WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

Prepared by: Finance Department

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Part I

Introductory Section



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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

White County Board of Commissioners Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

OFFICIALS OF WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

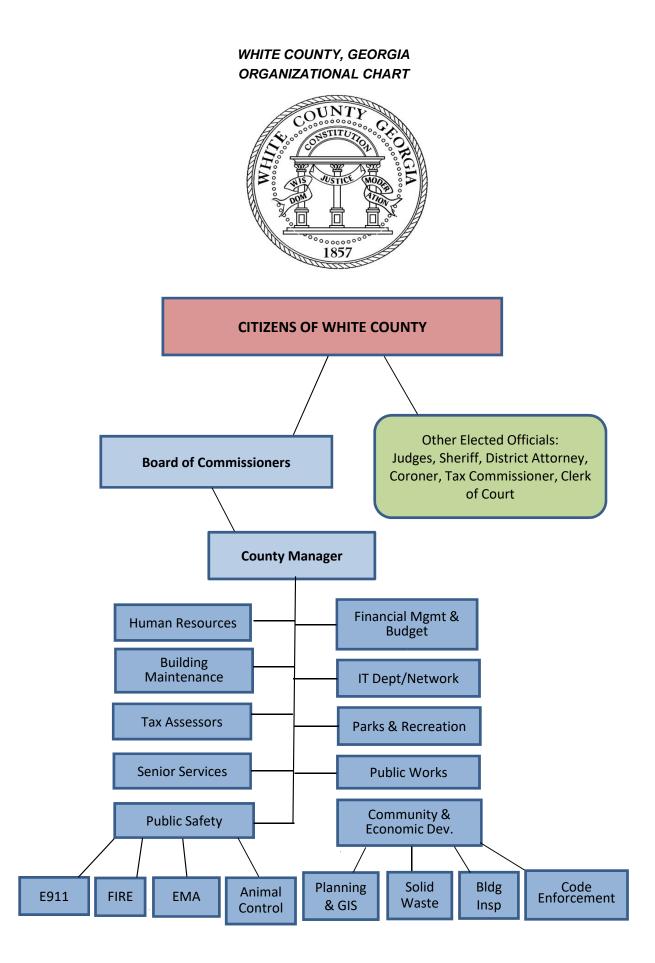
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Commission Staff

Joey Cason, County Manager Shanda Murphy, County Clerk Mary Jane Henneke, County Attorney

Department Directors

Building Maintenance/Grounds	Ken Payne
Bldg Insp/Comm Econ & Dev/Planning/GIS	John Sell
Public Safety	David Murphy
Finance	Jodi Ligon
Human Resources	Shanda Murphy
Parks and Recreation	Interim - Deena Cowart
Planning	Harry Barton
Senior Center	Barbara Overton
Public Works	Joey Cason
Tax Assessors	Bryan Payne





November 1, 2021

To the Honorable Chairman, Members of the Board of Commissioners, and Citizens of White County, Georgia:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of White County, Georgia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

This report consists of management's representation concerning the finances of White County and was prepared by the Finance Department. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of this County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatements.

We believe the data is presented in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a comprehensive understanding of the County's financial activity have been included.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Rushton, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based on the audit that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that White County, Georgia's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June, 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Thus, internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

General Information on White County

White County, originally organized in 1818 as part of Habersham County, was officially established on December 22, 1857 and named in honor of Col. David T. White, a member of the Georgia General Assembly.

The County is known for its beautiful mountain scenery, the most recognizable being majestic Mt. Yonah. A large portion of the county is protected by the US Forest Service with 42,000 acres of the county belonging to the Chattahoochee National Forest. Thousands of people travel to the County each year to enjoy the mountains, rivers and scenic attractions that are the main reasons tourism is such an important segment of the local economy.

The population of White County continues to grow. As of June 2021, it was approximately 28,000 and is expected to continue to rise. With its close proximity to Atlanta, White County residents enjoy not only the peace and beauty of a rural lifestyle, but the availability of big-city activities.

In order to protect the County's natural assets, regulations for River Corridor, Groundwater Recharge, Wetlands, Watershed Protection and Mountain and Hillside Protections have been implemented. White County has many opportunities and challenges for its future. The Board of Commissioners' goal is to preserve the County's environment, beauty and history while meeting the growth and needs of the future.

Government Structure

In January 2011, White County went from a three member Board of Commissioners to a five member Board, with the Chairman being elected at large and the four district commissioners elected by their district. The County operates on a County Manager form of government, who runs the day-to-day operations and oversees compliance of the county policies.

White County citizens also elect other officials, including the Tax Commissioner, Sheriff, Magistrate Court Judge, Probate Court Judge, Superior Court Judges, Clerk of Court and Coroner.

The County provides a full range of services, which includes law enforcement and fire protection, animal control services, maintenance of roads and bridges and recreational activities.

The County maintains budgetary control to ensure compliance with the annual appropriated budget approved by the White County Board of Commissioners and State law. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds. Project-length budgets are adopted for all Capital Projects Funds. Annual operating budgets are not legally required for enterprise funds, but are prepared for use in planning control and evaluation purposes. Budgetary control is essential to good financial management and the County has established a legacy of balanced budgets and good budgetary control. For each fund, financing sources are identified for all expenditures/expenses. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the approved budget) is established at the department level.

The budget process for each fiscal year typically begins in January for the upcoming fiscal year. The County's fiscal year runs from July 1st to June 30th of each year. Revenue and expenditure estimates are prepared by the responsible departments and presented to the Finance Director and County Manager for review. Once reviewed and any necessary adjustments made, the budgets are presented publicly to the Board of Commissioners and public discussions begin. After the Board makes their final decisions, the completed budget is made available for the public. The required public hearings are advertised and, following the final hearing, the budget is formally adopted.

Unforeseen situations may arise during the year that may require budget amendments. Department heads may request line-item budget amendments be made by the Finance Department, provided the amendment does not increase or decrease the overall budget for that department. Any increase in departmental totals requires approval of the Board of Commissioners in an official meeting.

Economic Condition and Outlook

White County lies approximately 60 miles north of the perimeter highway (highway 285) that circles Atlanta, Georgia. Bordering counties are Hall, Union, Lumpkin, Towns and Habersham. As Atlanta's growth moves northward, White County is on the fringes of development that's creating a demand for residential properties which will increase the demand for emergency services.

The County's economy is based largely on a mix of tourism, agriculture and residential construction. White County continues to see growth in tourism and has worked with several local vendors to open new tourist facilities within the county. Residential and commercial construction continues to grow as seen in the new project permits being issued.

Major Initiatives and Accomplishments

White County continues to plan for and develop the 1000 acre Yonah Preserve Park.

White County continued to work through the COVID-19 pandemic adhering to the recommended social distancing guidelines. Staff worked closely with government and private entities to disseminate information about the pandemic and vaccinations.

Other accomplishments during the fiscal year include:

- Completed road preparations and paving projects
- Assigned a mobile communications and incident management unit from GEMA/ Homeland Security
- Received grant from GA Emergency Communications Authority to provide additional training and professional development for E911 communications team
- Processed 805 total building permits, including 153 new residential projects, 10 new commercial projects and 60 mobile home permits
- Completed a county-wide security camera refresh
- Implemented remote management for county network
- Updated 5-year comprehensive plan
- Worked with GMRC and White Co Development Authority to apply for and receive a \$100,000 grant for a strategic economic development plan
- Completed a Broadband Ready application with the Georgia Department of Community Affairs
- Migrated from on premise exchange server to Office 365
- Served 39,178 congregate and homebound meals to seniors. This is an 11% increase from fiscal year 2020.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Long-term financial planning creates awareness regarding financial opportunities and challenges that White County could face and allows to make sound financial and operational decisions for those possibilities. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is \$6,752,868, or 36 percent of the 2021 annual expenditures budget. The County maintains these funds to provide cash flow throughout the year and as a buffer against unforeseen events.

Relevant Financial Policies

During the current fiscal year, management and staff adopted a comprehensive financial policy which will aid management with guidelines and procedures in standard operating procedures.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has a program where counties and municipalities can submit their annual CAFR for review. If the report is found to meet all the required criteria of GAAP and applicable legal requirements, a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting will be awarded to the County. Having received this award for the last nine fiscal years, this report for fiscal year 2021 will be submitted with hopes of receiving this award in 2022. This is an annual award, and submission needs to be done in order to be received each year.

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the assistance of the entire finance office staff. We would also like to express our appreciation and thanks to the firm of Rushton, LLC. Their firm's dedication to the highest standard of governmental accounting and auditing and strong support of the finance office staff throughout the year has been extremely beneficial.

Sincere appreciation to the various elected officials and county department directors for their assistance and positive attitude throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the County.

In closing, we'd like to thank the Board of Commissioners for their support and direction in conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Jodi Ligon Finance Director

Joey Cason County Manager

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Part II

Financial Section



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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners White County, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of White County Health Department, a component unit of White County, Georgia. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for White County Health Department, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White County, Georgia, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparisons of the General Fund, Drug Task Force Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, and American Rescue Plan Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise White County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the statistical section and the state reporting section with the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, White County, Georgia's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements. In our report dated October 30, 2020, we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise White County, Georgia's basic financial statements as a whole.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the 2020 financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2020 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2020 combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2021, on our consideration of White County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering White County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rushton LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Gainesville, Georgia November 1, 2021 This page intentionally left blank.

WHITE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS 59 South Main Street, Suite A Cleveland, GA 30528



Travis C. Turner, Chairman • Terry D. Goodger, District 1• Lyn Holcomb, District 2• Edwin Nix, District 3• Craig Bryant, District 4

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of White County, it is our pleasure to present this narrative discussion and analysis of White County's financial performance, providing an overview of the activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The purpose of this narrative is to provide readers of financial statements with information that will help them make timely and meaningful financial decisions or draw conclusions about White County. As required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, this discussion and analysis provides comparisons with the previous year.

Financial Highlights

- White County's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2021 by \$58,531,121 (reported as *net position*). Of this amount, \$9,757,776 (reported as *unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.
- As of June 30, 2021, White County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,322,292. The governmental funds reported a combined ending unassigned fund balance of \$6,752,868.

More detailed information regarding these activities and funds begins on page 15.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis narrative is intended to serve as an introduction to White County's basic financial statements. White County's basic financial statements are composed of three elements: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to our basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements (Reporting the County as a whole). The focus of the government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of White County and is designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's financial activities in a manner similar to a private business enterprise.

The County's government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These two statements report information about White County using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

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The purpose of the **Statement of Net Position** (pages 15-16) is to attempt to report all of the assets held and liabilities owed by the County. The County reports all of its assets when it acquires ownership over the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred. The difference between the total assets and total liabilities is labeled *net position*. Although the purpose of the County is not to accumulate net position, in general, as this amount increases it indicates that the financial position of the County is improving over time.

The **Statement of Activities** (page 17), on the other hand, presents the revenues and expenses of the County. Under the accrual basis of accounting mentioned earlier, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred in this statement. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several weeks after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current period. The difference is described as *change in net position*. The Statement of Activities primary focus is on the *net cost* of various activities provided by the County and identifies the extent to which each function of the County draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees, grants, or other sources.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide White County into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the County's basic services are reported under this category which includes: judicial, public safety, public works, and general administration. Taxes such as: property, sales, insurance premium and intangible finance most of these services.
- Business-type activities The County charges fees to customers to assist in covering the cost for providing certain services. The County's solid waste tipping fees are reported in this category.
- Discretely Presented Component Unit A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable. The Health Department, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of White County, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The County's government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 15-17.

Fund Financial Statements (Reporting the County's Major Funds).

The focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the County and its most significant funds, not the County as a whole. A fund is an entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the County uses to track specific resources and expenditures, either for management purposes or because of legal mandates. In addition to the major funds, individual fund data for the County's non-major funds can be found beginning on page 67. The County's funds are divided into three broad categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – and use different prescribed accounting methodologies.

 Governmental Funds – These funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, governmental fund financial statements focus on the short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

Because the focus of the governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements and because of the different accounting methods used to prepare them, there are often significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. It is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. An analysis of the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that reconciles the two statements are provided following each statement.

White County maintains seventeen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Drug Task Force Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, American Rescue Plan Fund, 2014 SPLOST Fund, and 2020 SPLOST Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other eleven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 67-70 of this report.

