	51,765	79,638
Net position, July 1	622,372	9,175	631,547
Net position, June 30	\$ 650,245	\$ 60,940	\$ 711,185

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities		
	Solid Waste	Development Authority	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	vvaste	Authority	Totals
Receipts from customers	\$ 135,462	\$ 30.938	\$ 166,400
Payments to suppliers	(70,864)	(1,681)	(72,545)
Payments to employees	(32,158)	0	(32,158)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	32,440	29,257	61,697
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Receipts from other governments	0	22,500	22,500
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received	7,782	8	7,790
Proceeds from investment maturities	205,821	0	205,821
Purchases of investments	(209,931)	0	(209,931)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	3,672	8	3,680
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	36,112	51,765	87,877
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	378,525	9,175	387,700
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 414,637	\$ 60,940	\$ 475,577
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided			
(used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 20,091	\$ 29,257	\$ 49,348
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	19,180	0	19,180
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	7,618	0	7,618
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	2,111	0	2,111
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and expenses	230	0	230
Increase (decrease) in post-closure care liability	(16,790)	0	(16,790)
Total adjustments	12,349	0	12,349
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 32,440	\$ 29,257	\$ 61,697

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	 Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$ 845,451
LIABILITIES  Due to other agencies	\$ 845,451

# 1. Description of Government Unit

White County, Georgia (the County) is located in the foothills of the Georgia mountains about seventy-five miles northeast of Atlanta.

The County provides a full range of governmental services, including public safety, health and welfare services, recreational programs, public works, and solid waste services.

The County is governed by a five man board of commissioners, the Chairman being elected at large and the four district commissioners elected by their respective districts.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

## B. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of White County (the primary government) and material component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the County.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by Statement No. 61, the financial statements of component units have been included either as blended or discretely presented component units.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### B. Reporting Entity, continued

<u>Blended Component Units</u> – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Government's operations.

White County Industrial Building Authority – The Authority exists to acquire, develop land and provide debt issuance for the promotion of business expansion in White County. The activities of the authority have been to provide for a conduit for the sale of land in an industrial park, issue debt and all services have benefited White County. The major assets and liabilities were a debt issuance and receivable from the County for a capital project of the County. The bonds were refunded in the current fiscal year. There is no other current year activity. The operations of the Authority are reported as the Industrial Building Authority Enterprise Fund since all services benefit White County. White County Industrial Building Authority had no financial activity for the current fiscal year. Separate financial statements are not issued.

White County Development Authority – The Authority exists to promote business development in White County. White County appoints the majority of the governing board and the Development Authority receives the majority of its funding from commissions on the sale of lots by the Industrial Building Authority. The activities of the Authority have been to promote and market the sale of lots in an industrial park of the county for the above mentioned White County Industrial Building Authority. However, there has been no significant activity since 2004. The operations of the Authority are reported as the Development Authority Enterprise Fund since all services benefit White County. Separate financial statements are not issued.

White County Building Authority – The Authority exists to acquire, develop land and provide debt issuance for the promotion of business expansion in White County. The Authority has had no activity prior to serving as the conduit for the issuance of the Series 2016 Revenue Bonds. There is no other current year activity. White County appoints the majority of the governing board and all services benefit White County. Any funding would come from White County or from bond issuances. Separate financial statements are not issued.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> – Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### B. Reporting Entity, continued

White County Health Department – The White County Health Department was established as a legally separate entity and operates pursuant to the Georgia Health Code 88-2, Georgia Laws 1964. The District Health Director is the Executive Officer of the White County Health Department and is responsible for the overall coordination of the local health activities. White County appoints members to the White County Health Department Board. The White County Health Department is funded by the State and County under the Grant-in-Aid provisions, and operated under the supervision of the local Board of Health. A copy of the White County Health Department financial statements can be obtained from District 2, Public Health, 1280 Athens Street, Gainesville, GA 30507.

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has three discretely presented component units. While they are not considered to be major component units, they are nevertheless aggregated and shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The general operating fund of the County is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund** - This fund is used to account for local and federal monies restricted for the Appalachian Regional Drug Enforcement Office.

**Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund** - This fund is used to account for hotel/motel tax collections that are restricted for tourism in White County.

**2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund** - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities financed by special purpose local option sales taxes.

**Yonah Preserve Park Capital Projects Fund** - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for construction of a multi-purpose recreational facility at the Yonah Preserve site financed by bond proceeds.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

**Solid Waste Enterprise Fund** - This fund is used to account for activities connected with the disposal of residential and commercial solid waste at the County's solid waste transfer station.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

**Development Authority Enterprise Fund** - This fund is used to account for activities of the White County Development Authority, which exists to promote business development in the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

**Special Revenue Funds** - This fund type is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

**Capital Projects Funds** - Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of specifically planned projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

**Agency Funds** - Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that are held either for the County or for others.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

### F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Solid Waste, Industrial Building, and Development Authority Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### G. Budgetary Information

The Board of Commissioners adopts an annual budget for all governmental fund types, prior to July 1, except for the Capital Projects Funds. The Capital Projects Funds are budgeted by the Board of Commissioners when capital projects are approved. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is legally enacted at a public meeting.

Each year in January, the County Manager and the Finance Director begin preparation of the proposed budget for the upcoming fiscal year. Using budget worksheets sent to the departments, the department managers complete the sheets and return to Finance in March. After the proposed budget is prepared, it is presented to the Board of Commissioners for consideration. Public hearings are held to discuss the proposed budget and to obtain input from the citizens of White County.

The level of legal budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the department level. Any changes in total departmental expenditures/expenses, personnel benefits, or capital purchases must be approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) at the legal level of budgetary control which is the department, sub-department, or project level. Expenditures may not exceed the appropriations within a fund. Budgets, as reported in the financial statements, are as originally passed by ordinance and subsequently amended. During the year, several supplementary appropriations are made as needed. The results are increases and decreases to the appropriations within the funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The County does not use the encumbrance system of accounting.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### H. Cash and Investments

Cash and equivalents, as reported in the statement of cash flows, includes amounts in demand deposits, amounts with fiscal agents, and investments with an original maturity at three months or less. Investments are reported at fair value with accrued interest shown under a separate caption on the balance sheet. Reinvested interest on certain debt service and capital projects investments is included in the investment accounts.

## I. Intergovernmental Receivables

Receivables from state, federal, and local governments are recorded as revenue for the period of the allocation or as earned based on expenditures made for which reimbursement is due.

# J. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost on the first-in, first-out method. The costs of governmental fundtype inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

### K. Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaids. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### L. Capital Assets, continued

GASB Statement No. 34 required the County to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are among the largest asset classes of the County. Neither their historical costs nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the County implemented the requirements for retroactive reporting of major general infrastructure assets.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are reported at acquisition value.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets ranging as follows:

	Useful Life in Years	Capitalization Threshold		
Land	N/A	\$ 1		
Land Improvements	15	\$ 1		
Buildings	40	\$ 2,000		
Machinery and Equipment	5-10	\$ 2,000		
Furniture and Fixtures	5	\$ 2,000		
Vehicles	5-10	\$ 2,000		
Computer Software	3-5	\$ 2,000		
Infrastructure	15-50	\$ 50,000-		
		\$ 150,000		

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value or materiality extend the life of the asset are charged to operations as incurred. Costs of major additions and improvements are capitalized.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### N. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### O. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### P. Restricted Assets and Restricted Net Position

Restricted assets represent certain resources restricted by funding source or required to be set aside for the repayment of debt. They are maintained in a separate bank account and their use is limited.

Restricted net position is equal to the excess of the restricted assets funded from operations over the liabilities to be paid with restricted assets which are due in one year or less. Restricted assets exclude bond proceeds for calculation of restricted net position.

#### Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

White County implemented GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

**Nonspendable** – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable at the end of the current fiscal year by the County are nonspendable in form. The County has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, continued

**Restricted** – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

**Committed** – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the Board of Commissioners, the County's highest level of decision making authority, which include the language "committed for the purpose of". Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through adoption of a subsequent resolution, which shall refer to the original resolution by its number.

**Assigned** - consists of amounts that are intended to be used by the County for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Intent can only be expressed by the Board of Commissioners or their designee. Assigned Fund Balance differs from Committed Fund Balance in that assignments do not require a resolution. An assignment of fund balance requires the majority vote of the Board; however, the Board has authorized the County Manager or the Chief Financial Officer to automatically assign fund balance in the following situations:

- a. If upon passage of a budget resolution, any fund balance used to balance a future budget, the amount used will be automatically recorded as Assigned Fund Balance.
- b. If any unspent funds for an ongoing capital project or donations for a specific purpose remain at fiscal year-end, these funds will be automatically recorded as Assigned Fund Balance until the project is complete or the donation has been spent for its intended purpose.
- c. Equity amounts reported in special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, or permanent funds not otherwise classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed shall constitute assignments of fund balance.

The County Manager has determined that all equity amounts reported in special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, or permanent funds not otherwise classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed shall constitute assignments of fund balance.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, continued

**Unassigned** – includes amounts that do not fall into one of the above four categories. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The General Fund is the only fund that should report this category of fund balance.

For the purposes of fund balance classification, the County considers restricted amounts spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Furthermore, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance can be used, then committed amounts are spent first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

## R. Compensation for Future Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused leave benefits which will be paid to the employees upon separation from County service. Accumulated unpaid leave pay amounts are accrued when incurred by the County in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. The liability of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees. In governmental fund types, a liability is recorded only if the benefit has matured and is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

### S. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as expenses when incurred.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### S. Long-Term Obligations, continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### T. Capital Contributions

Federal, state and local government assistance in the form of grants that are permanent in nature and restricted for the construction or acquisition of specific property and equipment is recorded as an asset and as non-operating revenue.

#### U. Comparative Data and Reclassifications

Comparative total data of the prior period has been presented in the accompanying individual fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the County's financial position and operations. Certain prior fiscal year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current fiscal year presentation.

# 3. Deposit and Investment Risk

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County has no formal policy, but follows the State of Georgia requirement that all deposits be federally insured or fully collateralized.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

# 3. Deposit and Investment Risk (continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

The County's policy is to adhere to State statutes as it relates to credit risk for investments. State of Georgia law limits investments to include certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, and pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The County has no formal policy on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer.

#### Foreign currency risk

The County has no investments denominated in a foreign currency.

# 4. Accounts Receivable

Net accounts receivable at the end of the current fiscal year consist of the following:

#### **Primary Government:**

Major Funds General Fund	\$ 26,702
Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund	275
2014 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund	416
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	6,574
Nonmajor Funds Emergency 911 Special Revenue Fund	90,012
Total primary government	\$ 123,979
Component Unit White County Health Department	\$ 47,418

# 5. Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at the end of the current fiscal year consist of the following:

<b>Primary</b>	Government:
----------------	-------------

Major Funds General Fund	\$ 27,348
Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund	103,624
Nonmajor Funds Jail Special Revenue Fund	442
Grants Special Revenue Fund	28,979
Total primary government	\$ 160,393

# 6. Property Taxes

Property tax rates are set by the Board of Commissioners each year and are limited by statutory or constitutional provision. Property values are assessed as of January 1<sup>st</sup> each year. Property taxes for digest year 2019, based upon the assessments as of January 1, 2019, were levied on August 5, 2019, billed on August 22, 2019, and due on November 15, 2019. Tax liens may be issued 90 days after the due date.

#### 7. Interfund Balances

A summary of interfund balances as of the end of the current fiscal year is as follows:

			Receiva	ble F	Fund:		
	 Major Funds				onmajor Funds		
		Н	otel/Motel			_	
	 Seneral		Tax	Gov	<u>/ernmental</u>		Total
Payable Fund:							
Major Funds							
General	\$ 0	\$	5,680	\$	32,380	\$	38,060
Drug Task Force	6,706		0		0		6,706
2014 SPLOST	80		0		0		80
Nonmajor Funds							
Governmental	32,546		0		0		32,546
Total	\$ 39,332	\$	5,680	\$	32,380	\$	77,392

The balances reported as Due to/Due from resulted from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between the funds are made. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### 8. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers for the current fiscal year is as follows:

		Т	ran	sfer In Fund	<b>:</b>	
	Ma	ajor Funds		Funds	_	
	ı	Yonah Preserve			_	
		Park	Governmental			Total
<b>Transfer Out Fund</b>	:					
Major Funds						
General	\$	0	\$	691,149	\$	691,149
Nonmajor Funds						
Governmental		248,086		0		248,086
Total	\$	248,086	\$	691,149	\$	939,235

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The transfer from the 2008 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund to the Yonah Preserve Park Capital Projects Fund was for the Yonah Preserve Park project to fund a prior year payable that was previously intended to be paid from a different funding source. The park project is an approved project on the 2008 SPLOST referendum.

Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or business-type fund group.

#### 9. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Nondepreciable assets				
Land	\$ 9,314,696	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 9,314,696
Construction in progress	4,744,112	1,635,509	(1,398,730)	4,980,891
Total non-depreciable assets	14,058,808	1,635,509	(1,398,730)	14,295,587
Depreciable assets				
Buildings	21,657,056	225,698	0	21,882,754
Land improvements	4,257,463	0	0	4,257,463
Machinery and equipment	5,344,768	196,694	(20,841)	5,520,621
Furniture and fixtures	861,875	0	(35,328)	826,547
Vehicles	6,584,400	559,476	(67,740)	7,076,136
Infrastructure	55,466,419	1,103,820	(283,185)	56,287,054
Total depreciable assets	94,171,981	2,085,688	(407,094)	95,850,575
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(7,750,828)	(505,786)	0	(8,256,614)
Land improvements	(1,895,290)	(137,752)	0	(2,033,042)
Machinery and equipment	(3,816,328)	(348,768)	20,841	(4,144,255)
Furniture and fixtures	(798,449)	(8,211)	35,328	(771,332)
Vehicles	(4,488,387)	(404,642)	49,524	(4,843,505)
Infrastructure	(42,975,478)	(1,080,545)	273,496	(43,782,527)
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,724,760)	(2,485,704)	379,189	(63,831,275)
Total depreciable assets, net	32,447,221	(400,016)	(27,905)	32,019,300
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 46,506,029	\$ 1,235,493	\$ (1,426,635)	\$ 46,314,887

Decreases in construction in progress for the governmental activities consist of projects placed in service in the amount of \$1,398,730.