White County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, Drug Task Force Fund, and Hotel/Motel Tax Fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The County's basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18-28 of this report.

 Proprietary Funds – When the County charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments of the County, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. These proprietary funds are prepared using the same accounting basis as the government-wide financial statements.

Enterprise fund statements report the same functions presented in the business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. White County uses enterprise funds to account for its Solid Waste functions, as well as the Industrial Building Authority and the Development Authority.

The County's proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 29-31.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support White County's own programs and services. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements but are not reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The County's fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 32-33.

Notes to the Financial Statements.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 34-66 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information.

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. These funds are added together by fund type and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the government-wide financial statements.

This report includes two schedules (pages 20 and 23) which reconciles the amounts reported on the governmental fund financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with the governmental activities reported on the government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities on the government-wide statements are not reported on fund financial statements.
- Certain tax revenues that are earned, but not available, are reported as revenue on the government-wide statement but are reported as deferred inflows of resources on the fund statements.
- Unless due and payable, long-term liabilities, such as lease obligations, compensated absences, bonds and notes payable, and others only appear as liabilities in the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements but is reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.
- Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide statements but are reported as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements.

Overview of the County's Financial Position and Operations

The County's overall financial position and operations for this fiscal year is summarized as follows based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements (see pages 15-17):

White County Net Position (Financial Position)

Fiscal Years 2021 and 2020								
	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities					Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Assets								
Current assets	\$ 21,939,847	\$ 13,979,398	\$ 741,834	\$ 692,082	\$ 22,681,681	\$ 14,671,480		
Capital assets	45,489,862	46,314,887	481,573	500,701	45,971,435	46,815,588		
Total assets	67,429,709	60,294,285	1,223,407	1,192,783	68,653,116	61,487,068		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	5,871,745	2,572,001	36,890	29,655	5,908,635	2,601,656		
Noncurrent liabilities	3,778,637	4,219,659	434,723	451,943	4,213,360	4,671,602		
Total liabilities	9,650,382	6,791,660	471,613	481,598	10,121,995	7,273,258		
Net position								
Net investment in	44,000,040			500 704		44 700 050		
capital assets	41,022,019	41,259,558	481,573	500,701	41,503,592	41,760,259		
Restricted	7,269,753	5,969,995	0	0	7,269,753	5,969,995		
Unrestricted	9,487,555	6,273,072	270,221	210,484	9,757,776	6,483,556		
Total net position	\$ 57,779,327	\$ 53,502,625	\$ 751,794	\$ 711,185	\$ 58,531,121	\$ 54,213,810		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets for White County exceeded liabilities by \$58,531,121 at the close of the fiscal year.

Approximately 70.9% of White County's net position is reflected in its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to construct or acquire the assets. The County uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position comprises 12.4% of the total net position. This amount represents net position that is subject to external restrictions or enabling legislation on how they can be used.

Unrestricted net position, comprising the remaining 16.7%, represents resources that can be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

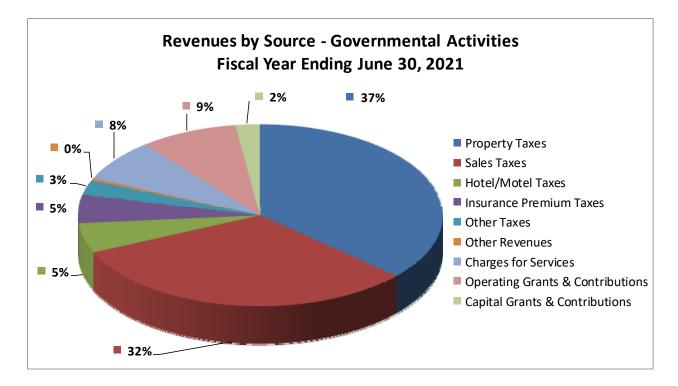
The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how White County's net position changed during the fiscal year.

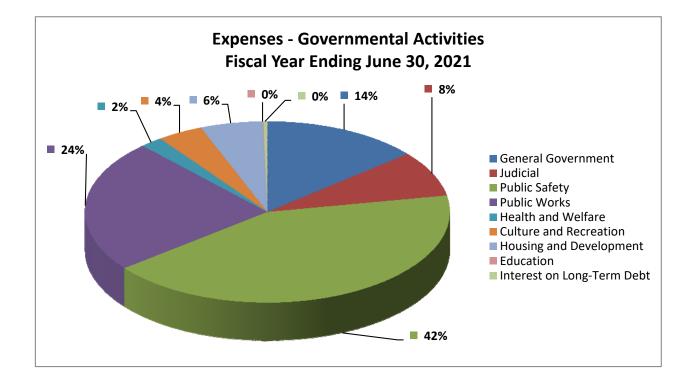
White County Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years 2021 and 2020

		nmental vities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Revenues	2021	2020	2021 2020	2021 2020
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,532,644	\$ 2,524,680	\$ 141,459 \$ 158,782	\$ 2,674,103 \$ 2,683,462
Operating grants and contributions	2,935,428	1,304,080	22,000 22,500	2,957,428 1,326,580
Capital grants and contributions	728,915	511,847	0 0	728,915 511,847
General revenues:				
Property tax	12,309,134	11,752,568	0 0	12,309,134 11,752,568
Sales tax	10,735,460	8,094,530	0 0	10,735,460 8,094,530
Hotel/Motel tax	1,768,036	997,766	0 0	1,768,036 997,766
Insurance premium tax	1,703,516	1,602,658	0 0	1,703,516 1,602,658
Other taxes	868,198	631,246	0 0	868,198 631,246
Other revenues	130,139	232,826	1,047 7,790	131,186 240,616
Total revenues	33,711,470	27,652,201	164,506 189,072	33,875,976 27,841,273
Expenses				
General Government	4,105,759	3,871,802	0 0	4,105,759 3,871,802
Judicial	2,398,559	2,296,863	0 0	2,398,559 2,296,863
Public Safety	12,433,072	11,523,241	0 0	12,433,072 11,523,241
Public Works	6,966,498	4,042,604	0 0	6,966,498 4,042,604
Health and Welfare	588,474	561,845	0 0	588,474 561,845
Culture and Recreation	1,194,696	1,161,047	0 0	1,194,696 1,161,047
Housing and Development	1,622,347	1,219,159	0 0	1,622,347 1,219,159
Education	25,472	49,351	0 0	25,472 49,351
Interest on long-term debt	99,891	120,978	0 0	99,891 120,978
Solid Waste	0	0	121,354 107,753	121,354 107,753
Development Authority	0	0	2,543 1,681	2,543 1,681
Total expenses	29,434,768	24,846,890	123,897 109,434	29,558,665 24,956,324
Increase (decrease) in net position	4,276,702	2,805,311	40,609 79,638	4,317,311 2,884,949
Net position-beginning	53,502,625	50,697,314	711,185 631,547	54,213,810 51,328,861
Net position-ending	\$ 57,779,327	\$ 53,502,625	\$ 751,794 \$ 711,185	\$ 58,531,121 \$ 54,213,810

Governmental Activities –

The following charts illustrate revenues and expenses of the governmental activities for the fiscal year:





The revenue chart indicates that property tax, followed by sales tax, and operating grants and contributions were the three largest sources of revenue for governmental activities for fiscal year 2021. Total revenues of the governmental activities increased more than \$6,059,000. The largest cause of the increase was sales tax revenues, which increased more than \$2,640,000. Operating grants and contributions increased more than \$1,630,000 due predominantly to amounts received from the CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund. Hotel/Motel tax revenues increased more than \$770,000 and property tax revenues increased more than \$556,000. All other revenues remained relatively similar when comparing to the prior year.

The expense chart indicates that the three most significant governmental activities expenses for White County during fiscal year 2021 were public safety services, such as fire, police protection, and other emergency services followed by public works and general government. Overall, governmental activities expenses increased more than \$4,587,000 from the prior fiscal year. Public works expenses show an increase of over \$2,923,000 from fiscal year 2020 due increases in health insurance premiums, storm damage repairs, and road maintenance. Public safety expenses increased by more than \$909,000 due to an increase in salaries and wages and health insurance premiums. Housing and development expenses increased by more than \$403,000 due to an increase in payments to others for increased hotel/motel tax collections. All other expenses remained relatively similar when comparing to the prior year.

Business-Type Activities –

Business-type activities did not contribute to a significant increase or decrease in White County's net position.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, White County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

• As the County completed this fiscal year, its governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$17,322,292. The governmental funds reported a combined unassigned fund balance of \$6,752,868. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned for projects or for the fiscal year 2022 budget, and is not available for spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,752,868, while total fund balance reached \$8,808,505. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund

balance represents approximately 36% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 47% of that same amount.

Revenues in the General Fund increased by more than \$3,320,000 from the prior year. Intergovernmental revenues increased by more than \$1,397,000 due predominantly to amounts received from the CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund. Property tax revenues increased by approximately \$598,000. Local option sales tax increased by more than \$977,000 due to continued increases in sales in the County. The County ended the fiscal year by increasing fund balance of the General Fund by \$2,732,474, or approximately 45%. The increase is largely attributed to the significantly increased revenues noted above and a much smaller increase in expenditures. By comparison, in fiscal year 2020, fund balance of the General Fund increased by 15.7%. A \$496,000 increase in public safety expenditures attributed to most of the increase in expenditures. Road department expenditures increased by more than \$171,000 due to increased materials and supplies for road maintenance.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund had total fund balance of \$716,123, all of which is restricted for drug task force facilities, equipment, and operations. Fund balance increased \$33,829 during fiscal year 2021 compared with a \$20,339 decrease in the prior fiscal year. Revenues increased during the current fiscal year due to increased grant revenues from the annual operating grants. Fines, fees, and forfeitures decreased during the current fiscal year due to decreased seizures. Expenditures remained very similar to the prior fiscal year, showing a \$1,884 increase.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund had total fund balance of \$1,823,958, of which \$519,022 is restricted for tourism product development and \$1,304,936 is assigned to tourism. Fund balance increased \$771,115 during fiscal year 2021 due to a significant increase in hotel/motel taxes received. With the COVID-19 pandemic, many area governments noted a significant increase in tourism. While expenditures increased due to payments to others required by the increased tax collections, tourism product development expenditures decreased. Tourism product development expenditures are often for longer term projects.

For the current fiscal year, the American Rescue Plan Special Revenue Fund did not report a significant fund balance, revenues, or expenditures. This new fund will account for significant revenues and expenditures for the American Rescue Plan funding.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the 2014 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund had total fund balance of \$2,849,668, all of which is restricted for capital outlay. Fund balance of the 2014 SPLOST Fund decreased \$1,729,986 for fiscal year 2021 due to decreased SPLOST revenues and similar expenditures to the prior year. Collections for the 2014 referendum ended during fiscal year 2021.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the 2020 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund had total fund balance of \$2,685,925, all of which is restricted for capital outlay. This is a new fund for fiscal year 2021 due to the collections beginning for the 2020 referendum. The County began expending these funds in accordance with the

approved referendums. Further details of the SPLOST expenditures can be found in the Schedule of Projects Financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax at the end of this report.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund was amended by various appropriations approved after the beginning of the fiscal year. Budgeted expenditures in total decreased from original to final budgets. As expected, the County experienced an increase in revenues from the prior fiscal year. The County ended the fiscal year with revenues up from budgeted expectations. Even with increases in salaries and wages expenditures, the County ended the fiscal year with fund balances that remained positive and expenditures in total very similar to amounts appropriated. Overall, the County expended less than revenues received and transferred a greater amount to other funds.

Proprietary Funds. White County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position of the County's proprietary funds totaled as follows:

•	Solid Waste	\$ 671,383
•	Development Authority	\$ 80,411

The total increase in net position for both funds was \$40,609 due mostly to operating income for both funds. The Development Authority also had similar intergovernmental revenues in the current fiscal year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. White County has invested \$45,971,435 in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Approximately 98.9% of this investment is related to governmental activities and includes land, construction in progress, buildings, land improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, vehicles, and infrastructure.

Capital assets held by the County are summarized as follows:

	Govern Activ	mental vities	Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Land	\$ 9,314,696	\$ 9,314,696	\$ 84,361	\$ 84,361	\$ 9,399,057	\$ 9,399,057
Construction in progress	4,734,406	4,980,891	0	0	4,734,406	4,980,891
Buildings	22,012,911	21,882,754	710,404	710,404	22,723,315	22,593,158
Land improvements	4,257,463	4,257,463	0	0	4,257,463	4,257,463
Machinery and equipment	5,669,768	5,520,621	48,517	48,517	5,718,285	5,569,138
Furniture and fixtures	826,547	826,547	0	0	826,547	826,547
Vehicles	7,563,633	7,076,136	0	0	7,563,633	7,076,136
Infrastructure	57,234,805	56,287,054	0	0	57,234,805	56,287,054
Total	111,614,229	110,146,162	843,282	843,282	112,457,511	110,989,444
Accumulated Depreciation	(66,124,367)	(63,831,275)	(361,709)	(342,581)	(66,486,076)	(64,173,856)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 45,489,862	\$ 46,314,887	\$ 481,573	\$ 500,701	\$ 45,971,435	\$ 46,815,588

Major capital asset expenditures during the current fiscal year for governmental activities included the following:

- Continued construction on the Yonah Preserve Park
- Started new renovation/expansion projects for the Tax Commissioner and Courthouse
- Investments in machinery, equipment, and vehicles throughout the County in public safety departments
- Paving and resurfacing of various roads and bridges throughout the County

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements on pages 54-55 of this report.

Long-term Debt and Other Liabilities. On June 30, 2021, White County had total capital leases payable in the amount of \$339,629. The County's capital lease balance increased by \$259,300 during the fiscal year due to two new capital leases for equipment and vehicles. On June 30, 2021, White County had revenue bonds payable with a balance outstanding of \$4,075,000. During fiscal year 2021, bonds payable decreased by \$890,000 due to regularly scheduled principal payments. Additional information on the County's long-term debt and other liabilities can be found in Notes 11 and 12 to the financial statements on pages 57-58 of this report.

Economic Condition and Outlook

White County continues to fair well while dealing with the COVID-19 pandemic. Several factors were considered during preparation of the budget for fiscal year 2022, including the following:

- The unknown surrounding the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic
- Possible increases or decreases in revenues, particularly property, sales, and hotel/motel taxes
- Fluctuations in the price of fuel due to market instability.
- Plans for future capital improvements
- Unforeseen natural disasters, such as tornados, storms, etc.
- Capital outlay requirements for vehicles, equipment and program expansions to improve public services to the community

Contacting the County's Financial Services Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of White County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed as follows:

White County Board of Commissioners Attn: Finance Department 1235 Helen Hwy. Cleveland, GA 30528 706-865-2235 This page intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	F	Component Unit			
	Governmental			White County	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Health Department	
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,173,098	\$ 697,641	\$ 19,870,739	\$ 785,084	
Certificates of deposit	674,142	34,704	708,846	φ 700,004 0	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	131,199	0,704	131,199	0	
Receivables (net)	101,100	0	101,100	0	
Accounts	95,690	9,489	105,179	45,882	
Intergovernmental	179,491	0,405	179,491	43,002	
Taxes	1,428,528	0	1,428,528	0	
Prepaids	257,699	0	257,699	0	
Total current assets	21,939,847	741,834	22,681,681	830,966	
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets					
Non-depreciable	14,049,102	84,361	14,133,463	0	
Depreciable (net)	31,440,760	397,212	31,837,972	4,150	
Total noncurrent assets	45,489,862	481,573	45,971,435	4,150	
Total assets	67,429,709	1,223,407	68,653,116	835,116	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension deferred outflows of resources	0	0	0	122,382	
OPEB deferred outflows of resources	0	0	0	67,060	
Total deferred outflows of resources	0	0	0	189,442	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Payables					
Accounts	581,235	18,762	599,997	11,014	
Intergovernmental	299,291	0	299,291	0	
Interest	46,048	0	46,048	0	
Accrued salaries and expenses	318,840	1,123	319,963	0	
Unearned revenue	2,991,075	0	2,991,075	0	
Compensated absences	470,611	0	470,611	35,800	
Capital leases payable	104,643	0	104,643	0	
Bonds payable	640,000	0	640,000	0	
Other liabilities	420,002	0	420,002	0	
Post-closure care costs	0	17,005	17,005	0	
Total current liabilities	5,871,745	36,890	5,908,635	46,814	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	Primary Government							Component Unit		
				siness-type Activities				White County Health Department		
Noncurrent liabilities										
Compensated absences	\$	108,651	\$	0	\$	108,651	\$	60,428		
Net pension liability		0		0		0		593,508		
Net OPEB liability		0		0		0		87,951		
Capital leases payable		234,986		0		234,986		0		
Bonds payable		3,435,000		0		3,435,000		0		
Post-closure care costs		0		434,723		434,723		0		
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,778,637		434,723		4,213,360		741,887		
Total liabilities		9,650,382		471,613		10,121,995		788,701		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
OPEB deferred inflows of resources		0		0		0		149,577		
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		41,022,019		481,573		41,503,592		4,150		
Restricted for:										
Judicial		201,893		0		201,893		0		
Public safety		966,430		0		966,430		0		
Health and welfare		0		0		0		129,929		
Housing and development		519,022		0		519,022		0		
Education		7,598		0		7,598		0		
Capital outlay		5,574,777		0		5,574,777		0		
Grant specifications		33		0		33		0		
Unrestricted		9,487,555		270,221		9,757,776		(47,799)		
Total net position	\$	57,779,327	\$	751,794	\$	58,531,121	\$	86,280		

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WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
Primary government					
Governmental activities	¢ 4 405 750	¢ 704.070	¢ 07.740	¢ 0	¢ (0.070.705)
General Government Judicial	\$ 4,105,759 2,398,559	\$ 734,276 426,890	\$	\$ 0 0	\$ (3,273,765) (1,429,300)
Public Safety	12,433,072	1,005,627	2,060,238	213,046	(9,154,161)
Public Works	6,966,498	1,003,027	2,000,238	515,669	(6,422,424)
Health and Welfare	588,474	0	206,698	200	(381,576)
Culture and Recreation	1,194,696	158,328	0	0	(1,036,368)
Housing and Development	1,622,347	183,563	0	0	(1,438,784)
Education	25,472	23,960	0	0	(1,512)
Interest on long-term debt	99,891	0	0	0	(99,891)
Total governmental activities	29,434,768	2,532,644	2,935,428	728,915	(23,237,781)
Business-type activities					
Solid Waste	121,354	141,459	0	0	20,105
Development Authority	2,543	0	22,000	0	19,457
Total business-type activities	123,897	141,459	22,000	0	39,562
Total primary government	29,558,665	2,674,103	2,957,428	728,915	(23,198,219)
Component Unit White County Health Department Health and Welfare	759,888	279,875	489,809	0	9,796
		Primary Governme	ent		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit	
Change in net position	Activities	Activities			
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (23,237,781)	\$ 39,562	\$ (23,198,219)	\$ 9,796	
General revenues					
Taxes					
Property	12,309,134	0	12,309,134	0	
Sales	10,735,460	0	10,735,460	0	
Hotel/Motel	1,768,036	0	1,768,036	0	
Insurance premium	1,703,516	0	1,703,516	0	
Other	868,198	0	868,198	0	
Interest and investment earnings	15,485	1,047	16,532	0	
Payments from White County	0 40,917	0	0 40,917	120,000	
Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous		0		0 0	
	73,737		73,737		
Total general revenues	27,514,483	1,047	27,515,530	120,000	
Change in net position	4,276,702	40,609	4,317,311	129,796	
Net position, July 1	53,502,625	711,185	54,213,810	(43,516)	
Net position, June 30	\$ 57,779,327	\$ 751,794	\$ 58,531,121	\$ 86,280	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	General	Drug Task Force
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,839,620	\$ 1,032,644
Certificates of deposit	674,142	0
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	131,199	0
Receivables (net)		
Accounts	2,685	0
Intergovernmental	42,392	135,946
Taxes	485,255	0
Prepaids	257,699	0
Due from other funds	8,179	0
Total assets	\$ 9,441,171	\$ 1,168,590
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Payables		
Accounts	\$ 281,050	\$ 27,270
Intergovernmental	0	0
Accrued salaries and expenditures	294,450	1,951
Due to other funds	50,054	3,244
Unearned revenue	0	0
Other liabilities	0	420,002
Total liabilities	625,554	452,467
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	7,112	0
Fund balances		
Nonspendable prepaids	257,699	0
Restricted for:		
Judicial	107,879	0
Public safety	0	716,123
Housing and development	0	0
Education	0	0
Capital outlay	23,320	0
Grant specifications	0	0
Assigned to:		
Public safety	224,119	0
Housing and development	0	0
Subsequent year's budget	1,442,620	0
Unassigned	6,752,868	0
Total fund balances	8,808,505	716,123
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 9,441,171	\$ 1,168,590

Hotel/Motel Tax			2020 SPLOST	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ 1,797,364	\$ 2,991,108	\$ 2,870,527	\$ 2,254,000	\$ 387,835	\$ 19,173,098
0	0	0	0	0	674,142
0	0	0	0	0	131,199
0	0	0	0	93,005	95,690
0	0	0	0	1,153	179,491
187,487	0	0	755,786	0	1,428,528
0	0	0	0	0	257,699
5,680	0	0	0	44,374	58,233
\$ 1,990,531	\$ 2,991,108	\$ 2,870,527	\$ 3,009,786	\$ 526,367	\$ 21,998,080
\$ 166,573	\$0	\$ 20,779	\$ 24,570	\$ 60,993	\$ 581,235
0	0	0	299,291	0	299,291
0	0	0	0	22,439	318,840
0	0	80	0	4,855	58,233
0	2,991,075	0	0	0	2,991,075
0	0	0	0	0	420,002
166,573	2,991,075	20,859	323,861	88,287	4,668,676
0_	0	0	0	0	7,112
0	0	0	0	0	257,699
0	0	0	0	94,014	201,893
0	0	0	0	250,307	966,430
519,022	0	0	0	0	519,022
0	0	0	0	7,598	7,598
0	0	2,849,668	2,685,925	15,864	5,574,777
0	33	0	0	0	33
0	0	0	0	70,297	294,416
1,304,936	0	0	0	0	1,304,936
0	0	0	0	0	1,442,620
0	0	0	0	0	6,752,868
1,823,958	33	2,849,668	2,685,925	438,080	17,322,292
\$ 1,990,531	\$ 2,991,108	\$ 2,870,527	\$ 3,009,786	\$ 526,367	\$ 21,998,080

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WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Total fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 17,322,292
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets of \$111,614,229, net of accumulated depreciation of (\$66,124,367), are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	45,489,862
Long-term assets (receivables) are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. These are property taxes.	7,112
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. These are interest payable of (\$46,048), compensated absences of (\$579,262), capital leases payable of (\$339,629), and bonds payable of (\$4,075,000).	 (5,039,939)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 57,779,327

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	General	Drug Task Force
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 18,925,437	\$0
Licenses and permits	239,057	0
Fines, fees and forfeitures	463,617	25,642
Charges for services	1,135,948	0
Intergovernmental	1,684,155	561,164
Interest	14,735	621
Contributions	22,857	0
Other	68,651	4,300
Total revenues	22,554,457	591,727
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General Government	3,669,125	0
Judicial	1,599,368	0
Public Safety	9,525,182	562,113
Public Works	1,653,995	0
Health and Welfare	563,318	0
Culture and Recreation	1,056,777	0
Housing and Development	625,029	0
Education	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0
Debt Service	0	0
Principal	0 0	0
Interest	0	0_
Total expenditures	18,692,794	562,113
Excess (deficiency) of		
revenues over (under) expenditures	3,861,663	29,614
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in	0	4,215
Transfers out	(1,176,512)	0
Sale of capital assets	47,323	0
Issuance of capital leases	0	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,129,189)	4,215
Net change in fund balances	2,732,474	33,829
Fund balances, July 1	6,076,031	682,294
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 8,808,505	\$ 716,123