#### 9. Capital Assets (continued)

	eginning Balance	ı	ncreases	Decr	eases	Ending Balance		
Business-type activities								
Nondepreciable assets								
Land	\$ 84,361	\$	0	\$	0	\$	84,361	
Depreciable assets								
Buildings	710,404		0		0		710,404	
Machinery and equipment	48,517		0		0		48,517	
Total depreciable assets	758,921		0		0		758,921	
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	(301,883)		(17,809)		0		(319,692)	
Machinery and equipment	(21,518)		(1,371)		0		(22,889)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(323,401)		(19,180)		0		(342,581)	
Total depreciable assets, net	435,520		(19,180)		0		416,340	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 519,881	\$	(19,180)	\$	0	\$	500,701	

	Beginning Balance			creases	Dec	reases	Ending Balance		
Component unit									
Machinery and equipment	\$	0	\$	6,730	\$	0	\$	6,730	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Machinery and equipment		0		(1,234)		0		(1,234)	
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	0	\$	5,496	\$	0	\$	5,496	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

#### **Primary Government**

Governmental activities	
General Government	\$ 207,908
Judicial	19,941
Public Safety	842,900
Public Works	1,237,143
Health and Welfare	39,119
Culture and Recreation	135,558
Housing and Development	3,135
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 2,485,704
Business-type activities	
Solid Waste	\$ 19,180
Component unit	\$ 1,234

#### 10. Capital and Operating Lease Agreements

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The County has entered into agreements for the lease of certain equipment and vehicles. The terms of the agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. The total principal balance of the leases at the end of the current fiscal year is \$80,329 for governmental activities. At the end of the current fiscal year, total assets leased under the capital leases are machinery and equipment in the amount \$817,704, with related accumulated amortization of \$311,506 and vehicles in the amount \$293,015, with related accumulated amortization of \$111,042. The equipment has a ten year estimated useful life and the vehicles have a seven year estimated useful life. \$141,185 was included in depreciation expense for the leased assets for the current fiscal year.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments at the end of the current fiscal year:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	ernmental ctivities
2021 Less amounts representing interest	\$ 81,111 (782)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 80,329

The County's lease agreements, other than such agreements described above, are relatively minor commitments and are in compliance with state law.

#### 11. Long-Term Debt

#### **Bonds from Direct Placements**

Revenue bonds have been issued and are comprised of the following issues:

\$7,690,000 - Building Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2016A and Series 2016B - bonds due in annual principal payments on January 1 with semi-annual interest payments (1.72% - 2.26%) due on January 1 and July 1. The proceeds of the Series 2016A bonds were used for the purpose of redeeming all of the outstanding principal amount of the Series 2010 Bonds and, as a result of such redemption, the acquisition of the 2010 project, and paying part of the costs of issuance of the bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2016B bonds were used for the purpose of financing the costs of a multi-purpose recreational facility at the Yonah Preserve site (2016 improvements) and paying part of the costs of issuance of the bonds. Upon event of default, the issuer, or the bondholders as provided in the indenture, may (a) seek the appointment of a receiver for the 2010 project and the 2016 improvements, (b) require the County to furnish copies of all books and records of the County pertaining to the 2010 project and the 2016 improvements, (c) take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary to collect the amounts payable, or (d) exercise any remedies provided for in the indenture or under revenue bond law. The principal balance of the bonds at the end of the current fiscal year is \$4,965,000. Through an installment sale agreement between the County and the Building Authority, the bonds are being secured by all rights, title, and interest in the installment sale agreement (including the underlying detention center and multi-purpose recreational facility) and by a 1% special purpose local sales tax approved by the voters.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds from direct placements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
	_	•					-	
2021	\$	890,000	\$	107,403	\$	997,403		
2022		640,000		92,095		732,095		
2023		655,000		77,631		732,631		
2024		670,000		62,828		732,828		
2025		685,000		47,686		732,686		
2026-2027		1,425,000		48,477		1,473,477		
Totals	\$	4,965,000	\$	436,120	\$	5,401,120		

#### 12. Long-Term Liabilities

#### Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the current fiscal year:

		Beginning Balance	A	dditions	D	eductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities										
Compensated absences	\$	559,018	\$	438,880	\$	419,264	\$	578,634	\$	433,975
Capital leases payable		327,755		0		247,426		80,329		80,329
Bonds from direct placements		5,885,000		0		920,000		4,965,000		890,000
Total governmental activities	\$	6,771,773	\$	438,880	\$	1,586,690	\$	5,623,963	\$	1,404,304
. otal governmental acumus	<u></u>	3,111,110	Ť	,	Ě	.,000,000	Ť	0,020,000	Ť	1,101,001
Business-type activities Landfill post-closure care costs	\$	485,523	\$	0	\$	16,790	\$	468,733	\$	16,790
Component Unit Compensated absences	\$	76,827	\$	45,797	\$	35,798	\$	86,826	\$	35,800

In prior years, long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, of the governmental activities were liquidated in the General Fund. The landfill post-closure care costs are paid for by the Solid Waste Fund. The total interest incurred and charged to expense for the current fiscal year was \$120,978 for the governmental activities.

#### 13. Landfill Post-Closure Care Costs

The County closed its solid waste landfill in fiscal year 1999. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to perform certain maintenance and monitoring operations at the landfill site for 30 years after official closure; the County has 11 years remaining. The estimated cost of all post closure care activities of \$468,733 is reported in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund. Because of future changes in technology, laws, or regulations, these costs may change.

#### 14. Restricted, Committed, and Assigned Fund Balances

The following is a summary of restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances of the governmental funds at the end of the current fiscal year:

		General	T	Drug ask Force	Н	otel/Motel Tax		2014 SPLOST		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Restricted for:	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Judicial												
Clerk of Superior Court												
supplies and equipment	\$	61,998	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	61,998
Enotah Judicial Circuit												
operations		0		0		0		0		79,691		79,691
Law library operations		0		0		0		0		50,435		50,435
Public Safety												
Drug task force facilities,												
equipment, and operations		0		682,294		0		0		0		682,294
Sheriff facilities and equipment		0		0		0		0		205,741		205,741
Juvenile programs		0		0		0		0		8,473		8,473
Housing and Development												
Tourism product development		0		0		255,311		0		0		255,311
Education												
Drug education programs		0		0		0		0		9,095		9,095
Capital outlay												
Capital projects		12,749		0		0		4,579,654		19,071		4,611,474
Grant specifications		0		0		0		0		5,483		5,483
	\$	74,747	\$	682,294	\$	255,311	\$	4,579,654	\$	377,989	\$	5,969,995
Assigned to:												
Public Safety	Φ	000 504	Φ.	0	Φ.	0	Φ.	0	Φ.	0	Φ.	000 504
Sheriff facilities and equipment	\$	228,594	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	228,594
Emergency services operations Housing and Development		0		0		Ü		0		36,801		36,801
Trade and tourism		0		0		792,807		0		0		792,807
Subsequent year's budget		964,722		0		4,725		0		27,608		997,055
	\$	1,193,316	\$	0	\$	797,532	\$	0	\$	64,409	\$	2,055,257

#### 15. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets reported on the government-wide statement of net position is calculated as follows at the end of the current fiscal year:

	Governmental Activities	iness-Type Activities
Cost of capital assets	\$ 110,146,162	\$ 843,282
Accumulated depreciation	(63,831,275)	(342,581)
Book value	46,314,887	500,701
Capital-related accounts payable	(10,000)	0
Capital lease payable	(80,329)	0
Bonds payable	(4,965,000)	0
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 41,259,558	\$ 500,701

#### 16. Retirement Plans

#### **County Defined Contribution Plan**

The County provides retirement benefits for its employees through a deferred compensation, defined contribution plan. The Plan was created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(a), and is administered by the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC), an independent third party. Under the terms of the Plan, employees may defer a portion of their salary through voluntary contributions to the Plan. Employees may defer a maximum of \$15,500 per year. After completing one year of service, the County will contribute 4% of the employee's salary per year. After the second year of service, The County will begin contributing an additional match of ½% for each 1% voluntarily contributed by employee.

There is a cap of 3% for this additional match and an overall cap of \$2,200 for County contributions. Funds are vested 100% at the time of contribution. Amounts held in the Plan are not available to the employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. During the current fiscal year, the County contributed \$394,417 to the Plan, based on covered payroll of \$8,939,484. Total payroll was \$10,771,410. Plan members made voluntary contributions of \$528,595.

#### 16. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### County Defined Contribution Plan, continued

The County has no fiduciary relationship with the plan, and plan assets are not available to the County or its general creditors. The Plan assets are held in trust by the administrator for the exclusive benefit of the participants of the Plan. The County Commission provides for the funding policy though a County ordinance and maintains the authority to change the policy. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Plan.

#### Other County Plans

In addition to the plan above, various County employees are covered under the following plans: Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund, Georgia State Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Magistrates' Retirement Fund of Georgia, Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia, Probate Judges' Retirement Fund of Georgia, Sheriffs' Retirement Fund of Georgia, and Superior Court Clerks' Retirement Fund of Georgia. Further information regarding these plans can be obtained from the plans' annual reports. These plans are immaterial to the financial statements.

#### White County Health Department Retirement Plan

Eligible employees of the White County Health Department participate in the Georgia State Employees' Retirement System (ERS), a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. During the current fiscal year, the Department contributed \$79,280. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Department reported a liability in the amount of \$545,486 for its proportionate share (0.013219%) of the net pension liability. The Department recognized pension expense of \$79,280 for the current fiscal year. Further information regarding the plan can be obtained from Department's annual audit report by contacting District 2 Public Health, 1280 Athens Street, Gainesville, Georgia 30507.

#### 17. Other Post-Employment Benefits

#### White County Health Department

Eligible employees of the White County Health Department are provided OPEB through the State of Georgia OPEB Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan and life insurance through the SEAD-OPEB Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan. During the current fiscal year, the Department contributed \$63,790. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Department reported a net liability in the amount of \$101,924 for its proportionate share (0.011931% for the State of Georgia OPEB Fund and 0.016331% for the SEAD-OPEB Fund) of the net OPEB liability. The Department recognized OPEB expense of \$18,908 for the current fiscal year. Further information regarding the plans can be obtained from Department's annual audit report by contacting District 2 Public Health, 1280 Athens Street, Gainesville, Georgia 30507.

#### 18. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (GMRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the current fiscal year, the County paid \$27,515 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official in each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. A copy of the GMRC financial statements can be obtained from GMRC, 1310 West Ridge Road, Gainesville, Georgia 30501.

The County is a part of a venture with the Counties in the Enotah Judicial Circuit for the establishment of a Drug Court to oversee the rehabilitation of minor drug offenders rather than sentencing them to a prison term. During the current fiscal year, the County paid \$40,000 to Union County from the Drug Education Special Revenue Fund for participation. The Counties in the Enotah Judicial Circuit are liable for any debts or obligations of the Drug Court. A copy of the Drug Court financial statements can be obtained from Union County Commissioner, 65 Courthouse Street, Blairsville, Georgia 30512.

#### 19. Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax

The County has levied an 8% lodging tax in accordance with OCGA 48-13-51. A summary of the transactions for the current fiscal year follows:

Lodging Tax Receipts \$ 997,766

Disbursements for trade and tourism \$583,547 58% of tax receipts

Disbursements for tourism product development \$287,718

#### 20. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments. As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss.

The County is also to allow the pool's agent and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds. The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against the members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverage. Management estimates liabilities for unpaid claims based on the probability of losses exceeding the occurrence limits and the reasonableness of estimating those losses.

#### 20. Risk Management (continued)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County has no losses that are probable or estimable and accordingly has not recognized any liability.

Material estimates have been made by management about the historical cost of capital assets and the life of the depreciated capital assets. Management has used a conservative approach on these estimates.

In January 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern," which continues to spread throughout the world and has adversely impacted global commercial activity and contributed to significant declines and volatility in financial markets. The coronavirus outbreak and government responses are creating disruption in global supply chains and adversely impacting many industries. The outbreak could have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions and trigger a period of global economic slowdown. The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate material adverse impact of the coronavirus outbreak. Nevertheless, the outbreak presents uncertainty and risk with respect to the County, its performance, and its financial results.

#### 21. Contingencies

White County participates in a number of Revenue Sharing Grants. Expenditures financed by Revenue Sharing Grants are subject to a compliance audit by the grantor or its representative. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with program regulations, the County may be required to reimburse the grantor government. The County believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds or the overall financial position of the County.

The County is involved in several pending lawsuits. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

#### 22. Nonexchange Financial Guarantee

The County entered into an environmental facilities agreement with the White County Water and Sewerage Authority dated April 5, 2011. The agreement stated if the Authority is unable to pay the principal and interest on its promissory note payable to the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority, the County will pay to the Authority the amount of such insufficiency. The note requires monthly payments of principal through December 1, 2036, with interest at 0.00%. At the end of the current fiscal year, the outstanding principal balance of the note payable is \$1,485,000. The agreement will remain in effect until such time as the note has been paid in full, but in no event shall the term exceed fifty years. The County has not made any payments on the note and does not anticipate future payments on the note.

#### 23. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to June 30, 2020, the County received \$1,364,861 of funding as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), which was enacted March 27, 2020. These funds were reimbursements to the County for expenditures related to public safety and various items during the COVID-19 pandemic.