Hotel/Mote	9	American Rescue Plan	2014 SPLOST	2020 SPLOST	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ 1,768,03	36	\$ 0	\$ 2,379,133	\$ 4,336,808	\$ 0	\$ 27,409,414
	0	0	0	0	0	239,057
80	09	0	0	0	94,469	584,537
	0	0	0	0	573,108	1,709,056
	0	0	404,606	111,000	668,424	3,429,349
	0	33	41	25	139	15,594
	0	0	0	0	0	22,857
	0	0	0	0	786	73,737
1,768,84	45	33	2,783,780	4,447,833	1,336,926	33,483,601
	0	0	0	0	67,520	3,736,645
	0	0	0	0	787,973	2,387,341
	0	0	0	0	1,509,723	11,597,018
	0	0	0	0	114,326	1,768,321
	0	0	0	0	2,711	566,029
14,5 <i>°</i>	13	0	0	0	1,396	1,072,686
983,2 ²	17	0	0	0	1,170	1,609,416
	0	0	0	0	25,472	25,472
	0	0	2,825,180	384,056	3,250	3,212,486
	0	0	610,816	1,717,376	0	2,328,192
	0	0	970,330	1,704	0	972,034
	0	0	107,440	105	0	107,545
997,73	30	0	4,513,766	2,103,241	2,513,541	29,383,185
771,1	15	33	(1,729,986)	2,344,592	(1,176,615)	4,100,416
	0	0	0	0	1,172,297	1,176,512
	0	0	0	0	0	(1,176,512)
	0	0	0	0	0	47,323
	0	0	0	341,333	0	341,333
	0	0	0	341,333	1,172,297	388,656
771,1 [,]	15	33	(1,729,986)	2,685,925	(4,318)	4,489,072
1,052,84	43	0	4,579,654	0	442,398	12,833,220
\$ 1,823,9	58	\$ 33	\$ 2,849,668	\$ 2,685,925	\$ 438,080	\$ 17,322,292

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 4,489,072
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation of	
(\$2,545,300) exceeded capital outlays of \$1,514,651 in the current period.	(1,030,649)
In the statement of activities, gains and losses on the sales of assets are reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sales increase financial resources. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the assets	
disposed (\$258,615), net of related accumulated depreciation of \$252,208.	(6,407)
Contributions of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the assets contributed	
\$212,031, net of related accumulated depreciation of (\$0).	212,031
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These include recognition of unavailable property taxes.	(25,070)
The proceeds of debt issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long- term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments of	
\$972,033 exceed proceeds of (\$341,333).	630,700
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These include the net increase in compensated absences of (\$628) and decrease in interest payable of \$7,653.	7,025
	\$ 4,276,702

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Budget				Variance with			
		Original		Final	 Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	16,635,999	\$	16,635,999	\$ 18,925,437	\$	2,289,438	
Licenses and permits		174,800		174,800	239,057		64,257	
Fines, fees and forfeitures		422,870		422,870	463,617		40,747	
Charges for services		960,203		960,203	1,135,948		175,745	
Intergovernmental		253,656		253,656	1,684,155		1,430,499	
Interest		55,003		55,003	14,735		(40,268)	
Contributions		18,900		18,900	22,857		3,957	
Other		56,450		56,450	 68,651		12,201	
Total revenues		18,577,881		18,577,881	 22,554,457		3,976,576	
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government								
County-Wide		1,115,894		402,391	402,388		3	
Building Maintenance		732,263		757,583	755,942		1,641	
Elections		23,880		89,798	89,716		82	
Commissioner's Office		551,885		535,803	535,661		142	
Network		335,171		369,372	369,336		36	
Registrars		77,787		67,964	67,964		0	
Human Resources		109,967		102,477	102,461		16	
Tax Commissioner		609,569		632,365	632,037		328	
Tax Assessor		570,250		542,412	541,807		605	
Finance		164,217		171,836	171,813		23	
Judicial								
Clerk of Superior Court		535,936		543,479	543,469		10	
Clerk of Magistrate Court		59,411		53,585	53,575		10	
Clerk of Juvenile Court		7,216		6,531	6,528		3	
District Attorney		6,400		1,270	1,254		16	
Magistrate Court		229,292		218,758	218,748		10	
Probate Court		345,377		422,085	422,259		(174)	
Juvenile Court		112,300		131,076	131,075		1	
Public Defender		142,897		142,897	142,902		(5)	
Superior Court		124,553		79,563	79,558		5	
Public Safety								
Animal Control		374,857		318,150	317,741		409	
Coroner		56,725		59,206	58,523		683	
Emergency Management Agency		205,658		217,354	217,308		46	
Fire		1,482,098		1,679,862	1,681,514		(1,652)	
Sheriff		3,636,938		3,938,106	3,941,613		(3,507)	
Detention Center		2,505,152		2,506,860	2,508,483		(1,623)	
Emergency Medical Services		800,000		800,000	800,000		0	
Public Works								
Road Department		1,635,619		1,652,801	1,653,995		(1,194)	
Health and Welfare								
Senior Services		423,643		403,960	403,818		142	
DFACS		39,500		39,500	39,500		0	
White County Health Department		120,000		120,000	120,000		0	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Budge					Variance with		
	Original			Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget	
Culture and Recreation								
Libraries	\$	313,930	\$	330,763	\$ 330,745	\$	18	
Park and Recreation		701,576		726,130	726,032		98	
Housing and Development								
Extension Service		46,375		44,435	44,426		9	
Forestry		9,540		9,540	9,540		0	
Economic Development		145,878		141,877	141,814		63	
Building Inspection		197,077		170,417	170,404		13	
Planning		133,007		145,713	145,696		17	
Code Enforcement		56,719		6,195	6,193		2	
GIS		107,616		106,978	 106,956		22	
Total expenditures	18	,846,173		18,689,092	 18,692,794		(3,702)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(268,292)		(111,211)	 3,861,663		3,972,874	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		222,893		222,893	0		(222,893)	
Transfers out		(711,149)		(789,564)	(1,176,512)		(386,948)	
Sale of capital assets		0		0	47,323		47,323	
Contingency		(254,174)		(645,492)	 0		645,492	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(742,430)		(1,212,163)	 (1,129,189)		82,974	
Net change in fund balance	(1	,010,722)		(1,323,374)	2,732,474		4,055,848	
Fund balances, July 1	1	,010,722		1,323,374	 6,076,031		4,752,657	
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 8,808,505	\$	8,808,505	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG TASK FORCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Bu	dget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Fines, fees and forfeitures	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 25,642	\$ 25,642	
Intergovernmental	446,121	446,121	561,164	115,043	
Interest	0	0	621	621	
Other	0	0	4,300	4,300	
Total revenues	446,121	446,121	591,727	145,606	
EXPENDITURES Current					
Public Safety	847,682	562,113	562,113	0	
Total expenditures	847,682	562,113	562,113	0	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(401,561)	(115,992)	29,614	145,606	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	401,561	115,992	4,215	(111,777)	
Sale of capital assets	0	0	0	0	
Total other financing sources (uses)	401,561	115,992	4,215	(111,777)	
Net change in fund balance	0	0	33,829	33,829	
Fund balances, July 1	0	0	682,294	682,294	
Fund balances, June 30	\$0	\$0	\$ 716,123	\$ 716,123	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Budget					Variance with		
	Origi	Original Final		 Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES Taxes Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest	\$ 8	385,500 500 175	\$	1,357,133 500 175	\$ 1,768,036 809 0	\$	410,903 309 (175)	
Total revenues		386,175		1,357,808	 1,768,845		411,037	
EXPENDITURES Current								
Culture and Recreation Housing and Development		0 526,880		14,513 984,000	14,513 983,217		0 783	
Total expenditures		526,880		998,513	 997,730		783	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3	359,295		359,295	771,115		411,820	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(;	364,020 <u>)</u>		(364,020)	 0		364,020	
Net change in fund balance		(4,725)		(4,725)	771,115		775,840	
Fund balances, July 1		4,725		4,725	 1,052,843		1,048,118	
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 1,823,958	\$	1,823,958	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

		Bu	dget				Variar	ice with
	Ori	ginal	Fi	nal	Ac	tual	Final	Budget
REVENUES Interest	\$	0	\$	0	\$	33	\$	33
Total revenues		0		0		33		33
EXPENDITURES		0		0		0		0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		0		33		33
Fund balances, July 1		0		0		0		0
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	33	\$	33

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities		
	Solid	Development	
	Waste	Authority	Totals
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 617,230	\$ 80,411	\$ 697,641
Certificates of deposit	34,704	0	34,704
Accounts receivable	9,489	0	9,489
Total current assets	661,423	80,411	741,834
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	84,361	0	84,361
Depreciable (net)	397,212	0	397,212
Total noncurrent assets	481,573	0	481,573
Total assets	1,142,996	80,411	1,223,407
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	18,762	0	18,762
Accrued salaries and expenses	1,123	0	1,123
Post-closure care costs	17,005	0	17,005
Total current liabilities	36,890	0	36,890
Noncurrent liabilities			
Post-closure care costs	434,723	0	434,723
Total liabilities	471,613	0	471,613
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets	481,573	0	481,573
Unrestricted	189,810	80,411	270,221
Total net position	\$ 671,383	\$ 80,411	\$ 751,794

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WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities		
	Solid Waste	Development Authority	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for sales and services	\$ 141,459	\$ 0	\$ 141,459
Total operating revenues	141,459	0_	141,459
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Costs of sales and services	67,899	2,543	70,442
Personal services	34,327	0	34,327
Depreciation	19,128	0	19,128
Total operating expenses	121,354	2,543	123,897
Operating income (loss)	20,105	(2,543)	17,562
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Intergovernmental revenue	0	22,000	22,000
Interest revenue	1,033	14	1,047
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,033	22,014	23,047
Change in net position	21,138	19,471	40,609
Net position, July 1	650,245	60,940	711,185
Net position, June 30	\$ 671,383	\$ 80,411	\$ 751,794

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities		
	Solid	Development	
	Waste	Authority	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 138,544	\$0	\$ 138,544
Payments to suppliers	(78,204)	(2,543)	(80,747)
Payments to employees	(34,007)	0	(34,007)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	26,333	(2,543)	23,790
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Receipts from other governments	0	22,000	22,000
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received	1,033	14	1,047
Proceeds from investment maturities	209,931	0	209,931
Purchases of investments	(34,704)	0	(34,704)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	176,260	14	176,274
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	202,593	19,471	222,064
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	414,637	60,940	475,577
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 617,230	\$ 80,411	\$ 697,641
Reconciliation of operating			
income (loss) to net cash provided			
(used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 20,105	\$ (2,543)	\$ 17,562
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to			
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	19,128	0	19,128
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(2,915)	0	(2,915)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	6,700	0	6,700
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and expenses	320	0	320
Increase (decrease) in post-closure care liability	(17,005)	0	(17,005)
Total adjustments	6,228	0	6,228
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 26,333	\$ (2,543)	\$ 23,790

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	806,521
Taxes receivable		66,417
Total assets		872,938
LIABILITIES		
Due to others		640,791
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	232,147

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	\$ 22,428,889
Taxes collected for other agencies Court fees collected for other agencies	۶ 22,420,009 1,110,498
Court individual cases	166,201
Sheriff fees collected	16,229
Sheriff inmate account deposits	225,806
Total additions	23,947,623
DEDUCTIONS	
Taxes distributed to other agencies	22,428,889
Court fees distributed to other agencies	1,110,498
Payments to others	219,141
Sheriff fees distributed to other agencies Payments from inmates to others	16,229 227,073
Total deductions	24,001,830
Change in net position	(54,207)
Net position, July 1 (original)	0
Prior period adjustments	286,354
Net position, July 1 (restated)	286,354
Net position, June 30	\$ 232,147

1. Description of Government Unit

White County, Georgia (the County) is located in the foothills of the Georgia mountains about seventy-five miles northeast of Atlanta.

The County provides a full range of governmental services, including public safety, health and welfare services, recreational programs, public works, and solid waste services.

The County is governed by a five man board of commissioners, the Chairman being elected at large and the four district commissioners elected by their respective districts.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of White County (the primary government) and material component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the County.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by Statement No. 61, the financial statements of component units have been included either as blended or discretely presented component units.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Reporting Entity, continued

<u>Blended Component Units</u> – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Government's operations.

<u>White County Industrial Building Authority</u> – The Authority exists to acquire, develop land and provide debt issuance for the promotion of business expansion in White County. The activities of the authority have been to provide for a conduit for the sale of land in an industrial park, issue debt and all services have benefited White County. The major assets and liabilities were a debt issuance and receivable from the County for a capital project of the County. The bonds were refunded in the current fiscal year. There is no other current year activity. The operations of the Authority are reported as the Industrial Building Authority Enterprise Fund since all services benefit White County. White County Industrial Building Authority had no financial activity for the current fiscal year. Separate financial statements are not issued.

<u>White County Development Authority</u> – The Authority exists to promote business development in White County. White County appoints the majority of the governing board and the Development Authority receives the majority of its funding from commissions on the sale of lots by the Industrial Building Authority. The activities of the Authority have been to promote and market the sale of lots in an industrial park of the county for the above mentioned White County Industrial Building Authority. However, there has been no significant activity since 2004. The operations of the Authority are reported as the Development Authority Enterprise Fund since all services benefit White County. Separate financial statements are not issued.

<u>White County Building Authority</u> – The Authority exists to acquire, develop land and provide debt issuance for the promotion of business expansion in White County. The Authority has had no activity prior to serving as the conduit for the issuance of the Series 2016 Revenue Bonds. There is no other current year activity. White County appoints the majority of the governing board and all services benefit White County. Any funding would come from White County or from bond issuances. Separate financial statements are not issued.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> – Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Reporting Entity, continued

<u>White County Health Department</u> – The White County Health Department was established as a legally separate entity and operates pursuant to the Georgia Health Code 88-2, Georgia Laws 1964. The District Health Director is the Executive Officer of the White County Health Department and is responsible for the overall coordination of the local health activities. White County appoints members to the White County Health Department Board. The White County Health Department is funded by the State and County under the Grant-in-Aid provisions, and operated under the supervision of the local Board of Health. A copy of the White County Health Department financial statements can be obtained from District 2, Public Health, 1280 Athens Street, Gainesville, GA 30507.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has three discretely presented component units. While they are not considered to be major component units, they are nevertheless aggregated and shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general operating fund of the County is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for local and federal monies restricted for the Appalachian Regional Drug Enforcement Office.

Hotel/Motel Tax Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for hotel/motel tax collections that are restricted for tourism in White County.

American Rescue Plan Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Act Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund.

2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities financed by special purpose local option sales taxes.

2020 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities financed by special purpose local option sales taxes.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

Solid Waste Enterprise Fund - This fund is used to account for activities connected with the disposal of residential and commercial solid waste at the County's solid waste transfer station.

Development Authority Enterprise Fund - This fund is used to account for activities of the White County Development Authority, which exists to promote business development in the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

Special Revenue Funds - This fund type is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of specifically planned projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Fiduciary Fund Types

Custodial Funds - Custodial Funds are custodial in nature and are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that are held for others.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Solid Waste, Industrial Building, and Development Authority Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Budgetary Information

The Board of Commissioners adopts an annual budget for all governmental fund types, prior to July 1, except for the Capital Projects Funds. The Capital Projects Funds are budgeted by the Board of Commissioners when capital projects are approved. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is legally enacted at a public meeting.

Each year in January, the County Manager and the Finance Director begin preparation of the proposed budget for the upcoming fiscal year. Using budget worksheets sent to the departments, the department managers complete the sheets and return to Finance in March. After the proposed budget is prepared, it is presented to the Board of Commissioners for consideration. Public hearings are held to discuss the proposed budget and to obtain input from the citizens of White County.

The level of legal budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the department level. Any changes in total departmental expenditures/expenses, personnel benefits, or capital purchases must be approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) at the legal level of budgetary control which is the department, sub-department, or project level. Expenditures may not exceed the appropriations within a fund. Budgets, as reported in the financial statements, are as originally passed by ordinance and subsequently amended. During the year, several supplementary appropriations are made as needed. The results are increases and decreases to the appropriations within the funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The County does not use the encumbrance system of accounting.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Cash and Investments

Cash and equivalents, as reported in the statement of cash flows, includes amounts in demand deposits, amounts with fiscal agents, and investments with an original maturity at three months or less. Investments are reported at fair value with accrued interest shown under a separate caption on the balance sheet. Reinvested interest on certain debt service and capital projects investments is included in the investment accounts.

I. Intergovernmental Receivables

Receivables from state, federal, and local governments are recorded as revenue for the period of the allocation or as earned based on expenditures made for which reimbursement is due.

J. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost on the first-in, first-out method. The costs of governmental fundtype inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

K. Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaids. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Capital Assets, continued

GASB Statement No. 34 required the County to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are among the largest asset classes of the County. Neither their historical costs nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the County implemented the requirements for retroactive reporting of major general infrastructure assets.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are reported at acquisition value.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets ranging as follows:

	Useful Life in Years	Capitalization Threshold
Land	N/A	\$ 1
Land Improvements	15	\$1
Buildings	40	\$ 5,000
Machinery and Equipment	5-10	\$ 5,000
Furniture and Fixtures	5	\$ 5,000
Vehicles	5-10	\$ 5,000
Computer Software	3-5	\$ 5,000
Infrastructure	15-50	\$ 50,000-
		\$ 150,000

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value or materiality extend the life of the asset are charged to operations as incurred. Costs of major additions and improvements are capitalized.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

N. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

O. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

P. Restricted Assets and Restricted Net Position

Restricted assets represent certain resources restricted by funding source or required to be set aside for the repayment of debt. They are maintained in a separate bank account and their use is limited.

Restricted net position is equal to the excess of the restricted assets funded from operations over the liabilities to be paid with restricted assets which are due in one year or less. Restricted assets exclude bond proceeds for calculation of restricted net position.

Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

White County implemented GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable at the end of the current fiscal year by the County are nonspendable in form. The County has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, continued

Restricted – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the Board of Commissioners, the County's highest level of decision making authority, which include the language "committed for the purpose of". Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through adoption of a subsequent resolution, which shall refer to the original resolution by its number.

Assigned - consists of amounts that are intended to be used by the County for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Intent can only be expressed by the Board of Commissioners or their designee. Assigned Fund Balance differs from Committed Fund Balance in that assignments do not require a resolution. An assignment of fund balance requires the majority vote of the Board; however, the Board has authorized the County Manager or the Chief Financial Officer to automatically assign fund balance in the following situations:

- a. If upon passage of a budget resolution, any fund balance used to balance a future budget, the amount used will be automatically recorded as Assigned Fund Balance.
- b. If any unspent funds for an ongoing capital project or donations for a specific purpose remain at fiscal year-end, these funds will be automatically recorded as Assigned Fund Balance until the project is complete or the donation has been spent for its intended purpose.
- c. Equity amounts reported in special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, or permanent funds not otherwise classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed shall constitute assignments of fund balance.

The County Manager has determined that all equity amounts reported in special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, or permanent funds not otherwise classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed shall constitute assignments of fund balance.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Q. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, continued

Unassigned – includes amounts that do not fall into one of the above four categories. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The General Fund is the only fund that should report this category of fund balance.

For the purposes of fund balance classification, the County considers restricted amounts spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Furthermore, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance can be used, then committed amounts are spent first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

R. Compensation for Future Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused leave benefits which will be paid to the employees upon separation from County service. Accumulated unpaid leave pay amounts are accrued when incurred by the County in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. The liability of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees. In governmental fund types, a liability is recorded only if the benefit has matured and is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

S. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as expenses when incurred.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

S. Long-Term Obligations, continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

T. Capital Contributions

Federal, state and local government assistance in the form of grants that are permanent in nature and restricted for the construction or acquisition of specific property and equipment is recorded as an asset and as non-operating revenue.

U. Comparative Data and Reclassifications

Comparative total data of the prior period has been presented in the accompanying individual fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the County's financial position and operations. Certain prior fiscal year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current fiscal year presentation.

3. Deposit and Investment Risk

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County has no formal policy, but follows the State of Georgia requirement that all deposits be federally insured or fully collateralized.

Interest Rate Risk

The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

3. Deposit and Investment Risk (continued)

Credit Risk

The County's policy is to adhere to State statutes as it relates to credit risk for investments. State of Georgia law limits investments to include certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, and pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County has no formal policy on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer.

Foreign currency risk

The County has no investments denominated in a foreign currency.

4. Accounts Receivable

Net accounts receivable at the end of the current fiscal year consist of the following:

Primary Government: Major Funds General Fund	\$	2,685
	Ψ	2,000
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund		9,489
Nonmajor Funds Emergency 911 Special Revenue Fund		93,005
Total primary government	\$	105,179
Component Unit White County Health Department	\$	45,882

5. Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at the end of the current fiscal year consist of the following:

Primary Government: Major Funds General Fund	\$ 42,392
Drug Task Force Special Revenue Fund	135,946
Nonmajor Funds Jail Special Revenue Fund	965
Drug Education Special Revenue Fund	 188
Total primary government	\$ 179,491

6. Property Taxes

Property tax rates are set by the Board of Commissioners each year and are limited by statutory or constitutional provision. Property values are assessed as of January 1st each year. Property taxes for digest year 2020, based upon the assessments as of January 1, 2020, were levied on August 3, 2020, billed on August 17, 2020, and due on November 15, 2020. Tax liens may be issued 90 days after the due date.

7. Interfund Balances

A summary of interfund balances at the end of the current fiscal year is as follows:

				Receiva	ble F	und:		
		Major	Fun	ıds	N	onmajor Funds	_	
			Нс	otel/Motel			-	
	G	eneral		Тах	Gov	vernmental		Total
Payable Fund: Major Funds								
General Drug Task Force	\$	0 3,244	\$	5,680 0	\$	44,374 0	\$	50,054 3,244
2014 SPLOST		3,244 80		0		0		3,244 80
Nonmajor Funds Governmental		4,855		0		0		4,855
Total	\$	8,179	\$	5,680	\$	44,374	\$	58,233

The balances reported as Due to/Due from resulted from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between the funds are made. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

8. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers for the current fiscal year is as follows:

	1	Fransfer In Fund	:
	Major Funds	Funds	_
	Drug		
	Task	_	
	Force	<u>Governmental</u>	Total
Transfer Out Fun	d:		
Major Funds			
General	\$ 4,215	\$ 1,172,297	<u>\$ 1,176,512</u>

Interfund transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or business-type fund group.

9. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Nondepreciable assets	• • • • • • • • •	•	•	• • • • • • • • •
Land	\$ 9,314,696	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 9,314,696
Construction in progress	4,980,891	701,266	(947,751)	4,734,406
Total non-depreciable assets	14,295,587	701,266	(947,751)	14,049,102
Depreciable assets				
Buildings	21,882,754	130,157	0	22,012,911
Land improvements	4,257,463	0	0	4,257,463
Machinery and equipment	5,520,621	152,707	(3,560)	5,669,768
Furniture and fixtures	826,547	0	0	826,547
Vehicles	7,076,136	742,552	(255,055)	7,563,633
Infrastructure	56,287,054	947,751	0	57,234,805
Total depreciable assets	95,850,575	1,973,167	(258,615)	97,565,127
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(8,256,614)	(527,582)	0	(8,784,196)
Land improvements	(2,033,042)	(132,900)	0	(2,165,942)
Machinery and equipment	(4,144,255)	(332,633)	2,390	(4,474,498)
Furniture and fixtures	(771,332)	(7,619)	0	(778,951)
Vehicles	(4,843,505)	(430,040)	249,818	(5,023,727)
Infrastructure	(43,782,527)	(1,114,526)	0	(44,897,053)
Total accumulated depreciation	(63,831,275)	(2,545,300)	252,208	(66,124,367)
Total depreciable assets, net	32,019,300	(572,133)	(6,407)	31,440,760
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 46,314,887	\$ 129,133	\$ (954,158)	\$ 45,489,862

Decreases in construction in progress for the governmental activities consist of projects placed in service in the amount of \$947,751.