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

			Special	Revenu	ie		
		Jail	Inmate Welfare	Drug Education		-	uvenile pervision
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	96,672	\$ 42,333	\$	16,641	\$	8,473
Receivables (net)							
Accounts		0	0		0		0
Intergovernmental		442	0		0		0
Due from other funds		0	 0		0		0
Total assets	\$	97,114	\$ 42,333	\$	16,641	\$	8,473
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	2,691	\$	0
Accrued salaries and expenditures		0	0		0		0
Due to other funds		0	0		4,855		0
Total liabilities		0	 0		7,546		0
Fund balances							
Restricted for:							
Judicial		0	0		0		0
Public safety		97,114	42,333		0		8,473
Education		0	0		9,095		0
Capital outlay		0	0		0		0
Grant specifications		0	0		0		0
Assigned to:							
Public safety		0	0		0		0
Subsequent year's budget		0	 0		0		0
Total fund balances		97,114	 42,333		9,095		8,473
Total liabilities and fund balances	_\$	97,114	\$ 42,333	\$	16,641	\$	8,473

				Spec	ial Revenue						Capital Projects		Total
Enotah Judicial Circuit		Emergency 911		Confiscated Assets		Law Library		Grants		2008 SPLOST		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	122,054	\$	0	\$	66,294	\$	50,435	\$	0	\$	29,071	\$	431,973
	0		90,012		0		0		0		0		90,012
	0		0		0		0		28,979		0		29,421
	32,380		0		0		0		0		0		32,380
\$	154,434	\$	90,012	\$	66,294	\$	50,435	\$	28,979	\$	29,071	\$	583,786
\$	74,050	\$	750	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,189	\$	10,000	\$	89,680
Ψ	693	Ψ	18,469	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ÿ	19,162
	0		6,384		0		0		21,307		0		32,546
	74,743		25,603		0		0		23,496		10,000		141,388
	79,691		0		0		50,435		0		0		130,126
	0		0		66,294		0		0		0		214,214
	0		0		0		0		0		0		9,095
	0		0		0		0		0		19,071		19,071
	0		0		0		0		5,483		0		5,483
	0		36,801		0		0		0		0		36,801
	0		27,608		0		0		0		0		27,608
	79,691		64,409		66,294		50,435		5,483		19,071		442,398
\$	154,434	\$	90,012	\$	66,294	\$	50,435	\$	28,979	\$	29,071	\$	583,786

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue				
REVENUES	Jail	Inmate Welfare	Drug Education	Juvenile Supervision	
	<b>*</b> 05.000	•	<b>A</b> 00.070		
Fines, fees, and forfeitures Charges for services	\$ 35,888 0	\$ 0 18,940	\$ 32,376 0	\$ 190 0	
Intergovernmental	0	18,940	0	0	
Interest	731	0	233	77	
Other	0	0	0	0	
	<del></del>				
Total revenues	36,619	18,940	32,609	267	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	0	0	0	0	
Judicial	0	0	0	0	
Public Safety	18,736	28,983	0	0	
Public Works	0	0	0	0	
Health and Welfare	0	0	0	0	
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0	
Housing and Development	0	0	0	0	
Education	0	0	49,351	0	
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0	
Total expenditures	18,736	28,983	49,351	0	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	17,883	(10,043)	(16,742)	267	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	0	0	0	0	
Transfers out	0	0	0	0	
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	0	0	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources					
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	17,883	(10,043)	(16,742)	267	
Fund balances, July 1	79,231	52,376	25,837	8,206	
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 97,114	\$ 42,333	\$ 9,095	\$ 8,473	

			Special Revenue			Capital Projects	Total		
Enotah Judicial Circuit		Judicial		Emergency 911	Confiscated Assets	Law Library	Grants	2008 SPLOST	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 61,386	\$ 17,042	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 146,882		
	0	543,602	0	0	0	0	562,542		
542	2,369	0	0	0	45,640	0	588,009		
	110	125	0	391	124	365	2,156		
	0	701	0	0	0	0	701		
542	2,479	544,428	61,386	17,433	45,764	365	1,300,290		
	0	0	0	0	27,985	0	27,985		
766	6,668	0	0	17,199	27,965	0	783,867		
700	0,000	1,104,670	0	0	66,342	0	1,218,731		
	0	0	0	0	934	0	934		
	0	0	0	0	2,313	0	2,313		
	0	0	0	0	2,446	0	2,446		
	0	0	0	0	1,630	0	1,630		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	49,351		
	0	0	0	0	0	206,709	206,709		
766	6,668	1,104,670	0	17,199	101,650	206,709	2,293,966		
(224	4,189)	(560,242)	61,386	234	(55,886)	(206,344)	(993,676)		
180	0,967	510,182	0	0	0	0	691,149		
	0	0	0	0	0	(248,086)	(248,086)		
19/	0,967	510,182	0	0	0	(248,086)	443,063		
100	0,901	310,102				(240,000)	440,000		
(43	3,222)	(50,060)	61,386	234	(55,886)	(454,430)	(550,613)		
122	2,913	114,469	4,908	50,201	61,369	473,501	993,011		
\$ 79	9,691	\$ 64,409	\$ 66,294	\$ 50,435	\$ 5,483	\$ 19,071	\$ 442,398		



GENERAL FUND
The general operating fund of the County is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Receivables (net)	\$ 5,248,062 669,575	\$ 4,230,932 657,413
Accounts Intergovernmental	26,702 27,348	72,151 31,823
Taxes Prepaids Due from other funds	440,016 35,904 39,332	376,231 123,883 4,935
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	74,747	86,516
Total assets	\$ 6,561,686	\$ 5,583,884
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities	Ф. 470.770	Φ 000.000
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures	\$ 178,773 236,640	\$ 202,062 168,559
Due to other funds	38,060	76,501
Total liabilities	453,473	447,122
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	32,182	15,101
Fund balances		
Nonspendable prepaids Restricted for:	35,904	123,883
Judicial	61,998	67,677
Capital outlay Assigned to:	12,749	18,839
Public Safety	228,594	0
Subsequent year's budget	964,722	964,722
Unassigned	4,772,064	3,946,540
Total fund balances	6,076,031	5,121,661
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	Ф. 6.FC4.000	Ф <b>Б Б С С С С С С С С С С</b>
and fund balances	\$ 6,561,686	\$ 5,583,884

68 Exhibit C-1

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

#### COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 17,011,117	\$ 15,776,075
Licenses and permits	252,739	176,031
Fines, fees and forfeitures	454,167	553,369
Charges for services	1,006,604	972,774
Intergovernmental	280,279	262,729
Interest Contributions	53,367	54,539 48,066
Other	20,424 155,408	18,966 149,220
Total revenues	19,234,105	17,963,703
EXPENDITURES		
Current General Government	3,543,577	3,504,239
Judicial	1,492,112	1,588,329
Public Safety	9,028,394	8,769,540
Public Works	1,482,612	1,527,232
Health and Welfare	517,536	521,634
Culture and Recreation	920,158	904,460
Housing and Development	625,740	573,427
Total expenditures	17,610,129	17,388,861
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,623,976	574,842
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in (out)		
Emergency 911 Fund	(510,182)	(502,524)
Enotah Judicial Circuit Fund	(180,967)	(184,574)
Solid Waste Fund	0	(4,345)
Sale of capital assets	21,543	71,345
Total other financing sources (uses)	(669,606)	(620,098)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources		
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	954,370	(45,256)
Fund balances, July 1	5,121,661	5,166,917
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 6,076,031	\$ 5,121,661

69

Exhibit C-2

		2019		
	Final	Antoni	Maniana	A -41
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes				
General property taxes Property tax	\$ 10,061,387	\$ 10,009,552	\$ (51,835)	\$ 9,683,579
Motor vehicle tax	1,085,450	1,580,137	494,687	1,092,015
Mobile home tax	52,000	75,170	23,170	75,154
Cost, penalties,	ŕ	,	,	,
and interest	216,000	70,628	(145,372)	132,433
Total general property taxes	11,414,837	11,735,487	320,650	10,983,181
Local option sales tax	2,672,575	3,041,726	369,151	2,799,780
Intangibles tax	140,000	251,128	111,128	158,952
Real estate transfer tax	50,000	96,247	46,247	55,349
Franchise tax	55,000	48,242	(6,758)	54,067
Insurance premium tax	1,494,568	1,602,658	108,090	1,494,568
Beer and wine tax Occupational tax	91,350 130,000	96,033 139,596	4,683 9,596	91,604 138,574
·				
Total taxes	16,048,330	17,011,117	962,787	15,776,075
Licenses and permits				
Alcohol licenses	45,000	45,435	435	43,432
Building permits	121,300	170,670	49,370	119,716
Other permits	8,500	36,634	28,134	12,883
Total licenses and permits	174,800	252,739	77,939	176,031
Fines, fees and forfeitures	422,870	454,167	31,297	553,369
Charges for Services				
Sheriff services	144,195	165,853	21,658	170,374
Prisoner board	37,500	28,010	(9,490)	42,020
Real estate recordings	120,000	176,619	56,619	134,151
Collection commissions Recreation charges	360,000 177,205	379,400 143,978	19,400 (33,227)	342,092 188,636
Other charges for services	88,303	112,744	(33,227) 24,441	95,501
Total charges for services	927,203	1,006,604	79,401	972,774
Intergovernmental	279,762	280,279	517	262,729
Interest	55,003	53,367	(1,636)	54,539
	,	,	(1,100)	,

	2020						2019	
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual	
REVENUES Contributions	\$	18,900	\$	20,424	\$	1,524	\$	18,966
Other Rental Income Miscellaneous		29,300 104,767		17,145 138,263		(12,155) 33,496		30,391 118,829
Total other		134,067		155,408		21,341		149,220
Total revenues	\$ 18	3,060,935	\$ 1	9,234,105	\$	1,173,170	\$	17,963,703

	2020						2019	
•	Final Budget		Actual	V	ariance		Actual	
EXPENDITURES							_	
Current								
General Government								
County-Wide	<b>40.500</b>	•	40.404	•	00	•	50.450	
	\$ 46,500	\$	46,401	\$	99	\$	53,156	
Contract services	134,259		133,296		963		144,507	
Materials and supplies	150,000		149,852		148		149,708	
Payments to other agencies			49,014		26		53,484	
D 1111 - 14 - 1	379,799		378,563		1,236		400,855	
Building Maintenance	005.004		E4E 700		00.400		500 500	
Personal services	605,991		515,792		90,199		503,568	
Contract services	137,580		217,578		(79,998)		160,869	
Materials and supplies	42,572		50,105		(7,533)		53,911	
-,	786,143		783,475		2,668		718,348	
Elections	0.000		44 477		(0.007)		00.074	
Personal services	9,080		11,177		(2,097)		20,274	
Contract services	10,700		5,831		4,869		14,141	
Materials and supplies	5,600		8,227		(2,627)		3,103	
Commission and Office	25,380		25,235		145		37,518	
Commissioners' Office	454 407		450.006		654		420.450	
Personal services	451,487		450,836		651		432,159	
Contract services	94,100		91,880		2,220		130,321	
Materials and supplies	19,248		19,858 0		(610)		16,391	
Capital outlay	2,000				2,000		<u> </u>	
Network	566,835		562,574		4,261		578,871	
Personal services	238,118		195,658		42,460		183,988	
Contract services	97,636		122,136		(24,500)		99,676	
Materials and supplies	34,729		49,543		(14,814)		43,813	
iviaterials and supplies	370,483		367,337		3,146		327,477	
Registrars	370,403		307,337		3,140		321,411	
Personal services	72,962		72,605		357		63,745	
Contract services	4,425		4,000		425		3,996	
Materials and supplies	5,900		5,478		422		6,072	
Materials and supplies	83,287		82,083		1,204		73,813	
Human Resources	03,201		02,003		1,204		73,013	
Personal services	45,115		68,346		(23,231)		69,628	
Contract services	39,102		15,334		23,768		27,612	
Materials and supplies	2,550		1,213		1,337		1,459	
Materials and supplies	86,767		84,893		1,874		98,699	
Tax Commissioner	00,707		04,093		1,074		30,033	
Personal services	448,262		483,360		(35,098)		484,433	
Contract services	44,577		20,655		23,922		24,638	
Materials and supplies	80,830		67,248		13,582		69,814	
Materials and Supplies	573,669		571,263		2,406		578,885	
	373,009		31 1,203		2,400		370,000	

_		2019		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
General Government (continued)				
Tax Assessor & Board of Equaliza				
	\$ 455,968	\$ 478,474	\$ (22,506)	\$ 476,346
Contract services	43,512	23,917	19,595	28,073
Materials and supplies	32,920	27,112	5,808	28,210
	532,400	529,503	2,897	532,629
Finance	105.015	407.400	(4.530)	405.004
Personal services	135,617	137,190	(1,573)	135,931
Contract services	17,900	15,204	2,696	14,360
Materials and supplies	6,600	6,257	343	6,853
-	160,117	158,651	1,466	157,144
Total General Government	3,564,880	3,543,577	21,303	3,504,239
Judicial				
Clerk of Superior Court				
Personal services	455,241	459,223	(3,982)	449,159
Contract services	21,520	30,720	(9,200)	10,594
Materials and supplies	41,675	27,975	13,700	41,862
Capital outlay	1,000	0	1,000	0
_	519,436	517,918	1,518	501,615
Clerk of Magistrate Court				
Personal services	44,991	44,816	175	42,522
Contract services	1,070	730	340	339
Materials and supplies	2,550	2,479	71	2,455
	48,611	48,025	586	45,316
Clerk of Juvenile Court	F 000	0.554	(000)	0.700
Personal services	5,926	6,554	(628)	6,793
Contract services	640	0	640	0
D'AL'A AMANANA	6,566	6,554	12	6,793
District Attorney	0	40	(40)	4.4
Personal services Contract services	0 200	13	(13)	14
	2,200	1,610 735	(1,410)	1,814 713
Materials and supplies	2,400	2,358	1,465	2,541
Magistrate Court	2,400	2,330	42	2,341
Personal services	179,743	190,817	(11,074)	200,388
Contract services	15,619	9,408	6,211	15,134
Materials and supplies	10,930	5,179	5,751	5,500
· · · -	206,292	205,404	888	221,022
Probate Court				
Personal services	323,027	314,472	8,555	307,516
Contract services	26,600	41,038	(14,438)	39,695
Materials and supplies	14,500	7,696	6,804	7,337
	364,127	363,206	921	354,548
Juvenile Court				
Contract services	128,000	127,888	112	169,211

		2020		2019
<del>-</del>	Final	Actual	Variance	Actual
Judicial (continued)	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Public Defender				
Materials and supplies \$	0	\$ (5)	\$ 5	\$ 22
Payments to other agencies		125,696	201	142,768
_	125,897	125,691	206	142,790
Superior Court				
Personal services	4,553	4,391	162	6,678
Contract services	90,200	90,288	(88)	137,352
Materials and supplies _	600	389	211	463
_	95,353	95,068	285	144,493
Total Judicial	1,496,682	1,492,112	4,570	1,588,329
Public Safety Animal Control				
Personal services	193,948	237,703	(43,755)	252,275
Contract services	46,600	23,021	23,579	30,625
Materials and supplies	55,409	29,661	25,748	51,680
_	295,957	290,385	5,572	334,580
Coroner Personal services	21,054	33,606	(12,552)	33,515
Contract services	17,921	8,329	9,592	7,350
Materials and supplies	6,150	3,117	3,033	5,190
	45,125	45,052	73	46,055
Emergency Management Agency	10,120			
Personal services	142,673	149,777	(7,104)	150,371
Contract services	28,415	25,296	3,119	20,224
Materials and supplies	24,895	19,235	5,660	24,749
	195,983	194,308	1,675	195,344
Fire  Personal services	1,197,393	1,186,955	10,438	1,072,532
Contract services	1, 197, 393	1,180,935	9,990	119,266
Materials and supplies	177,730	188,293	(10,563)	198,756
Capital outlay	0	6,608	(6,608)	4,045
Payments to other agencies	11,500	11,500	° o′	11,500
_	1,516,098	1,512,841	3,257	1,406,099
Sheriff	0.400.000	0.4:= 0.5=	/===	0.0/2.22
Personal services	3,108,670	3,147,087	(38,417)	3,040,230
Contract services	266,820 244,510	257,598	9,222	249,109 235,081
Materials and supplies Capital outlay	94,000	249,190 60,110	(4,680) 33,890	235,061 16,045
	3,714,000	3,713,985	15	3,540,465
_	3,7 14,000	3,7 13,303		0,040,400