9. Capital Assets (continued)

	eginning Balance	ļ	Increases	Decreases			Ending Balance
Business-type activities							
Nondepreciable assets							
Land	\$ 84,361	\$	0	\$	0	\$	84,361
Depreciable assets							
Buildings	710,404		0		0		710,404
Machinery and equipment	 48,517		0		0		48,517
Total depreciable assets	 758,921		0		0		758,921
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings	(319,692)		(17,760)		0		(337,452)
Machinery and equipment	 (22,889)		(1,368)		0		(24,257)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (342,581)		(19,128)		0		(361,709)
Total depreciable assets, net	416,340		(19,128)		0		397,212
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 500,701	\$	(19,128)	\$	0	\$	481,573

	Beginning Balance			creases	De	creases	Ending Balance		
Component unit									
Machinery and equipment	\$	6,730	\$	0	\$	0	\$	6,730	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Machinery and equipment		(1,234)		(1,346)		0		(2,580)	
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	5,496	\$	(1,346)	\$	0	\$	4,150	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental activities	
General Government	\$ 238,665
Judicial	19,535
Public Safety	866,263
Public Works	1,243,169
Health and Welfare	36,738
Culture and Recreation	132,907
Housing and Development	8,023
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 2,545,300
Business-type activities	
Solid Waste	\$ 19,128
Component unit	\$ 1,346

10. Capital and Operating Lease Agreements

The County has entered into agreements for the lease of certain equipment and vehicles. The terms of the agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. The total principal balance of the leases at the end of the current fiscal year is \$339,629 for governmental activities. At the end of the current fiscal year, total assets leased under the capital leases are machinery and equipment in the amount \$82,915, with related accumulated amortization of \$1,431 and vehicles in the amount \$258,596, with related accumulated amortization of \$4,322. The equipment has a ten year estimated useful life and the vehicles have a seven year estimated useful life. \$5,753 was included in depreciation expense for the leased assets for the current fiscal year.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments at the end of the current fiscal year:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Governmental activities					
2022	\$	110,397				
2023		110,397				
2024		110,397				
2025		19,897				
Less amounts representing interest		(11,459)				
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	339,629				

The County's lease agreements, other than such agreements described above, are relatively minor commitments and are in compliance with state law.

11. Long-Term Debt

Bonds from Direct Placements

Revenue bonds have been issued and are comprised of the following issues:

\$7,690,000 - Building Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2016A and Series 2016B - bonds due in annual principal payments on January 1 with semi-annual interest payments (1.72% - 2.26%) due on January 1 and July 1. The proceeds of the Series 2016A bonds were used for the purpose of redeeming all of the outstanding principal amount of the Series 2010 Bonds and, as a result of such redemption, the acquisition of the 2010 project, and paying part of the costs of issuance of the bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2016B bonds were used for the purpose of financing the costs of a multi-purpose recreational facility at the Yonah Preserve site (2016 improvements) and paying part of the costs of issuance of the bonds. Upon event of default, the issuer, or the bondholders as provided in the indenture, may (a) seek the appointment of a receiver for the 2010 project and the 2016 improvements, (b) require the County to furnish copies of all books and records of the County pertaining to the 2010 project and the 2016 improvements, (c) take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary to collect the amounts payable, or (d) exercise any remedies provided for in the indenture or under revenue bond law. The principal balance of the bonds at the end of the current fiscal year is \$4,075,000. Through an installment sale agreement between the County and the Building Authority, the bonds are being secured by all rights, title, and interest in the installment sale agreement (including the underlying detention center and multi-purpose recreational facility) and by a 1% special purpose local sales tax approved by the voters.

Fiscal Year						
Ending June 30,	Principal		Total			
2022	\$ 640,000	\$	92,095	\$	732,095	
2023	655,000		77,631		732,631	
2024	670,000		62,828		732,828	
2025	685,000		47,686		732,686	
2026	705,000		32,205		737,205	
2027	 720,000		16,272		736,272	
Totals	\$ 4,075,000	\$	328,717	\$	4,403,717	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds from direct placements are as follows:

12. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the current fiscal year:

	E	Beginning Balance Additions Deductions				eductions		Ending Balance	_	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities											
Compensated absences	\$	578,634	\$	434,603	\$	433,975	\$	579,262	\$	470,611	
Capital leases payable		80,329		341,333		82,033		339,629		104,643	
Bonds from direct placements	4,965,000		0			890,000		4,075,000		640,000	
Total governmental activities	\$	5,623,963	\$ 775,936		\$ 1,406,008		\$ 4,993,891		\$	1,215,254	
Business-type activities											
Landfill post-closure care costs	\$	468,733	\$	0	\$	17,005	\$	451,728	\$	17,005	
Component Unit											
Compensated absences	\$	86,826	\$	45,190	\$	35,788	\$	96,228	\$	35,800	

In prior years, long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, of the governmental activities were liquidated in the General Fund. The landfill post-closure care costs are paid for by the Solid Waste Fund. The total interest incurred and charged to expense for the current fiscal year was \$99,891 for the governmental activities.

13. Conduit Debt

The Development Authority of White County has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to a nonprofit corporation and an exempt organization for the refinancing of existing debt, purchase of real property, and construction improvements. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from the payments received on the underlying loan agreement. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the exempt organization served by the bond issuance. The Development Authority is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The original and outstanding amounts of conduit debt revenue bond obligations at the end of the current fiscal year were \$24,750,000 and \$24,695,000, respectively.

14. Landfill Post-Closure Care Costs

The County closed its solid waste landfill in fiscal year 1999. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to perform certain maintenance and monitoring operations at the landfill site for 30 years after official closure; the County has 10 years remaining. The estimated cost of all post closure care activities of \$451,728 is reported in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund. Because of future changes in technology, laws, or regulations, these costs may change.

15. Restricted, Committed, and Assigned Fund Balances

The following is a summary of restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances of the governmental funds at the end of the current fiscal year:

	(General	Drug Task Force		Hotel/Motel Tax		American Rescue Plan		2014 SPLOST		2020 SPLOST		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Restricted for:			_													
Judicial																
Clerk of Superior Court																
supplies and equipment	\$	107,879	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	107,879
Enotah Judicial Circuit	Ψ	101,010	Ψ	Ŭ	Ψ	Ũ	Ψ	Ũ	Ψ	Ũ	Ψ	Ũ	Ψ	0	Ψ	101,010
operations		0		0		0		0		0		0		46,168		46,168
Law library operations		0		0		0		0		0		0		47,846		47,846
		0		0		0		0		0		0		47,040		47,040
Public Safety																
Drug task force facilities,																
equipment, and operations		0		716,123		0		0		0		0		0		716,123
Sheriff facilities and equipment		0		0		0		0		0		0		241,774		241,774
Juvenile programs		0		0		0		0		0		0		8,533		8,533
Housing and Development																
Tourism product development		0		0		519,022		0		0		0		0		519,022
Education																
Drug education programs		0		0		0		0		0		0		7,598		7,598
Capital outlay																
Capital projects		23,320		0		0		0		2,849,668		2,685,925		15,864		5,574,777
Grant specifications		0		0		0		33		0		0		0		33
	\$	131,199	\$	716,123	\$	519,022	\$	33	\$	2,849,668	\$	2,685,925	\$	367,783	\$	7,269,753
	Ψ	101,100	Ψ	710,120	Ψ	010,022	Ψ		Ψ	2,043,000	Ψ	2,000,020	Ψ	307,703	Ψ	1,203,100
Assigned to :																
Assigned to:																
Public Safety	•	004 440	•	0	•	0	•	0	•	•	•	0	•	0	•	004 440
Sheriff facilities and equipment	\$	224,119	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	224,119
Emergency services operations		0		0		0		0		0		0		70,297		70,297
Housing and Development																
Trade and tourism		0		0		1,304,936		0		0		0		0		1,304,936
Subsequent year's budget		1,442,620		0		0		0		0		0		0		1,442,620
	\$	1,666,739	\$	0	\$	1,304,936	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	70,297	\$	3,041,972
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16. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets reported on the government-wide statement of net position is calculated as follows at the end of the current fiscal year:

	Governmental Activities	iness-Type Activities
Cost of capital assets	\$ 111,614,229	\$ 843,282
Accumulated depreciation	(66,124,367)	 (361,709)
Book value	45,489,862	481,573
Capital-related accounts payable	(53,214)	0
Capital leases payable	(339,629)	0
Bonds payable	(4,075,000)	0
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 41,022,019	\$ 481,573

17. Retirement Plans

County Defined Contribution Plan

The County provides retirement benefits for its employees through a deferred compensation, defined contribution plan. The Plan was created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(a), and is administered by the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC), an independent third party. Under the terms of the Plan, employees may defer a portion of their salary through voluntary contributions to the Plan. Employees may defer a maximum of \$15,500 per year. After completing one year of service, the County will contribute 4% of the employee's salary per year. After the second year of service, The County will begin contributing an additional match of ½% for each 1% voluntarily contributed by employee.

There is a cap of 3% for this additional match and an overall cap of \$2,200 for County contributions. Funds are vested 100% at the time of contribution. Amounts held in the Plan are not available to the employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. During the current fiscal year, the County contributed \$369,111 to the Plan, based on covered payroll of \$8,904,704. Total payroll was \$11,065,960. Plan members made voluntary contributions of \$561,299.

17. Retirement Plans (continued)

County Defined Contribution Plan, continued

The County has no fiduciary relationship with the plan, and plan assets are not available to the County or its general creditors. The Plan assets are held in trust by the administrator for the exclusive benefit of the participants of the Plan. The County Commission provides for the funding policy though a County ordinance and maintains the authority to change the policy. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Plan.

Other County Plans

In addition to the plan above, various County employees are covered under the following plans: Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund, Georgia State Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Magistrates' Retirement Fund of Georgia, Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia, Probate Judges' Retirement Fund of Georgia, Sheriffs' Retirement Fund of Georgia, and Superior Court Clerks' Retirement Fund of Georgia. Further information regarding these plans can be obtained from the plans' annual reports. These plans are immaterial to the financial statements.

White County Health Department Retirement Plan

Eligible employees of the White County Health Department participate in the Georgia State Employees' Retirement System (ERS), a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. During the current fiscal year, the Department contributed \$80,283. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Department reported a liability in the amount of \$593,508 for its proportionate share (0.014081%) of the net pension liability. The Department recognized pension expense of \$28,009 for the current fiscal year. Further information regarding the plan can be obtained from Department's annual audit report by contacting District 2 Public Health, 1280 Athens Street, Gainesville, Georgia 30507.

18. Other Post-Employment Benefits

White County Health Department

Eligible employees of the White County Health Department are provided OPEB through the State of Georgia OPEB Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan and life insurance through the SEAD-OPEB Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan. During the current fiscal year, the Department contributed \$20,481. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Department reported a net liability in the amount of \$87,951 for its proportionate share (0.012564% for the State of Georgia OPEB Fund and 0.018817% for the SEAD-OPEB Fund) of the net OPEB liability. The Department recognized OPEB expense of (\$77,305) for the current fiscal year. Further information regarding the plans can be obtained from Department's annual audit report by contacting District 2 Public Health, 1280 Athens Street, Gainesville, Georgia 30507.

19. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Georgia Mountains Regional Commission (GMRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the current fiscal year, the County paid \$27,988 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official in each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. A copy of the GMRC financial statements can be obtained from GMRC, 1310 West Ridge Road, Gainesville, Georgia 30501.

The County is a part of a venture with the Counties in the Enotah Judicial Circuit for the establishment of a Drug Court to oversee the rehabilitation of minor drug offenders rather than sentencing them to a prison term. During the current fiscal year, the County paid \$20,000 to Union County from the Drug Education Special Revenue Fund for participation. The Counties in the Enotah Judicial Circuit are liable for any debts or obligations of the Drug Court. A copy of the Drug Court financial statements can be obtained from Union County Commissioner, 65 Courthouse Street, Blairsville, Georgia 30512.

20. Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax

The County has levied an 8% lodging tax in accordance with OCGA 48-13-51. A summary of the transactions for the current fiscal year follows:

Lodging Tax Receipts	\$1,768,036	
Disbursements for trade and tourism	\$ 983,217 56	5% of tax receipts
Disbursements for tourism product development	\$ 14,513	

21. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments. As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss.

The County is also to allow the pool's agent and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds. The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against the members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverage. Management estimates liabilities for unpaid claims based on the probability of losses exceeding the occurrence limits and the reasonableness of estimating those losses.

21. Risk Management (continued)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County has no losses that are probable or estimable and accordingly has not recognized any liability.

Material estimates have been made by management about the historical cost of capital assets and the life of the depreciated capital assets. Management has used a conservative approach on these estimates.

In January 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern," which continues to spread throughout the world and has adversely impacted global commercial activity and contributed to significant declines and volatility in financial markets. The coronavirus outbreak and government responses are creating disruption in global supply chains and adversely impacting many industries. The outbreak could have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions and trigger a period of global economic slowdown. The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate material adverse impact of the coronavirus outbreak. Nevertheless, the outbreak presents uncertainty and risk with respect to the County, its performance, and its financial results.

22. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

At the end of the current fiscal year, contractual commitments on uncompleted contracts totaled \$1,057,618.

Contingencies

White County participates in a number of Revenue Sharing Grants. Expenditures financed by Revenue Sharing Grants are subject to a compliance audit by the grantor or its representative. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with program regulations, the County may be required to reimburse the grantor government. The County believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds or the overall financial position of the County.

22. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Contingencies, continued

The County is involved in several pending lawsuits. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

23. Nonexchange Financial Guarantee

The County entered into an environmental facilities agreement with the White County Water and Sewerage Authority dated April 5, 2011. The agreement stated if the Authority is unable to pay the principal and interest on its promissory note payable to the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority, the County will pay to the Authority the amount of such insufficiency. The note requires monthly payments of principal through December 1, 2036, with interest at 0.00%. At the end of the current fiscal year, the outstanding principal balance of the note payable is \$1,395,000. The agreement will remain in effect until such time as the note has been paid in full, but in no event shall the term exceed fifty years. The County has not made any payments on the note and does not anticipate future payments on the note.

24. Changes in Beginning Balances

Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds

Prior period adjustments have been made to adjust beginning net position in the Probate Court, Clerk of Superior Court, and Sheriff Department Custodial Funds. These adjustments were required due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and increased beginning net position in the Probate Court Custodial Fund by \$3,911, increased beginning net position in the Clerk of Superior Court Custodial Fund by \$277,132, and increased beginning net position in the Sheriff Department Custodial Fund by \$5,311.

The net effect of these adjustments increased beginning net position of the Custodial Funds by \$286,354.

25. New Accounting Pronouncements

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities,* effective for the County's current fiscal year. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue									
ASSETS		Jail		Inmate Welfare	E	Drug ducation		uvenile pervision	J	Enotah Iudicial Circuit
	•	110.005	•	50.400	•	10.005	<u>,</u>	0.500	•	50.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	119,605	\$	52,469	\$	12,265	\$	8,533	\$	52,298
Receivables (net) Accounts		0		0		0		0		0
Intergovernmental		965		0		188		0		0
Due from other funds		905		0		0		0		44,374
Due from other funds		0		0		0		0		44,374
Total assets	\$	120,570	\$	52,469	\$	12,453	\$	8,533	\$	96,672
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	49,379
Accrued salaries and expenditures		0		0		0		0		1,125
Due to other funds		0		0		4,855		0		0
Total liabilities		0		0		4,855		0		50,504
Fund balances										
Restricted for:										
Judicial		0		0		0		0		46,168
Public safety		120,570		52,469		0		8,533		0
Education		0		0		7,598		0		0
Capital outlay		0		0		0		0		0
Assigned to public safety		0		0		0		0		0
Total fund balances		120,570		52,469		7,598		8,533		46,168
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	120,570	\$	52,469	\$	12,453	\$	8,533	\$	96,672

		Special	Revenu	e				Capital	Projects			Total
En	nergency 911	nfiscated Assets		Law Library	G	rants	s	2008 SPLOST	Pre	onah serve ark	Gov	onmajor /ernmental Funds
\$	0	\$ 68,735	\$	47,846	\$	220	\$	25,864	\$	0	\$	387,835
	93,005	0		0		0		0		0		93,005
	0	0		0		0		0		0		1,153
	0	 0		0		0		0		0		44,374
\$	93,005	\$ 68,735	\$	47,846	\$	220	\$	25,864	\$	0	\$	526,367
\$	1,394 21,314	\$ 0 0	\$	0 0	\$	220 0	\$	10,000 0	\$	0 0	\$	60,993 22,439
	0 22,708	 0		0		0 220		0		0	_	4,855 88,287
	0	0		47,846		0		0		0		94,014
	0	68,735		0		0		0		0		250,307
	0	0		0		0		0		0		7,598
	0	0		0		0		15,864		0		15,864
	70,297	 0		0		0		0		0		70,297
	70,297	 68,735		47,846		0		15,864		0		438,080
\$	93,005	\$ 68,735	\$	47,846	\$	220	\$	25,864	\$	0	\$	526,367

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Jail	Inmate Welfare	Drug Education	Juvenile Supervision	Enotah Judicial Circuit
REVENUES					
Fines, fees, and forfeitures	\$ 31,363	\$0	\$ 23,961	\$ 60	\$ 0
Charges for services	0	18,641	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0	542,369
Interest	0	0	14	0	32
Other	0	0	0	0	0
Total revenues	31,363	18,641	23,975	60	542,401
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	0	0	0	0	0
Judicial	0	0	0	0	767,187
Public Safety	7,907	8,505	0	0	0
Public Works	0	0	0	0	0
Health and Welfare	0	0	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0	0
Housing and Development	0	0	0	0	0
Education	0	0	25,472	0	0
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0	0
Total expenditures	7,907	8,505	25,472	0	767,187
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	23,456	10,136	(1,497)	60	(224,786)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	0	0	0	0	191,263
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other					
financing sources over (under) expenditures					
and other financing uses	23,456	10,136	(1,497)	60	(33,523)
Fund balances, July 1	97,114	42,333	9,095	8,473	79,691
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 120,570	\$ 52,469	\$ 7,598	\$ 8,533	\$ 46,168

	Special F	Revenue		Capital Projects		Total
Emergency 911	Confiscated Assets	Law Library	Grants	2008 SPLOST	Yonah Preserve Park	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 0	\$ 22,058	\$ 17,027	\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0	\$ 94,469
554,467 0	0 0	0 0	0 126,055	0	0	573,108 668,424
0	0	50	0	43	0	139
786	0	0	0	0	0	786
555,253	22,058	17,077	126,055	43	0	1,336,926
0	0	0	67,520	0	0	67,520
0	0	19,666	1,120	0	0	787,973
1,214,674	19,617	0	259,020	0	0	1,509,723
0	0	0	114,326	0	0	114,326
0	0	0	2,711	0	0	2,711
0	0	0	1,396	0	0	1,396
0	0	0	1,170	0	0	1,170
0	0	0	0	0	0	25,472
0	0	0	0	3,250	0	3,250
1,214,674	19,617	19,666	447,263	3,250	0	2,513,541
(659,421)	2,441	(2,589)	(321,208)	(3,207)	0	(1,176,615)
665,309	0	0	315,725	0	0_	1,172,297
5,888	2,441	(2,589)	(5,483)	(3,207)	0	(4,318)
64,409	66,294	50,435	5,483	19,071	0_	442,398
\$ 70,297	\$ 68,735	\$ 47,846	\$ 0	\$ 15,864	\$ 0	\$ 438,080

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GENERAL FUND

The general operating fund of the County is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,839,620	\$ 5,248,062
Certificates of deposit	674,142	669,575
Receivables (net) Accounts	2,685	26,702
Intergovernmental	42,392	27,348
Taxes	485,255	440,016
Prepaids	257,699	35,904
Due from other funds	8,179	39,332
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	131,199	74,747
Total assets	\$ 9,441,171	\$ 6,561,686
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 281,050	\$ 178,773
Accrued salaries and expenditures	294,450	236,640
Due to other funds	50,054	38,060
Total liabilities	625,554	453,473
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	7,112	32,182
Fund balances		
Nonspendable prepaids Restricted for:	257,699	35,904
Judicial	107,879	61,998
Capital outlay	23,320	12,749
Assigned to:	,	,
Public Safety	224,119	228,594
Subsequent year's budget	1,442,620	964,722
Unassigned	6,752,868	4,772,064
Total fund balances	8,808,505	6,076,031
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		
and fund balances	\$ 9,441,171	\$ 6,561,686

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Fines, fees and forfeitures Charges for services Intergovernmental Interest Contributions Other	\$ 18,925,437 239,057 463,617 1,135,948 1,684,155 14,735 22,857 68,651	\$ 17,011,117 252,739 454,167 1,006,604 286,665 53,367 14,038 155,408
Total revenues	22,554,457	19,234,105
EXPENDITURES Current General Government Judicial Public Safety	3,669,125 1,599,368 9,525,182	3,543,577 1,492,112 9,028,394
Public Salety Public Works Health and Welfare Culture and Recreation Housing and Development	9,020,182 1,653,995 563,318 1,056,777 625,029	9,028,394 1,482,612 517,536 920,158 625,740
Total expenditures	18,692,794	17,610,129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,861,663	1,623,976
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Drug Task Force Fund Emergency 911 Fund Enotah Judicial Circuit Fund Grants Fund Sale of capital assets Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,215) (665,309) (191,263) (315,725) 47,323 (1,129,189)	0 (510,182) (180,967) 0 21,543 (669,606)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	2,732,474	954,370
Fund balances, July 1	6,076,031	5,121,661
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 8,808,505	\$ 6,076,031

		2021		2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes General property taxes Property tax Motor vehicle tax	\$ 10,303,183 1,085,450	\$ 10,255,786 1,923,903	\$ (47,397) 838,453	\$ 10,009,552 1,580,137
Mobile home tax Cost, penalties, and interest	52,000 216,000	88,995 65,520	36,995 (150,480)	75,170 70,628
	·		· · · · · ·	
Total general property taxes Local option sales tax	11,656,633 2,910,358	12,334,204 4,019,519	677,571 1,109,161	11,735,487 3,041,726
Intangibles tax Real estate transfer tax Franchise tax Insurance premium tax Beer and wine tax Occupational tax	140,000 50,000 55,000 1,602,658 91,350 130,000	423,294 152,015 24,282 1,703,516 111,286 157,321	283,294 102,015 (30,718) 100,858 19,936 27,321	251,128 96,247 48,242 1,602,658 96,033 139,596
Total taxes	16,635,999	18,925,437	2,289,438	17,011,117
Licenses and permits Alcohol licenses Building permits Other permits	45,000 121,300 8,500	42,258 172,570 24,229	(2,742) 51,270 15,729	45,435 170,670 36,634
Total licenses and permits	174,800	239,057	64,257	252,739
Fines, fees and forfeitures	422,870	463,617	40,747	454,167
Charges for Services Sheriff services Prisoner board Real estate recordings Collection commissions Recreation charges Other charges for services	144,195 37,500 120,000 360,000 177,205 121,303	159,298 43,210 249,961 390,033 158,328 135,118	15,103 5,710 129,961 30,033 (18,877) 13,815	165,853 28,010 176,619 379,400 143,978 112,744
Total charges for services	960,203	1,135,948	175,745	1,006,604
Intergovernmental	253,656	1,684,155	1,430,499	286,665
Interest	55,003	14,735	(40,268)	53,367

		2021		2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES Contributions	\$ 18,900	\$ 22,857	\$ 3,957	\$ 14,038
Other Rental Income Miscellaneous	29,300 27,150	,	(28,300) 40,501	17,145 138,263
Total other	56,450	68,651	12,201	155,408
Total revenues	\$ 18,577,881	\$ 22,554,457	\$ 3,976,576	\$ 19,234,105