_		2019		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Public Safety (continued)  Detention Center				
Personal services \$	, -,	\$ 1,759,037	\$ (12,537)	\$ 1,743,041
Contract services	540,700	538,557	2,143	537,660
Materials and supplies	184,800	174,229	10,571	166,296
Emergency Medical Services	2,472,000	2,471,823	177	2,446,997
Payments to other agencies	800,000	800,000	0	800,000
Total Public Safety	9,039,163	9,028,394	10,769	8,769,540
Public Works Road Department				
Personal services	948,519	1,054,059	(105,540)	1,031,328
Contract services	152,400	103,842	48,558	107,296
Materials and supplies	333,356	265,711	67,645	388,608
Capital outlay	59,000	59,000	0	0
Total Public Works	1,493,275	1,482,612	10,663	1,527,232
Health and Welfare Senior Services				
Personal services	217,542	269,655	(52,113)	262,385
Contract services	18,517	13,052	5,465	13,525
Materials and supplies	122,941	75,329	47,612	86,224
DEACC	359,000	358,036	964	362,134
DFACS Payments to other agencies	39,500	39,500	0	39,500
White County Health Department Payments to other agencies	120,000	120,000	0	120,000
Total Health and Welfare	518,500	517,536	964	521,634
Culture & Recreation Libraries				
Personal services	222,624	222,873	(249)	227,276
Contract services	1,578	1,512	_66	1,410
Materials and supplies	1,876	1,302	574	1,207
Payments to other agencies	83,902	83,902	0	80,961
Park & Recreation	309,980	309,589	391	310,854
Personal services	287,831	308,500	(20,669)	279,809
Contract services	219,455	178,078	41,377	211,224
Materials and supplies	110,090	123,991	(13,901)	102,573
•• =	617,376	610,569	6,807	593,606
Total Culture & Recreation	927,356	920,158	7,198	904,460

		2019			
	Final Budget	Actual Variance		Actual	
Housing & Development					
Extension Service	ф 40.0E2	ф 40.04 <b>2</b>	ф 4O	ф 40.000	
Contract services Materials and supplies	\$ 40,953 3,722	\$ 40,913 3,554	\$ 40 168	\$ 42,222 3,627	
Materials and supplies	44,675	44,467	208	45,849	
Forestry	44,073			+0,0+0	
Payments to other agencie	es 9,540	9,540	0	9,540	
Economic Development					
Personal services	90,868	105,051	(14,183)	104,024	
Contract services	7,860	3,523	4,337	5,376	
Materials and supplies	3,650	2,066	1,584	861	
Payments to other agencie		19,489	10,511	25,365	
	132,378	130,129	2,249	135,626	
Building Inspection			()		
Personal services	172,027	174,987	(2,960)	145,657	
Contract services	11,350	7,975	3,375	8,692	
Materials and supplies	5,200	4,237	963	4,087	
Planning	188,577	187,199	1,378	158,436	
Personal services	129,297	114,179	15,118	81,438	
Contract services	6,160	8,394	(2,234)	4,612	
Materials and supplies	2,150	14,206	(12,056)	2,812	
	137,607	136,779	828	88,862	
Code Enforcement					
Personal services	14,379	10,180	4,199	29,008	
Contract services	2,960	2,676	284	1,925	
Materials and supplies	1,770	6,248	(4,478)	1,541	
	19,109	19,104	5	32,474	
GIS					
Personal services	71,546	79,023	(7,477)	81,149	
Contract services	22,950	18,915	4,035	18,565	
Materials and supplies	5,070	584	4,486	2,926	
	99,566	98,522	1,044	102,640	
Total Housing & Development	631,452	625,740	5,712	573,427	
Total Expenditures	\$ 17,671,308	\$ 17,610,129	\$ 61,179	\$ 17,388,861	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Jail Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for fines and fees received restricted for the maintenance of the County Jail.

<u>Inmate Welfare Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for receipts from commissary sales restricted for use of the benefit of inmates in the County Jail.

<u>Drug Education Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for fines and fees received restricted for drug education programs in the County.

<u>Drug Task Force Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for local and federal monies restricted for the Appalachian Regional Drug Enforcement Office.

<u>Juvenile Supervision Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for fines and fees received restricted for juvenile programs in the justice system.

<u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for Hotel/Motel tax collections that are restricted for tourism in White County.

<u>Enotah Judicial Circuit Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for local, state, and federal monies restricted for the operations of the Enotah Judicial Circuit.

<u>Emergency 911 Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the County's share of telephone fees restricted for the operation of the 911 emergency system.

<u>Confiscated Assets Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the cash or property received from drug confiscations restricted for law enforcement.

<u>Law Library Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the fines and forfeitures received that are restricted for providing a County Law Library.

<u>Grants Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for grants received restricted for special purposes.

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA JAIL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable	\$	96,672 442	\$	78,662 569	
Total assets	\$	97,114	\$	79,231	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Fund balances					
Restricted for public safety	\$	97,114	\$	79,231	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	97,114	\$	79,231	

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA JAIL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

(With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

	2020							2019	
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual		
REVENUES									
Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest	\$	19,000 0	\$	35,888 731	\$	16,888 731	\$	44,317 757	
Total revenues		19,000		36,619		17,619		45,074	
EXPENDITURES									
Current Public Safety									
Contract services		0		0		0		763	
Materials and supplies		19,000		18,736		264		20,185	
Total expenditures		19,000		18,736		264		20,948	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		17,883		17,883		24,126	
Fund balances, July 1		0		79,231		79,231		55,105	
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	97,114	\$	97,114	\$	79,231	

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA INMATE WELFARE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
ASSETS		_	 	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,333	\$ 52,376	
Total assets	\$	42,333	\$ 52,376	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Fund balances Restricted for public safety	\$	42,333	\$ 52,376	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	42,333	\$ 52,376	

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA INMATE WELFARE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

	2020				2019		
		Final Budget		Actual	 ariance		Actual
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	19,000	\$	18,940	\$ (60)	\$	18,571
Total revenues		19,000		18,940	 (60)		18,571
EXPENDITURES							
Current Public Safety							
Materials and supplies		29,000		28,983	17		5,847
Total expenditures		29,000		28,983	 17		5,847
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,000)		(10,043)	(43)		12,724
Fund balances, July 1		10,000		52,376	42,376		39,652
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	42,333	\$ 42,333	\$	52,376

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

400570	2020		2019		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable	\$	16,641 0	\$	30,734 221	
Total assets	\$	16,641	\$	30,955	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	2,691	\$	263	
Due to other funds		4,855	-	4,855	
Total liabilities		7,546		5,118	
Fund balances					
Restricted for education		9,095		25,837	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	16,641	\$	30,955	

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

	2020					2019	
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual
REVENUES							
Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest	\$ 32,000 700	\$	32,376 233	\$	376 (467)	\$	38,069 625
Total revenues	 32,700		32,609		(91)		38,694
EXPENDITURES							
Current Education							
Drug education	10,000		9,351		649		10,704
Drug court	 40,000		40,000		0		50,000
Total expenditures	 50,000		49,351		649		60,704
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(17,300)		(16,742)		558		(22,010)
Fund balance, July 1	 17,300		25,837		8,537		47,847
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$	9,095	\$	9,095	\$	25,837

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG TASK FORCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	2020	2019
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds	\$ 872,406 275 103,624 0	\$ 811,881 1,016 157,062 7,924
Total assets	\$ 976,305	\$ 977,883
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities  Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures Due to other funds Due to others	\$ 15,745 1,510 6,706 270,050	\$ 29,719 1,078 0 244,453
Total liabilities	294,011	275,250
Fund balances Restricted for public safety	682,294	702,633
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 976,305	\$ 977,883

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG TASK FORCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

	2020				2019			
		Final		Actual	,	Variance		Actual
		Budget		Actual		Variance	_	Actual
REVENUES								
Fines, fees & forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Other	\$	0 446,121 0 0	\$	101,476 419,627 4,580 0	\$	101,476 (26,494) 4,580 0	\$	275,415 501,444 4,340 1,405
Total revenues		446,121		525,683		79,562		782,604
EXPENDITURES								
Current Public Safety Personal services		91,972		87,210		4,762		78,662
Contract services		115,500		41,352		74,148		49,987
Materials and supplies		189,500		122,492		67,008		141,297
Capital outlay Payments to other agencies		135,000 315,710		61,048 248,127		73,952 67,583		80,053 272,034
,				·	_			
Total expenditures		847,682		560,229		287,453		622,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(401,561)		(34,546)		367,015		160,571
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)								
General Fund		401,561		0		(401,561)		0
Sale of capital assets		0		14,207		14,207		14,679
Total other financing sources (uses)		401,561		14,207		(387,354)		14,679
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses		0		(20,339)		(20,339)		175,250
Fund balance, July 1		0		702,633		702,633		527,383
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	682,294	\$	682,294	\$	702,633

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA JUVENILE SUPERVISION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		:	2019
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,473	\$	8,206
Total assets	\$	8,473	\$	8,206
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Fund balances Restricted for public safety	\$	8,473	\$	8,206
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,473	\$	8,206

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA JUVENILE SUPERVISION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

(With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

	2020				2019			
		inal udget		Actual	Va	ariance		Actual
REVENUES								
Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest	\$	0 0	\$	190 77	\$	190 77	\$	110 110
Total revenues		0		267		267		220
EXPENDITURES								
Current Public Safety								
Contract services		0		0		0		0
Total expenditures		0		0		0		0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		267		267		220
Fund balance, July 1		0		8,206		8,206		7,986
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	8,473	\$	8,473	\$	8,206

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	2020	2019
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Due from other funds	\$ 1,028,619 120,932 5,680	\$ 942,245 104,881 0
Total assets	\$ 1,155,231	\$ 1,047,126
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities  Accounts payable	<u>\$ 102,388</u>	\$ 140,189
Fund balances  Restricted for housing and development Assigned to housing and development Assigned to subsequent year's budget	255,311 792,807 4,725	375,905 526,307 4,725
Total fund balances	1,052,843	906,937
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,155,231	\$ 1,047,126

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

		2019		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes Fines, fees, and forfeitures Interest Contributions	\$ 868,225 500 175 4,100	\$ 997,766 271 9,134 10,000	\$ 129,541 (229) 8,959 5,900	\$ 998,311 512 10,559 0
Total revenues	873,000	1,017,171	144,171	1,009,382
EXPENDITURES				
Current Public Works				
Capital outlay Culture and Recreation	6,000	5,410	590	1,162
Contract services	0	5,000	(5,000)	23,479
Materials and supplies	0	7,497	(7,497)	0
Capital outlay Housing and Development	283,000	269,811	13,189	60,596
Payments to other agencies	584,000	583,547	453	632,054
Total expenditures	873,000	871,265	1,735	717,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	0	145,906	145,906	292,091
Fund balances, July 1	0	906,937	906,937	614,846
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$ 1,052,843	\$ 1,052,843	\$ 906,937

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA ENOTAH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	2020	2019
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds	\$ 122,054 0 32,380	\$ 111,707 19,118 35,802
Total assets	\$ 154,434	\$ 166,627
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities  Accounts payable  Accrued salaries and expenditures	\$ 74,050 693	\$ 43,219 495
Total liabilities	74,743	43,714
Fund balances Restricted for judicial	79,691	122,913
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 154,434	\$ 166,627

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA ENOTAH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

			2020		2019
		Final			
		Budget	 Actual	 ariance	 Actual
REVENUES					
Fines, fees and forfeitures	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 100
Intergovernmental		542,369	542,369	0	550,564
Interest		425	110	(315)	467
Other		100	 0	 (100)	 0
Total revenues		542,894	 542,479	 (415)	 551,131
EXPENDITURES					
Current Judicial					
Personal service		668,082	672,621	(4,539)	642,939
Contract services		70,068	68,576	1,492	79,704
Materials and supplies		32,300	 25,471	 6,829	 32,138
Total expenditures	_	770,450	 766,668	 3,782	 754,781
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(227,556)	(224,189)	3,367	(203,650)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)					
General Fund		180,967	 180,967	 0	 184,574
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and					
other financing uses		(46,589)	(43,222)	3,367	(19,076)
Fund balance, July 1		46,589	 122,913	 76,324	141,989
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$ 79,691	\$ 79,691	\$ 122,913

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA EMERGENCY 911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	0 90,012	\$	38,309 90,002		
Total assets	\$	90,012	\$	128,311		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	750	\$	2,346		
Accrued salaries and expenditures  Due to other funds		18,469 6,384		11,496 0		
Total liabilities		25,603		13,842		
Fund balances						
Assigned to public safety		36,801		86,861		
Assigned to subsequent year's budget		27,608		27,608		
Total fund balances		64,409		114,469		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	90,012	\$	128,311		

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA EMERGENCY 911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

		2019		
	Final			
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 560,510	\$ 543,602	\$ (16,908)	\$ 584,262
Interest	100	125	25	183
Other	400	701	301	824
Total revenues	561,010	544,428	(16,582)	585,269
EXPENDITURES				
Current Public Safety				
Personal services	822,190	876,041	(53,851)	810,772
Contract services	93,196	91,958	1,238	76,527
Materials and supplies	92,904	113,091	(20,187)	128,152
Capital outlay	100,510	23,580	76,930	29,330
Total expenditures	1,108,800	1,104,670	4,130	1,044,781
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(547,790)	(560,242)	(12,452)	(459,512)
over (under) experiancies	(347,730)	(500,242)	(12,402)	(400,012)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)				
General Fund	510,182	510,182	0	502,524
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and				
other financing uses	(37,608)	(50,060)	(12,452)	43,012
Fund balance, July 1	37,608	114,469	76,861	71,457
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$ 64,409	\$ 64,409	\$ 114,469

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	66,294	\$	4,908	
Total assets	\$	66,294	\$	4,908	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Fund balances					
Restricted for public safety	\$	66,294	\$	4,908	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	66,294	\$	4,908	

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

	2020						2019			
	Final Budget		Actual Variance		Actual		Variance			Actual
REVENUES										
Fines, fees and forfeitures	\$	0	\$	61,386	\$	61,386	\$	0		
Total revenues		0		61,386		61,386		0		
EXPENDITURES										
Current Public Safety										
Materials and supplies		0		0		0		550		
Total expenditures		0		0		0		550		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		61,386		61,386		(550)		
Fund balance, July 1		0		4,908		(4,908)		5,458		
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	66,294	\$	66,294	\$	4,908		

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	 2020	 2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,435	\$ 50,201
Total assets	\$ 50,435	\$ 50,201
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Fund balances Restricted for judicial	\$ 50,435	\$ 50,201
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 50,435	\$ 50,201

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

	2020					2019					
REVENUES	Final Budget				Actual Variance		ctual Variance		Variance		 Actual
Fines and forfeitures Interest	\$	17,000 200	\$	17,042 391	\$	42 191	\$ 20,225 401				
Total revenues		17,200		17,433		233	 20,626				
EXPENDITURES											
Current Judicial											
Materials and supplies		17,200		17,199		1	 19,572				
Total expenditures		17,200		17,199		1	 19,572				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		234		234	1,054				
Fund balance, July 1		0		50,201		50,201	49,147				
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	50,435	\$	50,435	\$ 50,201				

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	 2020	 2019
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds	\$ 0 28,979 0	\$ 26,656 2,000 32,775
Total assets	\$ 28,979	\$ 61,431
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 2,189 21,307	\$ 62 0
Total liabilities	23,496	62
Fund balances Restricted for grant specifications	 5,483	61,369
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 28,979	\$ 61,431

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019)

REVENUES         Final Budget         Actual         Variance         Actual           REVENUES           Intergovernmental Interest         \$ 93,438         \$ 45,640         \$ (47,798)         \$ 89,705           Interest         93,438         45,764         (47,674)         89,887           Total revenues         93,438         45,764         (47,674)         89,887           EXPENDITURES           Current General Government Materials and supplies         27,986         27,985         1         0           Materials and supplies         25,327         25,327         0         0         0           Personal services         25,327         25,327         0         0         0         0         0         1,6240         0         0         0         2,676         0			2020		2019
Intergovernmental   \$93,438				Variance	Δctual
Intergovernmental   \$ 93,438   \$ 45,640   \$ (47,798)   \$ 89,705   Interest   0   124   124   182   1			710100		
Interest   0   124   124   182   182   Total revenues   93,438   45,764   (47,674)   89,887   EXPENDITURES	REVENUES				
EXPENDITURES  Current  General Government	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		. , ,	
Current General Government   Materials and supplies   27,986   27,985   1   0   0	Total revenues	93,438	45,764	(47,674)	89,887
General Government   Materials and supplies   27,986   27,985   1   0     Public Safety   Personal services   25,327   25,327   0   0   0     Materials and supplies   39,602   41,015   (1,413)   12,240     Capital outlay   3,200   0   3,200   21,675     Public Works	EXPENDITURES				
Materials and supplies         27,986         27,985         1         0           Public Safety         Personal services         25,327         25,327         0         0           Materials and supplies         39,602         41,015         (1,413)         12,240           Capital outlay         3,200         0         3,200         21,675           Public Works         Materials and supplies         934         934         0         0           Capital outlay         0         0         0         34,151           Health and Welfare         Materials and supplies         2,313         2,313         0         0           Culture and Recreation         Materials and supplies         2,446         2,446         0         0           Capital outlay         0         0         0         0         10,000           Housing and Development         Materials and supplies         1,630         1,630         0         0           Total expenditures         103,438         101,650         1,788         78,066           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (10,000)         (55,886)         (45,886)         11,821           Other	Current				
Public Safety         Personal services         25,327         25,327         0         0           Materials and supplies         39,602         41,015         (1,413)         12,240           Capital outlay         3,200         0         3,200         21,675           Public Works         Waterials and supplies         934         934         0         0           Materials and supplies         934         934         0         0         34,151           Health and Welfare         Materials and supplies         2,313         2,313         0         0         0           Materials and supplies         2,446         2,446         0	General Government				
Materials and supplies         39,602         41,015         (1,413)         12,240           Capital outlay         3,200         0         3,200         21,675           Public Works         8         8         4         934         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         34,151         Health and Welfare         Waterials and supplies         2,313         2,313         0	• •	27,986	27,985	1	0
Capital outlay Public Works         3,200         0         3,200         21,675           Public Works         Materials and supplies         934         934         0         0         0           Capital outlay         0         0         0         34,151         1	Personal services	25,327	25,327	0	0
Public Works         Materials and supplies         934         934         0         0           Capital outlay         0         0         0         34,151           Health and Welfare         Waterials and supplies         2,313         2,313         0         0           Materials and supplies         2,446         2,446         0         0         0           Capital outlay         0         0         0         0         10,000           Housing and Development Materials and supplies         1,630         1,630         0         0           Total expenditures         103,438         101,650         1,788         78,066           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (10,000)         (55,886)         (45,886)         11,821           Other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)	Materials and supplies	39,602	41,015	(1,413)	12,240
Materials and supplies         934         934         0         0           Capital outlay         0         0         0         34,151           Health and Welfare		3,200	0	3,200	21,675
Capital outlay         0         0         0         34,151           Health and Welfare             Materials and supplies         2,313         2,313         0         0           Culture and Recreation             Materials and supplies         2,446         2,446         0         0         0           Capital outlay         0         0         0         0         10,000         0         10,000         0         10,000         0         10,000         1,821         0         0         0         1,821         0         0         0         1,821         0         0         0         1,821         0         0         0         1,821         0         0         0         0         0         0         1,821		024	024	0	0
Health and Welfare   Materials and supplies   2,313   2,313   0   0   0					-
Materials and supplies         2,313         2,313         0         0           Culture and Recreation         Materials and supplies         2,446         2,446         0         0           Materials and supplies         2,446         2,446         0         0         0           Housing and Development Materials and supplies         1,630         1,630         0         0         0           Total expenditures         103,438         101,650         1,788         78,066         8           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (10,000)         (55,886)         (45,886)         11,821           Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) General Fund         10,000         0         (10,000)         0         (26,268)           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)	, ,	U	U	U	34,131
Culture and Recreation       Materials and supplies       2,446       2,446       0       0         Capital outlay       0       0       0       0       10,000         Housing and Development       Materials and supplies       1,630       1,630       0       0       0         Total expenditures       103,438       101,650       1,788       78,066         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       (10,000)       (55,886)       (45,886)       11,821         Other financing sources (uses)       Transfers in (out)         General Fund       10,000       0       (10,000)       0         2014 SPLOST Fund       0       0       0       (26,268)         Total other financing sources (uses)       10,000       0       (10,000)       (26,268)         Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)		2 313	2 313	0	0
Materials and supplies         2,446         2,446         0         0           Capital outlay         0         0         0         10,000           Housing and Development Materials and supplies         1,630         1,630         0         0           Total expenditures         103,438         101,650         1,788         78,066           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (10,000)         (55,886)         (45,886)         11,821           Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) General Fund         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           2014 SPLOST Fund         0         0         0         (26,268)           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)	• •	2,010	2,010	Ü	Ü
Capital outlay         0         0         0         10,000           Housing and Development Materials and supplies         1,630         1,630         0         0           Total expenditures         103,438         101,650         1,788         78,066           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (10,000)         (55,886)         (45,886)         11,821           Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) General Fund         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           2014 SPLOST Fund         0         0         0         0         (26,268)           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)		2.446	2.446	0	0
Housing and Development   Materials and supplies   1,630   1,630   0   0     Total expenditures   103,438   101,650   1,788   78,066     Excess (deficiency) of revenues   over (under) expenditures   (10,000)   (55,886)   (45,886)   11,821     Other financing sources (uses)   Transfers in (out)   General Fund   10,000   0   (10,000)   0   (26,268)     Total other financing   sources (uses)   10,000   0   (10,000)   (26,268)     Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_	· _		10,000
Materials and supplies         1,630         1,630         0         0           Total expenditures         103,438         101,650         1,788         78,066           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (10,000)         (55,886)         (45,886)         11,821           Other financing sources (uses)             Transfers in (out)             General Fund         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           2014 SPLOST Fund         0         0         0         (26,268)           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	• •				,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (10,000) (55,886) (45,886) 11,821  Other financing sources (uses)  Transfers in (out)  General Fund 10,000 0 (10,000) 0 2014 SPLOST Fund 0 0 0 (26,268)  Total other financing sources (uses) 10,000 0 (10,000) (26,268)  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,630	1,630	0	0
over (under) expenditures         (10,000)         (55,886)         (45,886)         11,821           Other financing sources (uses)           Transfers in (out)         0         0         (10,000)         0           General Fund         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           2014 SPLOST Fund         0         0         0         (26,268)           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	Total expenditures	103,438	101,650	1,788	78,066
over (under) expenditures         (10,000)         (55,886)         (45,886)         11,821           Other financing sources (uses)           Transfers in (out)         0         0         (10,000)         0           General Fund         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           2014 SPLOST Fund         0         0         0         (26,268)           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Transfers in (out)         General Fund         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           2014 SPLOST Fund         0         0         0         0         (26,268)           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)		(10,000)	(55,886)	(45,886)	11,821
General Fund         10,000         0         (10,000)         0           2014 SPLOST Fund         0         0         0         0         (26,268)           Total other financing sources (uses)         10,000         0         (10,000)         (26,268)           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	Other financing sources (uses)				
2014 SPLOST Fund 0 0 0 (26,268)  Total other financing sources (uses) 10,000 0 (10,000) (26,268)  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)					
Total other financing sources (uses) 10,000 0 (10,000) (26,268)  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)		10,000	0	(10,000)	0
sources (uses) 10,000 0 (10,000) (26,268)  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	2014 SPLOST Fund	0	0	0	(26,268)
sources (uses) 10,000 0 (10,000) (26,268)  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	Total other financing				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	•	10,000	0	(10,000)	(26,268)
financing sources over (under)	,				
	•	er			
expenditures and other financing uses 0 (55,886) (55,886) (14,447)	• , ,				
	expenditures and other financing use	s 0	(55,886)	(55,886)	(14,447)
Fund balance, July 1 0 61,369 61,369 75,816	Fund balance, July 1	0	61,369	61,369	75,816
Fund balances, June 30 \$ 0 \$ 5,483 \$ 5,483 \$ 61,369	Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$ 5,483	\$ 5,483	\$ 61,369



#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of specifically planned projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>2008 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the 2008 special purpose local option sales tax.

<u>2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the 2014 special purpose local option sales tax.

<u>Yonah Preserve Park Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for construction of a multi-purpose recreational facility at the Yonah Preserve site.

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2008 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,071	\$	587,001		
Total assets	\$	29,071	\$	587,001		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	10,000	\$	113,500		
Fund balances						
Restricted for capital outlay		19,071		473,501		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	29,071	\$	587,001		

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2008 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

REVENUES	2020			2019
Interest	\$	365	\$	879
Total revenues		365		879
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay Culture and Recreation Park & Recreation		206,709		114,699
Total expenditures		206,709		114,699
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(206,344)		(113,820)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Yonah Preserve Park Fund		(248,086)		0
Excess (deficiency of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		(454,430)		(113,820)
Fund balances, July 1		473,501		587,321
Fund balances, June 30	\$	19,071	\$	473,501

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2014 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	\$ 3,712,966 461,758 416 604,642	\$ 3,279,907 0 0 533,338		
Total assets	\$ 4,779,782	\$ 3,813,245		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities Payables Accounts Intergovernmental Retainage Due to other funds	\$ 42,841 157,207 0 80	\$ 147,761 138,668 4,045 80		
Total liabilities	200,128	290,554		
Fund balances Restricted for capital outlay	4,579,654	3,522,691		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,779,782	\$ 3,813,245		

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2014 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

REVENUES	2020			2019
Taxes	\$	5,052,804	\$	4,666,303
Intergovernmental		496,758		520,022
Interest	-	463		1,510
Total revenues		5,550,025		5,187,835
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay				
General Government				
County-Wide		30,000		26,000
Building Maintenance		127,425		0
Elections		39,177		0
Commissioners' Office		40,074		66,574
Network		0		20,029
Public Safety		40.004		•
Coroner		12,094		0
Fire		0		34,664
Sheriff		311,478		34,333
Detention Center		1,500		1,500
Emergency 911		22,075		178,621
Public Works		4 400 000		0.070.404
Roads and Bridges		1,163,338		2,370,191
Culture and Recreation		00.400		00
Park & Recreation		93,488		80
Housing and Development		EE 240		0
Building Inspection GIS		55,319		0.050
		1 200 779		8,253
Intergovernmental Debt Service		1,300,778		1,201,216
Principal Principal		1,167,425		1,151,841
Interest		128,891		150,041
Total expenditures		4,493,062		5,243,343
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,056,963		(55,508)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)				
Grants Fund		0		26,268
Excess (deficiency of revenues and other financing sources				
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		1,056,963		(29,240)
Fund balances, July 1		3,522,691		3,551,931
Fund balances, June 30		4,579,654	\$	3,522,691
·		·		

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA YONAH PRESERVE PARK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
ASSETS				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	0	\$	10,723
Total assets	\$	0	\$	10,723
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities	_	_	_	
Accounts payable	\$	0	\$	248,086
Fund balances		•		(227.222)
Unassigned		0		(237,363)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	0	\$	10,723

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA YONAH PRESERVE PARK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

REVENUES	2020			2019
Interest	\$	0	\$	12,714
Total revenues		0		12,714
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay Culture and Recreation Park & Recreation		10,723		3,389,775
Total expenditures		10,723		3,389,775
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,723)		(3,377,061)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) 2008 SPLOST Fund		248,086		0
Excess (deficiency of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		237,363		(3,377,061)
Fund balances, July 1		(237,363)		3,139,698
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	(237,363)



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Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The funds are self-supporting in nature where the costs, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for activities connected with the disposal of residential and commercial solid waste at the County's solid waste transfer station.

<u>Development Authority Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the activities of the White County Development Authority, which exists to promote business development in the County.

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 414,637	\$ 378,525
Certificates of deposit	209,931	205,821
Accounts receivable	6,574	14,192
Total current assets	631,142	598,538
Capital assets		
Land	84,361	84,361
Buildings	710,404	710,404
Equipment	48,517	48,517
Accumulated depreciation	(342,581)	(323,401)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	500,701	519,881
Total assets	1,131,843	1,118,419
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	12,062	9,951
Accrued salaries and expenses	803	573
Post-closure care	16,790	24,140
Total current liabilities	29,655	34,664
Noncurrent liabilities		
Post-closure care	451,943	461,383
Total liabilities	481,598	496,047
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	500,701	519,881
Unrestricted	149,544	102,491
		<u> </u>
Total net position	\$ 650,245	\$ 622,372

105

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

## For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
OPERATING REVENUES				_
Charges for sales and services Sanitation fees	\$	127,844	\$	136,695
Total operating revenues		127,844		136,695
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Costs of sales and services Personal services Depreciation		56,185 32,388 19,180		54,972 32,454 18,112
Total operating expenses		107,753		105,538
Operating income (loss)		20,091		31,157
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Interest revenue		7,782		7,333
Net income (loss) before transfers		27,873		38,490
Transfers in (out) General Fund		0		4,345
Change in net position		27,873		42,835
Net position, July 1		622,372		579,537
Net position, June 30	\$	650,245	\$	622,372

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 135,462 (70,864) (32,158)	\$ 137,043 (72,241) (32,357)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	32,440	32,445
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Receipts from other funds	0	4,345
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Payments for acquisitions of capital assets	0	(27,351)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Proceeds from investment maturities Purchases of investments	7,782 205,821 (209,931)	7,333 203,547 (205,821)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	3,672	5,059
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	36,112	14,498
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	378,525	364,027
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 414,637	\$ 378,525
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 20,091	\$ 31,157
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	19,180	18,112
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	7,618	348
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	2,111 230	6,871 97
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and expenses Increase (decrease) in post-closure care liability	(16,790)	(24,140)
Total adjustments	12,349	1,288
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 32,440	\$ 32,445

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,940	\$	9,175
Total assets		60,940		9,175
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		60,940		9,175
Total net position	\$	60,940	\$	9,175

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

## For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$	30,938	\$	0
Total operating revenues		30,938		0
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Contract services Materials and supplies		1,681 0		3,114 150
Total operating expenses		1,681		3,264
Operating income (loss)		29,257		(3,264)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Intergovernmental revenue Interest revenue  Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		22,500 8 22,508		7,500 2 7,502
Change in net position		51,765		4,238
Net position, July 1		9,175		4,937
Net position, June 30	\$	60,940	\$	9,175

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
Cash flows from operating activities:  Receipts from customers  Payments to suppliers	\$	30,938 (1,681)	\$	0 (3,264)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		29,257		(3,264)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Receipts from other governments		22,500		7,500
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		8		2
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		51,765		4,238
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		9,175		4,937
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	60,940	\$	9,175
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Operating income (loss)	\$	29,257	\$	(3,264)



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These funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent to be expended in accordance with the conditions of its agency capacity.

<u>Tax Commissioner</u> - This fund accounts for assets and related liabilities for the collection of taxes and tag and title fees.

<u>Magistrate Court, Probate Court, and Clerk of Superior Court</u> - These funds account for assets and related liabilities for the collection of court related fees.

<u>Sheriff Department</u> - This fund accounts for deposits held for incarcerated inmates.

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2020

	Tax Commissioner		Magistrate Court	
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	447,488	\$	14,256
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities  Due to other agencies	\$	447,488	\$	14,256

F	Probate Court		Clerk of Superior Court	Sheriff partment	Totals				
\$	13,111	\$	337,667	\$ 32,929	\$	845,451			
\$	13,111_	\$	337,667	\$ 32,929	\$	845,451			

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA AGENCY FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

TAX COMMISSIONER		Balance July 1		Additions		Deletions	_	Balance June 30
ASSETS Cash	\$	409,856	\$	32,712,265	\$	32,674,633	\$	447,488
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$	409,856	\$	32,712,265	\$	32,674,633	\$	447,488
MAGISTRATE COURT ASSETS Cash	\$	10,976	\$	129,133	\$	125,853	\$	14,256
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$	10,976	\$	129,133	\$	125,853	\$	14,256
PROBATE COURT ASSETS Cash	\$	9,553	\$	368,718	\$	365,160	\$	13,111
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$	9,553	\$	368,718	\$	365,160	\$	13,111
CLERK OF SUPERIOR COU ASSETS Cash	RT \$	311,979	\$	1,449,357	\$	1,423,669	\$	337,667
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$	311,979	\$	1,449,357	\$	1,423,669	\$	337,667
SHERIFF DEPARTMENT ASSETS	_	40.700		000 400			_	
Cash LIABILITIES Due to others	<u>\$</u> \$	49,790	<u>\$</u> \$	309,139	<u>\$</u> \$	326,000 326,000	<u>\$</u> \$	32,929
TOTALS ALL AGENCY FUN ASSETS			<u>*</u>	333,.30	<u> </u>	525,530	<u>*</u>	5-,5-5
Cash	\$	792,154	\$	34,968,612	\$	34,915,315	\$	845,451
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$	792,154	\$	34,968,612	\$	34,915,315	\$	845,451

113 Exhibit G-2

# Part III Statistical Section





### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA INTRODUCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of White County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information reveals about the County's overall financial health.

	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
		<u>Exhibit</u>
	Net Position by Component	H-1
	Changes in Net Position	H-2
	Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	H-3
	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	H-4
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	H-5
	General Government Tax Revenues by Source	H-6
Revenue C	apacity	
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's	
	most significant local revenue source, the property tax and another significant	
	local revenue source, sales tax.	
	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	H-7
	Property Tax Rates (Direct and Overlapping Governments)	H-8
	Principal Taxpayers	H-9
	Property Tax Levies and Collections	H-10
Debt Capa	rity	
Dest Capa	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability	
	of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's	
	ability to issue additional debt in the future	
	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	H-11
	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	H-12
	Legal Debt Margin Information	H-13
	Pledged-Revenue Coverage	H-14
Demograp	hic and Economic Information	
0 1	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the	
	reader understand the environment within which the government's	
	financial activities take place	
	Demographic and Economic Statistics	H-15
	Principal Employers	H-16
		-
Operating	Information These selections are the complete and information details to be letter and the complete.	
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	
	understand how the information in the government's financial report relates	
	to the services the government provides and the activities it performs	

H-17

H-18

H-19

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function

Operating Indicators by Function

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		risca	i i eai		
	2011	2012		2013	2014
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 29,977	\$ 34,571	\$	35,615	\$ 36,503
Restricted	2,353	1,164		1,203	791
Unrestricted	4,402	2,949		3,454	3,334
Total governmental activities		•			
net position	\$ 36,732	\$ 38,684	\$	40,272	\$ 40,628
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 462	\$ 631	\$	613	\$ 596
Restricted	0	0		0	0
Unrestricted	212	23		(73)	(62)
Total business-type activities		•			
net position	\$ 674	\$ 654	\$	540	\$ 534
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 30,439	\$ 35,202	\$	36,228	\$ 37,099
Restricted	2,353	1,164		1,203	791
Unrestricted	4,614	2,972		3,381	3,272
Total primary government					
net position	\$ 37,406	\$ 39,338	\$	40,812	\$ 41,162

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 35,650 3,030 1,185	\$ 35,661 2,708 2,312	\$ 32,954 4,335 4,907	\$ 38,393 4,977 5,432	\$ 39,779 5,536 5,382	\$ 41,260 5,970 6,273
\$ 39,865	\$ 40,681	\$ 42,196	\$ 48,802	\$ 50,697	\$ 53,503
\$ 571 0 (44)	\$ 553 0 (23)	\$ 528 0 26	\$ 511 0 74	\$ 520 0 112	\$ 501 0 210
\$ 527	\$ 530	\$ 554	\$ 585	\$ 632	\$ 711
\$ 36,221 3,030 1,141	\$ 36,214 2,708 2,289	\$ 33,482 4,335 4,933	\$ 38,904 4,977 5,506	\$ 40,299 5,536 5,494	\$ 41,761 5,970 6,483
\$ 40,392	\$ 41,211	\$ 42,750	\$ 49,387	\$ 51,329	\$ 54,214

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				l Year			
Expenses		2011		2012		2013	2014
Governmental activities:							
General Government	\$	2,687	\$	2,469	\$	2,629	\$ 2,707
Judicial		1,944		1,850		1,830	2,055
Public Safety		8,013		8,433		8,120	8,934
Public Works		3,767		3,509		3,354	3,181
Health and Welfare		475		484		471	534
Culture and Recreation		1,224		1,106		1,060	1,013
Housing and Development		1,087		972		965	978
Education		27		24		55	58
Interest on long-term debt		235		220		203	185
Total governmental activities expenses		19,459		19,067		18,687	19,645
Business-type activities:							
Solid Waste		50		50		63	61
Industrial Building		245		231		200	182
Development Authority		13		20		15	7
Total business-type activities expenses		308		301		278	250
Total primary government expenses	\$	19,767	\$	19,368	\$	18,965	\$ 19,895
Program revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General Government	\$	505	\$	504	\$	486	\$ 472
Judicial	•	202	•	193	•	205	172
Public Safety		1,330		1,440		1,262	1,275
Public Works		7		7		1	0
Culture and Recreation		0		0		0	0
Housing and Development		70		83		77	104
Education		49		32		28	40
Operating grants and contributions		1,149		1,311		1,325	1,132
Capital grants and contributions		208		273		720	827
Total governmental activities							 
program revenues		3,520		3,843		4,104	4,022
Business-type activities:				·			
Charges for services:							
Solid Waste		25		29		47	52
Development Authority		0		0		0	0
Operating grants and contributions		9		15		11	3
Total business-type activities			-				
program revenues		34		44		58	55
Total primary government							
program revenues	\$	3,554	\$	3,887	\$	4,162	\$ 4,077

2015		2016		2017		2018	2019	2020
 					•			
\$ 3,043	\$	3,037	\$	3,143	\$	3,381	\$ 3,765	\$ 3,872
1,972		2,025		2,084		2,276	2,389	2,297
9,459		9,472		9,836		10,578	11,247	11,523
3,330		3,225		3,356		3,609	3,995	4,043
524		543		505		533	560	562
1,031		1,005		1,213		977	1,066	1,161
979		986		1,017		1,118	1,219	1,219
62		58		61		61	61	49
 163		138		144		160	 142	 121
 20,563		20,489		21,359		22,693	 24,444	 24,847
73		73		91		85	106	108
162		137		65		0	0	0
6		4		4		3	 3	 1
241		214		160		88	109	109
\$ 20,804	\$	20,703	\$	21,519	\$	22,781	\$ 24,553	\$ 24,956
\$ 470 163 1,403 0 0 138 53 1,404	\$	481 170 1,608 0 0 118 61 1,186	\$	523 380 1,284 0 197 124 50 1,140	\$	565 430 1,254 0 181 131 39 1,446	\$ 561 499 1,267 0 189 129 38 1,363	\$ 668 416 1,074 0 144 191 32 1,304
396		442		471		5,623	593	512
4,027		4,066		4,169		9,669	4,639	4,341
67		73		102		117	137	128
0		0		0		0	0	31
 0	_	0	_	0		0	8	22
 67		73		102		117	145	 181
\$ 4,094	\$	4,139	\$	4,271	\$	9,786	\$ 4,784	\$ 4,522

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA **CHANGES IN NET POSITION** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

			Fiscal	l Yea	r	
		2011	2012		2013	2014
Net (expense)/revenue			 			
Governmental activities	\$	(15,939)	\$ (15,224)	\$	(14,583)	\$ (15,623)
Business-type activities		(274)	(257)		(220)	(195)
Total primary government net expense		(16,213)	(15,481)		(14,803)	(15,818)
General revenues and other changes in	net	t position				
Governmental activities:						
Property taxes	\$	9,588	\$ 9,096	\$	8,439	\$ 8,308
Sales taxes		5,386	5,533		5,420	5,410
Insurance premium taxes		839	971		1,038	1,079
Hotel/Motel taxes		702	682		669	628
Other taxes		467	435		449	382
Investment earnings		82	70		82	65
Miscellaneous		155	108		72	84
Gain on sale of capital assets		78	293		1	23
Transfers		0	(12)		0	0
Special items		0	 0		0	 0
Total governmental activities		17,297	17,176		16,170	15,979
Business-type activities:						
Investment earnings		239	225		207	189
Transfers		0	12		0	0
Total business-type activites		239	 237		207	189
Total primary government		17,536	17,413		16,377	16,168
Change in net position						
Governmental activities		1,358	1,952		1,587	356
Business-type activities		(35)	(20)		(13)	(6)
Total primary government	\$	1,323	\$ 1,932	\$	1,574	\$ 350

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020
\$ (16,536) (174)	\$ (16,423) (141)	\$ (17,190) (58)	\$ (13,024) 29	\$ (19,805) 36	\$ (20,506) 72
(16,710)	(16,564)	(17,248)	(12,995)	(19,769)	(20,434)
				 · · · ·	
\$ 8,322	\$ 8,699	\$ 9,460	\$ 9,781	\$ 10,996	\$ 11,752
5,711	6,029	6,457	6,931	7,466	8,094
1,136	1,216	1,294	1,386	1,495	1,603
678	759	825	897	998	998
430	450	489	490	499	631
47	34	11	14	85	69
96	42	118	86	151	156
1	10	50	46	14	8
0	0	0	0	(4)	0
(648)	0	0	 0	0	0
15,773	17,239	18,704	19,631	21,700	23,311
168	143	83	1	7	8
0	0	0	0	4	0
168	143	83	1	11	8
15,941	17,382	18,787	19,632	21,711	23,319
(763)	816	1,514	6,607	1,895	2,805
(6)	2	25	30	47	80
\$ (769)	\$ 818	\$ 1,539	\$ 6,637	\$ 1,942	\$ 2,885



### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Property	<u>Sale</u> :	s Tax	Ins. Prem	Hotel/	Other	
Year	Taxes	LOST	SPLOST	Tax	<b>Motel Tax</b>	Taxes (1)	Total
							_
2011	\$ 9,588	\$ 2,020	\$ 3,366	\$ 839	\$ 702	\$ 467	\$ 16,982
2012	9,096	2,075	3,458	971	682	435	16,717
2013	8,439	2,033	3,387	1,038	669	449	16,015
2014	8,308	2,029	3,381	1,079	628	382	15,807
2015	8,322	2,142	3,569	1,136	678	430	16,277
2016	8,699	2,261	3,768	1,216	759	450	17,153
2017	9,460	2,421	4,036	1,294	825	489	18,525
2018	9,781	2,599	4,332	1,386	897	490	19,485
2019	10,996	2,800	4,666	1,495	998	499	21,454
2020	11,752	3,041	5,053	1,603	998	631	23,078

Note (1): Other taxes include real estate transfer, intangible, occupational, alcoholic beverage, and franchise taxes.

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		Fis	scal Year	
	2011		2012	2013
General fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 79	\$	81	\$ 88
Restricted	55		57	90
Assigned	0		900	2,376
Unassigned	5,243		5,504	6,110
Total general fund	5,377		6,542	8,664
All other governmental funds:				
Nonspendable	100		0	0
Restricted	958		1,107	1,113
Committed	1,240		1,490	0
Assigned	624		542	162
Unassigned	(1,426)		(5,873)	(5,165)
Total all other governmental funds	1,496		(2,734)	(3,890)
Total governmental funds	\$ 6,873	\$	3,808	\$ 4,774

2014		2015		2015 2016			2017		2018	2019	2020	
\$ 24	\$	26	\$	25	\$	27	\$	25	\$ 124	\$ 36		
88		88		89		85		83	86	75		
2,010		1,375		592		1,066		1,187	965	1,193		
4,295		4,012		4,346		4,046		3,872	3,947	4,772		
6,417		5,501	•	5,052		5,224		5,167	5,122	6,076		
6		6		0		0		0	0	0		
703		2,943		2,620		8,262		8,534	5,480	5,895		
0		0		0		0		0	0	0		
127		206		67		193		382	645	862		
(3,592)		(4,366)		(2,460)		0		0	(237)	0		
(2,756)		(1,211)		227		8,455		8,916	5,888	6,757		
\$ 3,661	\$	4,290	\$	5,279	\$	13,679	\$	14,083	\$ 11,010	\$ 12,833		

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year					
	2011	2012	2013			
Revenues Taxes	\$ 16,985	\$ 16,722	\$ 16,006			
Licenses and permits	93	104	100			
Fines, fees and forfeitures	698	787	642			
Charges for services	1,361	1,354	1,314			
Interest	125	84	86			
Intergovernmental	1,289	1,305	1,705			
Contributions	24	22	23			
Other	167	122	74			
Total Revenues	20,742	20,500	19,950			
Expenditures						
General government	2,876	2,357	2,445			
Judicial	1,887	1,830	1,810			
Public safety	7,619	7,553	8,002			
Public works	1,364	1,378	1,363			
Health and welfare	462	448	738			
Culture and recreation	1,123	996	953			
Housing and development	1,121	958	964			
Education	27	24	55			
Capital outlay	4,886	7,516	1,757			
Intergovernmental	802	972	885			
Debt service:						
Principal	143	20	27			
Interest	4	1	3			
Total expenditures	22,314	24,053	19,002			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(1,572)	(3,553)	948			
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	824	709	2,288			
Transfers out	(824)	(721)	(2,288)			
Issuance of debt and issue costs	0	140	0			
Sale of capital assets	319	360	18			
Total other financing sources (uses)	319	488	18			
Net change in fund balance	(1,253)	(3,065)	966			
Fund balances, July 1	8,126	6,873	3,808			
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 6,873	\$ 3,808	\$ 4,774			
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	0.83%	0.12%	0.18%			

Note: Prior to 2010, debt service expenditures were reported by function.

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			riscai reai			
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 15,868	\$ 16,288	\$ 17,145	\$ 18,516	\$ 19,509	\$ 21,441	\$ 23,061
125	166	153	158	168	176	253
654	713	864	788	888	932	703
1,284	1,348	1,421	1,613	1,544	1,576	1,569
68	51	36	1,013	15	87	1,785
1,929	1,767	1,508	1,567	2,501	1,925	70
27	29	21	40	18	19	30
84	96	42	118	86	151	156
20,039	20,458	21,190	22,815	24,729	26,307	27,627
2,670	2,840	2,821	3,004	3,102	3,504	3,572
2,053	1,954	2,002	2,080	2,249	2,363	2,276
9,797	8,615	8,876	9,235	10,518	10,498	10,807
1,304	1,290	1,593	1,248	1,796	1,562	1,489
511	486	506	474	502	522	520
1,462	952	951	1,065	989	998	1,205
973	964	998	1,014	1,114	1,205	1,211
58	62	58	61	61	61	49
1,461	1,715	1,408	3,203	2,330	6,245	2,113
879	923	970	1,039	1,115	1,201	1,301
28	28	29	19	1,103	1,152	1,167
2	2	1	144	90	150	129
21,198	19,831	20,213	22,586	24,969	29,461	25,839
(1,159)	627	977	229	(240)	(3,154)	1,788
736	6,547	722	685	4,613	713	939
(736)	(6,547)	(722)	(685)	(4,613)	(718)	(939)
0	0	0	7,822	561	0	0
46	2	12	349	83	86	35
46	2	12	8,171	644	81	35
(1,113)	629	989	8,400	404	(3,073)	1,823
4,774	3,661	4,290	5,279	13,679	14,083	11,010
\$ 3,661	\$ 4,290	\$ 5,279	\$ 13,679	\$ 14,083	\$ 11,010	\$ 12,833
+ 5,002	+ .,250	<del>+ 0,2.0</del>	+ -5,5,5	<del>+,000</del>	<del>+,010</del>	<del></del>
0.17%	0.17%	0.16%	0.85%	5.60%	5.63%	5.51%



## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Property	<u>Sale</u> :	s Tax	Ins. Prem	Hotel/	Other	
Year	Taxes	LOST	SPLOST	Tax	<b>Motel Tax</b>	Taxes	Total
2011	\$ 9,591	\$ 2,020	\$ 3,366	\$ 839	\$ 702	\$ 467	\$ 16,985
2012	9,101	2,075	3,458	971	682	435	16,722
2013	8,430	2,033	3,387	1,038	669	449	16,006
2014	8,369	2,029	3,381	1,079	628	382	15,868
2015	8,333	2,142	3,569	1,136	678	430	16,288
2016	8,691	2,261	3,768	1,216	759	450	17,145
2017	9,451	2,421	4,036	1,294	825	489	18,516
2018	9,805	2,599	4,332	1,386	897	490	19,509
2019	10,983	2,800	4,666	1,495	998	499	21,441
2020	11,735	3,041	5,053	1,603	998	631	23,061

Note: Other taxes include real estate transfer, intangible, occupational, alcoholic beverage, and franchise taxes.

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Personal Property					
		Inventory /		_	
Fiscal Year	Real	<b>Business</b>	Mobile	Motor	
Ended June 30 Property		Property	Homes	Vehicles	Utilities
2011	\$ 1,074,787,788	\$ 37,587,209	\$ 8,773,389	\$ 65,118,850	\$ 21,796,872
2012	1,006,462,959	37,796,203	7,583,597	64,311,540	23,907,160
2013	886,172,517	38,119,217	6,544,189	65,922,000	24,311,376
2014	829,645,749	41,174,275	5,785,220	69,322,610	24,608,396
2015	839,202,133	43,433,270	5,879,044	58,665,640	23,177,756
2016	886,131,317	44,164,572	6,217,064	45,627,480	23,096,712
2017	903,594,492	44,903,033	6,131,908	36,157,490	22,722,500

45,471,788

52,434,899

53,140,958

5,849,084

6,853,588

6,941,592

28,372,660

21,093,910

18,948,140

23,490,036

26,150,400

27,998,720

Source: White County Tax Commissioner

918,551,964

1,003,132,650

1,020,979,641

2018

2019

2020

Note (1): The total assessed value amounts are based on the original tax digest prior to additions, deletions and corrections to accounts. The adjusted assessed value is used to calculate the tax levy amount on the Property Tax Levies and Collections (See Exhibit H-10) in order to indicate a more fair presentation of taxes billed and collected. All property is assessed as of January 1st of each year.

•	Timber	Exemption Adjustments	Total Taxable Assessed Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
	\$ 16,526	\$ (183,561,778)	\$ 1,024,518,856	9.19	\$ 409,807,542	40%
	6,248	(168,903,466)	971,164,241	9.19	388,465,696	40%
	90,647	(141,627,308)	879,532,638	9.19	351,813,055	40%
	27,642	(134,617,898)	835,945,994	9.19	334,378,398	40%
	21,872	(136,993,856)	833,385,859	9.17	333,354,344	40%
	62,440	(146,543,728)	858,755,857	9.17	343,502,343	40%
	36,730	(149,922,607)	863,623,546	9.99	345,449,418	40%
	111,239	(151,614,689)	870,232,082	9.99	348,092,833	40%
	108,573	(166,633,017)	943,141,003	10.75	377,256,401	40%
	98,822	(166,867,482)	961,240,391	10.75	384,496,156	40%

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX RATES (MILLS) DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (Per \$1000 of Assessed Value) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Tax Year	<u>2011</u> <u>2010</u>	2012 2011	2013 2012
White County Rates:			
County Operations	9.190	9.190	9.190
Board of Education Maintenance and Operations School Bond	14.650 0.339	15.591 0.339	16.591 0.339
Municipal Rates:			
City of Helen City of Cleveland	4.900 3.475	5.200 3.637	6.450 4.011
State of Georgia:	0.250	0.250	0.200

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
9.190	9.168	9.168	9.998	9.998	10.750	10.750
17.523	17.482	17.482	17.982	17.978	17.481	17.481
N/A						
6.739	6.686	6.575	6.570	6.564	5.768	5.768
4.500	4.500	5.000	5.000	5.000	6.000	6.000
0.150	0.100	0.050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

	2020			2011			
			Percentage				Percentage
			of Total				of Total
	Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Value</u>		<u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Value</u>
Freudenberg-NOK	\$ 14,288,252	1	1.4864%	Ś	7,556,885	2	0.7376%
Habersham EMC	10,681,564	2	1.1112%	Ψ	8,284,466	1	0.8086%
Georgia Power	7,436,208	3	0.7736%		4,700,680	5	0.4588%
Wal-Mart	5,204,489	4	0.5414%		5,975,302	4	0.5832%
Windstream Standard	4,746,140	5	0.4938%		6,759,594	3	0.6598%
Georgia Transmission	4,560,024	6	0.4744%		3,436,076	6	0.3354%
North Georgia Hardwoods	3,479,566	7	0.3620%				
Original Appalachian Artworks	3,250,044	8	0.3381%		3,427,616	7	0.3346%
Ingles	2,823,573	9	0.2937%		2,859,376	9	0.2791%
Black Bear Treatment	2,549,668	10	0.2652%				
SCBT					2,773,516	10	0.2707%
White Hall Apartment/Manor		_			2,980,096	8	0.2909%
	\$ 59,019,528		6.1399%	\$ 4	48,753,607	=	4.7587%

Source: White County Tax Commissioner

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Tax <u>Year</u>	Total <u>Tax Levy</u>	<u>Adjus</u>	stments	Total Adjusted <u>Tax Levy</u>
2011	2010	\$ 9,415,328	\$	(368,842)	\$ 9,046,486
2012	2011	8,924,999		(398,945)	8,526,054
2013	2012	8,082,905		(344,141)	7,738,764
2014	2013	7,682,345		(472,121)	7,210,224
2015	2014	7,640,482		(413,114)	7,227,368
2016	2015	7,873,074		(323,463)	7,549,611
2017	2016	8,634,508		(324,836)	8,309,672
2018	2017	8,700,580		(220,967)	8,479,613
2019	2018	9,800,952		(206,486)	9,594,466
2020	2019	10,138,766		(192,562)	9,946,204

Source: White County Tax Commissioner

	Collections Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			Collections in Subsequent Years		Total Collections to Date			
	Percentage of Original						Percentage of Adjusted		
<u>Amount</u>		<u>Levy</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>		<u>Levy</u>		
\$	8,865,741	94.16%	\$	179,395	\$	9,045,136	99.99%		
	8,330,099	93.33%		194,031		8,524,130	99.98%		
	7,586,716	93.86%		149,197		7,735,913	99.96%		
	7,133,922	92.86%		73,436		7,207,358	99.96%		
	7,158,621	93.69%		65,795		7,224,416	99.96%		
	7,500,949	95.27%		45,139		7,546,088	99.95%		
	8,266,951	95.74%		38,401		8,305,352	99.95%		
	8,436,811	96.97%		38,360		8,475,171	99.95%		
	9,541,369	97.35%		47,222		9,588,591	99.94%		
	9,869,634	97.35%		N/A		9,869,634	99.23%		

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### **Governmental Activities**

Fiscal Year	Capital Leases		Revenue Bonds		Total		Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita
2011	\$	20,270	\$	0	\$	20,270	0.00%	\$ 0.73
2012		122,753		0		122,753	0.02%	4.39
2013		95,911		0		95,911	0.01%	3.39
2014		68,200		0		68,200	0.01%	2.38
2015		39,592		0		39,592	0.01%	1.37
2016		10,058		0		10,058	0.00%	0.34
2017		216,651	-	7,690,000		7,906,651	0.90%	268.20
2018		569,596	(	6,795,000		7,364,596	0.81%	247.35
2019		327,755	į	5,885,000		6,212,755	0.62%	205.58
2020		80,329	4	4,965,000		5,045,329	0.47%	162.75

	Business-Type	Primary Government						
	Activities		Percentage					
Fiscal	Revenue		of Personal	Per				
Year	Bonds	Total	Income (1)	Capita				
2011	\$ 8,544,415	\$ 8,564,685	1.21%	\$ 309.03				
2012	7,679,190	7,801,943	1.11%	278.73				
2013	6,798,964	6,894,875	0.95%	243.64				
2014	5,898,739	5,966,939	0.79%	208.58				
2015	4,978,514	5,018,106	0.64%	173.67				
2016	4,038,289	4,048,347	0.50%	138.70				
2017	0	7,906,651	0.90%	268.20				
2018	0	7,364,596	0.81%	247.35				
2019	0	6,212,755	0.62%	205.58				
2020	0	5,045,329	0.47%	162.75				

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note (1): See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics within this section for personal income and population data.

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Government	Amount Applicable to Government	
Overlapping:					
City of Helen	\$	1,251,285	100%	\$	1,251,285
City of Cleveland		1,565,794	100%		1,565,794
White County Board of Education		8,510,000	100%		8,510,000
Total overlapping debt		11,327,079			11,327,079
White County Direct Debt		5,045,329	100%		5,045,329
		46.070.400			46.070.400
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	16,372,408		\$	16,372,408

Source: Debt outstanding data provided by the Cities of Helen and Cleveland and the White County School Board

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the County. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Year
--------	------

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taxable assessed value of property Add back: exemptions	\$ 1,024,519 183,562	\$ 971,164 168,903	\$ 879,533 141,627	\$ 835,946 134,618
Total assessed value	1,208,081	1,140,067	1,021,160	970,564
Debt limit (10% total assessed value)	120,808	114,007	102,116	97,056
Amount of debt applicable to limit	0	0	0	0
Legal debt margin	\$ 120,808	\$ 114,007	\$ 102,116	\$ 97,056
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note (1): Under state finance law, White County's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	2019	 2020
\$ 833,386 136,994	\$ 858,756 146,544	\$ 863,624 149,923	\$ 870,232 151,615	\$ 943,141 166,633	\$ 961,240 166,867
970,380	1,005,300	1,013,547	1,021,847	1,109,774	1,128,108
97,038	100,530	101,355	102,185	110,977	112,811
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$ 97,038	\$ 100,530	\$ 101,355	\$ 102,185	\$ 110,977	\$ 112,811
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Sales Tax	Reve				
Year	Collections	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage	
2011	\$ 3,366,002	\$ 585,000	\$ 231,538	\$ 816,538	\$ 4.12	
2012	3,458,346	860,000	217,088	1,077,088	3.21	
2013	3,387,467	875,000	199,737	1,074,737	3.15	
2014	3,381,276	895,000	182,038	1,077,038	3.14	
2015	3,569,641	915,000	161,650	1,076,650	3.32	
2016	3,767,844	935,000	137,356	1,072,356	3.51	
2017 *	4,035,631	0	142,636	142,636	28.29	
2018	4,332,136	895,000	77,137	972,137	4.46	
2019	4,666,303	910,000	138,793	1,048,793	4.45	
2020	5,052,804	920,000	123,227	1,043,227	4.84	

<sup>\*</sup> Series 2010 Bonds were paid in full using proceeds from Series 2016 Bonds during fiscal year 2017. No principal payments were made from SPLOST proceeds.

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	(1) Personal Income (in thousands)			(1) Per Capita Personal Income		Unemployment Rate (2)	<u> </u>	(3) School Enrollment
2011	27,715	\$	709,655		\$	25,605	9.80%		3,850
2012	27,991		702,559			25,099	8.80%		3,818
2013	28,299		728,898			25,757	7.40%		3,889
2014	28,608		752,625			26,308	7.30%		3,894
2015	28,895		778,458			26,941	4.80%		3,839
2016	29,188		817,619			28,012	4.50%		3,914
2017	29,480		874,239			29,655	4.60%		3,819
2018	29,774		905,668			30,418	2.80%		3,801
2019	30,220		1,005,178			33,262	2.70%		3,857
2020	31,000 '	k	1,083,791	***		34,961	2.90%	**	3,731

Source (1): United States Bureau of Economic Analysis

Source (2): Georgia Department of Labor Source (3): White County Board of Education

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated by White County Office of Economic Development

<sup>\*\* 2020</sup> Unemployment Rate of 2.90% is as of August 2020

<sup>\*\*</sup> United States Bureau of Economic Analysis - October 2020



### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

	;	2020		2011			
			Percentage			Percentage	
	Number of		of Labor	Number of		of Labor	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	<b>Employees</b>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Force</u>	<b>Employees</b>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Force</u>	
White County Board							
of Education	557	1	3.50%	622	1	5.10%	
Freudenberg NOK	480	2	3.01%	473	2	3.88%	
Wal-Mart	416	3	2.61%	252	5	2.07%	
Truett-McConnell College	395	4	2.48%	195	7	1.60%	
White County Government	293	5	1.84%	192	8	1.58%	
Ingles Supermarkets	205	6	1.29%	200	6	1.64%	
Reliable Rehab (Gateway							
and Friendship)	159	7	1.00%	94	9	0.77%	
Cobb Vantress	134	8	0.84%				
Black Bear	130	9	0.82%				
Mountain Education Charter	125	10	0.79%				
State of Georgia				351	3	2.88%	
Original Appalachian Artworks				302	4	2.48%	
Hardwoods, Inc.				86	10	0.71%	
	2,894	 = =	18.18%	2,767	=	22.71%	
<b>Total County Labor Force</b>	15,922			12,185			

Source (1): White County Office of Economic Development

Source (2): State of Georgia Website Source (3): Individual Businesses

Note: State of Georgia does not track total employees; only by individual department

#### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

			1 /	
	2011	2012	2013	2014
<u>Function</u>				
General Government	32.27	28.14	30.26	30.12
Public Safety	32.27	20.14	30.20	30.12
Sheriff				
Officers	68.80	73.17	80.94	80.77
Civilians	4.00	2.00	2.00	4.00
Fire Protection				
Firefighters	4.49	2.00	4.55	9.40
Civilians	1.00	1.00	0.00	2.00
Other public safety	21.73	27.23	22.60	22.85
Judicial	12.07	11.36	12.30	12.60
Public Works	18.69	16.48	17.67	17.35
Health and Welfare	4.67	4.27	4.27	4.67
Recreation and culture	5.66	5.00	4.98	4.93
Housing and Development	6.63	4.52	5.07	5.28
Total employees	180.01	175.17	184.64	193.97

Note: Full-time equivalency (FTE) is calculated by taking total labor hours worked and dividing by 2,080. A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave).

Source: White County Finance Department

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
33.60	33.05	34.17	35.01	43.40	40.43
86.35	86.06	86.49	86.61	86.71	84.85
2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	4.00
13.89	15.86	16.35	17.03	20.77	26.75
2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.37	21.14	23.67	24.03	25.80	27.01
11.43	11.29	12.47	13.79	14.04	14.42
18.74	18.02	18.32	18.84	19.98	20.12
5.65	4.80	5.17	5.38	5.54	5.57
5.31	5.12	15.23	11.91	7.18	12.33
4.53	4.69	4.99	6.50	6.59	6.05
207.07	204.02	217.06	220.10	221.01	244 52
207.87	204.03	217.86	220.10	231.01	241.53

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

**Fiscal Year** 2011 2012 2013 2014 **Function** Sheriff Traffic citations 2,031 1,033 1,262 1,891 Fire Number of calls answered 1,417 1,014 962 1,155 Inspections conducted 83 85 2 10 Highways and streets Street resurfacing (miles) 9.58 8.06 12.49 10.57 Sanitation Refuse collected (tons/day) 60.06 51.19 52.41 59.16 Recyclables collected (tons/year) 6.99 (1) 14.55 11.64 5.66

Source: Various County Departments

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

Note (1): Convenience center was closed for the first part of fiscal year 2012 due to moving and construction.

#### **Fiscal Year**

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
1,195	1,584	1,333	1,241	2,040	1,480			
1,137 10	1,504 28	1,755 6	1,815 14	1,824 8	2,050 6			
5.92	5.28	3.43	0	5	4			
62.36 9.80	65.57 7.50	79.60 6.86	86.70 7.30	86.22 7.45	85.53 8.80			

# WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
<u>Function</u>										
General Government										
Buildings	10	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	11	11
Vehicles	28	28	14	16	16	20	20	18	19	19
Equipment	33	31	19	17	17	17	22	40	43	43
Public Safety										
Sheriff										
Office & Detention Ctr.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles (1)	48	50	49	50	70	73	71	61	59	69
Fire Department										
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Aerial truck	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pumper trucks	5	6	7	6	7	7	7	7	7	6
Vehicles	23	23	23	22	20	20	38	24	24	24
EMA										
Vehicles	6	3	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	4
Animal Shelter										
Buildings	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	0	2	2	3	3	4	4	3	3	3
Other public safety										
Equipment	132	141	195	172	265	265	236	216	220	213
Housing & Development										
Building Inspection / Soil I	Erosion									
Vehicles	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
Code Enforcement										
Vehicles	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Planning										
Vehicles	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3
Culture & Recreation										
Buildings	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	9	10
Vehicles	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Equipment	20	19	19	19	19	18	38	39	39	39
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Public Works										
Buildings	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	26	27	28	29	31	32	30	32	34	35
Heavy equipment	19	16	14	14	15	15	13	13	11	11
Small equipment	54	56	56	57	65	65	68	68	65	65
Solid Waste										
Buildings										
Conven. Ctr.	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transfer Station	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Equipment	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Source: Various County Departments and Capital Assets Reports

Note (1): Not all Sheriff vehicles are purchased through the General Fund. Some are seized / confiscated vehicles put into service by the Sheriff's department.

145 Exhibit H-19

# Part IV Other Reporting Section







## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners White County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise White County, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2020. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the White County Health Department, as described in our report on White County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that were reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered White County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of White County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of White County, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies and which are described below:

#### 2020-001

Condition: County personnel may require additional training in the application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of financial statements. Currently, the County relies on the external auditors for technical assistance in applying generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the financial statements. This is common for governments of similar size and structure to the County. Under current auditing standards, providing technical assistance does not impair the independence of the external auditor. However, future changes to auditing standards by standards setting boards could state that providing technical assistance would impair the independence of the external auditor. This does not indicate that the Finance Officer is not trained to perform the daily accounting functions, but that the County has elected as a cost benefit to outsource this expertise to their auditors.

*Criteria:* Effective internal control requires that the County accept responsibility and understanding of the audited financial report.

Effect: Failure to understand the financial statements may lead to material misstatements.

Cause: County personnel do not have the necessary training in the application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of financial statements.

Recommendation: County personnel should continue to receive training in the identification and application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the County's financial statements.

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. Finance staff will continue classes to obtain/renew certifications. Additional educational classes are recommended by the County Manager on GASB 34, the preparation of the government-wide financial statements, and the reconciling items for full accrual statements.

#### 2020-002

Condition: While performing audit procedures on building permit receipts, we noted instances where deposits were not made timely. We noted 5 of 40 (13%) receipts tested were held for more than seven days before depositing.

*Criteria:* Proper internal controls require that cash receipts be deposited and transactions recorded in a timely manner.

Effect: Failure to deposit cash receipts in a timely manner exposes the County to a greater risk of loss due to fraud.

Cause: Building department personnel are not depositing receipts at a minimum once per week.

Recommendation: At a minimum, deposits should be made weekly.

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. Management has provided a copy of this finding to the appropriate Department Head and they concur with this finding. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether White County, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described below:

#### 2020-003

Condition: While performing audit procedures at the Clerk of Court's office, we noted that the payouts were not made in a timely manner.

Criteria: State of Georgia Code requires that all courts pay-out monies due to others in a timely manner.

Effect: Failure to make required pay-outs of monies being held by the Court will place the County in violation of state law.

Cause: Clerk of Court personnel are not performing payouts timely.

Recommendation: As required by the State of Georgia, payouts to agencies should be made on a monthly basis.

Management Response: Management has provided a copy of this finding to the appropriate Elected Official and they concur with this finding. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

#### White County, Georgia's Responses to Findings

Rushton & Company, LLC

White County, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. White County Georgia's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of White County, Georgia's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Gainesville, Georgia October 30, 2020



STATE REPORTING SECTION
This section contains additional reports required by the State of Georgia.

## WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

			Expenditures			
	Estimated Cost *		Prior	Current		
Project	Original	Current	Years	Year	Total	
2008 Referendum						
White County						
Roads, Streets and Bridges Public facilities and infrastruc	\$ 6,216,000 ture	\$ 6,216,000	\$ 5,746,303	\$ 0	\$ 5,746,303	
including, but not limited to:						
Administrative, Cultural,						
Parks and Recreation,						
and Public Safety	13,024,000	13,024,000				
Commissioners' Office			165,668	0	165,668	
Finance			140,068	0	140,068	
Public Defender			13,074	0	13,074	
Animal Shelter			102,127	0	102,127	
Coroner			29,807	0	29,807	
Fire			4,740	0	4,740	
Sheriff			156,995	0	156,995	
Detention Center			11,684,049	0	11,684,049	
Convenience Center			17,178	0	17,178	
Senior Center			427,832	0	427,832	
Public Health			88,298	0	88,298	
Park and Recreation			587,957	454,795	1,042,752	
City of Cleveland	3,380,000	3,380,000	2,200,654	0	2,200,654	
City of Helen	3,380,000	3,380,000	2,200,654	0	2,200,654	
Total	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 23,565,404	\$ 454,795	\$ 24,020,199	

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated cost represents the portion of these projects to be financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. Actual costs that are in excess of these amounts have been financed through alternative funds.

### WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

				Expenditures			
	Estimated Cost *		Prior	Current	_		
Project	Original	Current	Years	Year	Total		
2014 Referendum							
White County							
Detention Center Installment							
Sale Agreement Payments	\$ 6,799,416	\$ 6,476,572	\$ 2,279,168	\$ 951,132	\$ 3,230,300		
Administration Equipment,							
Facilities, and Vehicles	700,188	700,188	383,010	264,912	647,922		
Historical Facilities							
Renovations/Additions	99,826	99,826	84,358	0	84,358		
Economic Development							
Authority Equipment,							
Facilities, and Vehicles	50,616	50,616	18,566	0	18,566		
E911 Communication System	000 440	000 110	170.004	00.075	222.222		
Infrastructure and Upgrades	260,110	260,110	178,621	22,075	200,696		
Fire-EMS Equipment,	05.000	05.000	407.000	07.005	074.004		
Facilities, and Vehicles	25,308	25,308	187,029	87,065	274,094		
Library Facilities, Equipment, and Materials	99,826	00.026	8,000	0	9 000		
		99,826	0,000	U	8,000		
Computer and Communication	15						
Information Technology Equipment and System							
Infrastructure and Upgrades	174,344	174,344	60,079	39,177	99,256		
Roads and Bridges Equipment		174,544	00,079	59,177	99,230		
Vehicles, Resurfacing, and	ι,						
Improvements	5,500,272	5,500,272	4,908,004	1,187,382	6,095,386		
Parks and Recreation	0,000,212	0,000,212	4,000,004	1,101,002	0,000,000		
Equipment, Facilities, and							
Vehicles	25,308	348,152	184,782	185,583	370,365		
Senior Center Facilities and	_0,000	0.0,.02	,	.00,000	0.0,000		
Vehicles	99,826	99,826	20,500	0	20,500		
Sheriff's Department Equipment		, .	,		,,,,,,		
Facilities, and Vehicles	199,652	199,652	495,473	419,958	915,431		
Solid Waste Facilities	25,308	25,308	0	0	0		
City of Cleveland	2,470,000	2,470,000	2,469,846	650,389	3,120,235		
City of Helen	2,470,000	2,470,000	2,469,846	650,389	3,120,235		
Total	\$ 19,000,000	\$ 19,000,000	\$ 13,747,282	\$ 4,458,062	\$ 18,205,344		
•							
Roads and Bridges Equipm	ent, Vehicles,	Resurfacing, and	d Improvements				
Expendito	ures Financed	by Intergovernm	ental Revenues	35,000			
_ , ,		<u> </u>					
Total Expenditu	\$ 4,493,062						

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated cost represents the portion of these projects to be financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. Actual costs that are in excess of these amounts have been financed through alternative funds.