	2021						2020
-	Final		A stual		Varianaa		Astual
EXPENDITURES	Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual
Current							
General Government							
County-Wide							
Personal services \$	59,210	\$	59,209	\$	1	\$	46,401
Contract services	144,714	Ŷ	144,713	Ψ	1	Ψ	133,296
Materials and supplies	150,862		150,861		1		149,852
Payments to other agencies	47,605		47,605		O		49,014
	402,391		402,388		3		378,563
Building Maintenance	402,001		402,000		<u> </u>		010,000
Personal services	577,431		556,016		21,415		515,792
Contract services	137,580		147,096		(9,516)		217,578
Materials and supplies	42,572		52,830		(10,258)		50,105
	757,583		755,942		1,641		783,475
Elections —	101,000		100,012		1,011		100,110
Personal services	70,347		73,644		(3,297)		11,177
Contract services	11,606		7,808		3,798		5,831
Materials and supplies	7,845		8,264		(419)		8,227
	89,798		89,716		82		25,235
Commissioners' Office							
Personal services	470,536		470,481		55		450,836
Contract services	43,447		43,391		56		91,880
Materials and supplies	21,820		21,789		31		19,858
	535,803		535,661		142		562,574
Network							
Personal services	141,972		157,238		(15,266)		195,658
Contract services	189,386		179,494		9,892		122,136
Materials and supplies	38,014		32,604		5,410		49,543
_	369,372		369,336		36		367,337
Registrars					-		
Personal services	60,790		60,790		0		72,605
Contract services	3,519		3,519		0		4,000
Materials and supplies	3,655		3,655		0		5,478
	67,964		67,964		0		82,083
Human Resources	00.005		75 050		(4.4.50.4)		00.040
Personal services	60,825		75,359		(14,534)		68,346
Contract services	39,102		26,042		13,060		15,334
Materials and supplies	2,550		1,060		1,490		1,213
	102,477		102,461		16		84,893
Tax Commissioner Personal services	506,958		524,304		(17 346)		483,360
					(17,346) 9,931		
Contract services	44,577		34,646		9,931 7,743		20,655
Materials and supplies	80,830		73,087		328		67,248
-	632,365		632,037		320		571,263

		2020		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
General Government (continued)				
Tax Assessor & Board of Equaliz				
Personal services	\$ 465,980	\$ 487,753	\$ (21,773)	\$ 478,474
Contract services	43,512	28,003	15,509	23,917
Materials and supplies	32,920	26,051	6,869	27,112
	542,412	541,807	605	529,503
Finance	4 47 000	4 47 0 40	004	407.400
Personal services	147,336	147,042	294	137,190
Contract services	17,900	18,004	(104)	15,204
Materials and supplies	6,600	6,767	(167)	6,257
	171,836	171,813	23	158,651
Total General Government	3,672,001	3,669,125	2,876	3,543,577
Judicial				
Clerk of Superior Court				
Personal services	479,284	497,755	(18,471)	459,223
Contract services	21,520	11,719	9,801	30,720
Materials and supplies	41,675	33,995	7,680	27,975
Capital outlay	1,000	0	1,000	0
	543,479	543,469	10	517,918
Clerk of Magistrate Court		/		
Personal services	49,965	50,971	(1,006)	44,816
Contract services	1,070	447	623	730
Materials and supplies	2,550	2,157	393	2,479
	53,585	53,575	10	48,025
Clerk of Juvenile Court	F 004	0.500	(007)	0 554
Personal services	5,891	6,528	(637)	6,554
Contract services	640	0	640	0
District Attorney	6,531	6,528	3	6,554
District Attorney Personal services	0	17	(17)	12
Contract services	0 200	17 474	(17) (274)	13 1,610
Materials and supplies	1,070	763	307	735
materials and supplies	1,070	1,254	16	2,358
Magistrate Court	1,270	1,204	10	2,330
Personal services	192,209	205,012	(12,803)	190,817
Contract services	15,619	7,925	7,694	9,408
Materials and supplies	10,930	5,811	5,119	5,179
	218,758	218,748	10	205,404
Probate Court				
Personal services	334,524	335,702	(1,178)	314,472
Contract services	73,061	73,944	(883)	41,038
Materials and supplies	14,500	12,613	1,887	7,696
	422,085	422,259	(174)	363,206
Juvenile Court				
Contract services	131,076	131,075	1	127,888

	2021				2020	
_	Final Budget		Actual Variance		 Actual	
Judicial (continued)	<u>U</u>					
Public Defender						
Materials and supplies \$	0	\$	5	\$	(5)	\$ (5)
Payments to other agencies	142,897		142,897		0	 125,696
	142,897		142,902		(5)	 125,691
Superior Court						
Personal services	2,523		2,381		142	4,391
Contract services	76,636		76,774		(138)	90,288
Materials and supplies	404		403		1	 389
_	79,563		79,558		5	 95,068
Total Judicial	1,599,244		1,599,368		(124)	 1,492,112
Public Safety Animal Control						
Personal services	216,141		240,297		(24,156)	237,703
Contract services	39,950		29,580		10,370	23,021
Materials and supplies	62,059		47,864		14,195	29,661
—	318,150		317,741		409	290,385
Coroner						
Personal services	35,135		39,188		(4,053)	33,606
Contract services	19,121		17,448		1,673	8,329
Materials and supplies	4,950		1,887		3,063	 3,117
	59,206		58,523		683	 45,052
Emergency Management Agency						
Personal services	164,044		164,822		(778)	149,777
Contract services	28,288		28,433		(145)	25,296
Materials and supplies	25,022		24,053		969	 19,235
	217,354		217,308		46	 194,308
Fire	4 004 457		4 005 504		(4, 40, 4)	4 400 055
Personal services	1,361,157		1,365,591		(4,434)	1,186,955
Contract services	143,025		139,186 162,737		3,839	119,485
Materials and supplies Capital outlay	157,680 6,500		6,500		(5,057)	188,293 6,608
Payments to other agencies	11,500		7,500		0 4,000	11,500
Fayments to other agencies	1,679,862		1,681,514			 1,512,841
Sheriff —	1,079,002		1,001,014		(1,652)	 1,012,041
Personal services	3,393,776		3,406,474		(12,698)	3,147,087
Contract services	266,820		262,571		4,249	257,598
Materials and supplies	244,510		220,610		23,900	249,190
Capital outlay	33,000		51,958		(18,958)	 60,110
	3,938,106		3,941,613		(3,507)	3,713,985

		2020			
-	Final	Actual			
Public Safety (continued)	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual	
Detention Center					
	\$ 1,781,360	\$ 1,833,460	\$ (52,100)	\$ 1,759,037	
Contract services	540,700	502,969	37,731	538,557	
Materials and supplies	184,800	172,054	12,746	174,229	
-	2,506,860	2,508,483	(1,623)	2,471,823	
Emergency Medical Services					
Payments to other agencies	800,000	800,000	0	800,000	
Total Public Safety	9,519,538	9,525,182	(5,644)	9,028,394	
Public Works					
Road Department			(=======)		
Personal services	1,023,918	1,097,487	(73,569)	1,054,059	
Contract services	152,400	140,139	12,261	103,842	
Materials and supplies	476,483	416,369	60,114	265,711	
Capital outlay	0	0	0	59,000	
Total Public Works	1,652,801	1,653,995	(1,194)	1,482,612	
Health and Welfare Senior Services					
Personal services	262,502	285,012	(22,510)	269,655	
Contract services	18,517	14,495	4,022	13,052	
Materials and supplies	122,941	91,978	30,963	75,329	
Capital outlay	0	12,333	(12,333)	0	
	403,960	403,818	142	358,036	
DFACS Payments to other agencies	39,500	39,500	0	39,500	
· · ·	5 39,300	39,500	0	39,300	
White County Health Department Payments to other agencies	s <u>120,000</u>	120,000	0	120,000	
Total Health and Welfare	563,460	563,318	142	517,536	
Culture & Recreation Libraries					
Personal services	243,407	244,392	(985)	222,873	
Contract services	1,578	1,806	(228)	1,512	
Materials and supplies	1,876	645	1,231	1,302	
Payments to other agencies		83,902	0	83,902	
· · · ·	330,763	330,745	18	309,589	
Park & Recreation	· · · · · ·				
Personal services	396,585	353,709	42,876	308,500	
Contract services	219,455	236,742	(17,287)	178,078	
Materials and supplies	110,090	135,581	(25,491)	123,991	
-	726,130	726,032	98	610,569	
Total Culture & Recreation	1,056,893	1,056,777	116	920,158	

		2020			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual	
Housing & Development					
Extension Service					
Contract services	\$ 39,750	\$ 39,743	\$ 7	\$ 40,913	
Materials and supplies	4,685	4,683	2	3,554	
- ·	44,435	44,426	9	44,467	
Forestry	- 0.540	0 5 4 0	0	0 5 4 0	
Payments to other agencie	s 9,540	9,540	0	9,540	
Economic Development					
Personal services	100,367	113,080	(12,713)	105,051	
Contract services	7,860	2,972	4,888	3,523	
Materials and supplies	3,650	1,379	2,271	2,066	
Payments to other agencie	s 30,000	24,383	5,617	19,489	
	141,877	141,814	63	130,129	
Building Inspection					
Personal services	153,867	156,244	(2,377)	174,987	
Contract services	11,350	7,732	3,618	7,975	
Materials and supplies	5,200	6,428	(1,228)	4,237	
	170,417	170,404	13	187,199	
Planning					
Personal services	133,829	128,613	5,216	114,179	
Contract services	9,734	10,172	(438)	8,394	
Materials and supplies	2,150	6,911	(4,761)	14,206	
	145,713	145,696	17	136,779	
Code Enforcement					
Personal services	0	304	(304)	10,180	
Contract services	3,982	2,663	1,319	2,676	
Materials and supplies	2,213	3,226	(1,013)	6,248	
	6,195	6,193	2	19,104	
GIS		<u>·</u>		<u>,</u>	
Personal services	78,958	86,667	(7,709)	79,023	
Contract services	22,950	18,408	4,542	18,915	
Materials and supplies	5,070	1,881	3,189	584	
	106,978	106,956	22	98,522	
Total Housing & Development	625,155	625,029	126	625,740	
Total Expenditures	\$ 18,689,092	\$ 18,692,794	\$ (3,702)	\$ 17,610,129	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

<u>Jail Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for fines and fees received restricted for the maintenance of the County Jail.

Inmate Welfare Fund – This fund is used to account for receipts from commissary sales restricted for use of the benefit of inmates in the County Jail.

<u>Drug Education Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for fines and fees received restricted for drug education programs in the County.

<u>Drug Task Force Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for local and federal monies restricted for the Appalachian Regional Drug Enforcement Office.

<u>Juvenile Supervision Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for fines and fees received restricted for juvenile programs in the justice system.

<u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for Hotel/Motel tax collections that are restricted for tourism in White County.

<u>Enotah Judicial Circuit Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for local, state, and federal monies restricted for the operations of the Enotah Judicial Circuit.

<u>Emergency 911 Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the County's share of telephone fees restricted for the operation of the 911 emergency system.

<u>Confiscated Assets Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the cash or property received from drug confiscations restricted for law enforcement.

<u>Law Library Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the fines and forfeitures received that are restricted for providing a County Law Library.

Grants Fund – This fund is used to account for grants received restricted for special purposes.

<u>American Rescue Plan Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Act Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA JAIL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021		2020	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable	\$	119,605 965	\$	96,672 442
Total assets	\$	120,570	\$	97,114
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Fund balances Restricted for public safety	\$	120,570	\$	97,114
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	120,570	\$	97,114

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA JAIL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

		2020				
	Final Budget	Actual		Variance		 Actual
REVENUES						
Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest	\$ 7,907 0	\$	31,363 0	\$	23,456 0	\$ 35,888 731
Total revenues	 7,907		31,363		23,456	 36,619
EXPENDITURES						
Current Public Safety						
Materials and supplies	 7,907		7,907		0	 18,736
Total expenditures	 7,907		7,907		0	 18,736
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	0		23,456		23,456	17,883
Fund balances, July 1	 0		97,114		97,114	 79,231
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$	120,570	\$	120,570	\$ 97,114

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA INMATE WELFARE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021		2020
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	52,469	\$ 42,333
Total assets	\$	52,469	\$ 42,333
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Fund balances Restricted for public safety	\$	52,469	\$ 42,333
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	52,469	\$ 42,333

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA INMATE WELFARE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021							2020
		Final Budget	Actual		ial Varian			Actual
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	8,505	\$	18,641	\$	10,136	\$	18,940
Total revenues		8,505		18,641		10,136		18,940
EXPENDITURES								
Current Public Safety								
Materials and supplies		8,505		8,505		0		28,983
Total expenditures		8,505		8,505		0		28,983
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		10,136		10,136		(10,043)
Fund balances, July 1	_	0	_	42,333	_	42,333		52,376
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	52,469	\$	52,469	\$	42,333

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS	2021		2020	
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivables	\$	12,265 188	\$	16,641 0
Total assets	\$	12,453	\$	16,641
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	0 4,855	\$	2,691 4,855
Fund balances Restricted for education		4,855 7,598		7,546 9,095
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	12,453	\$	16,641

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021						2020		
		Final Budget	Actual		Variance			Actual	
REVENUES									
Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest	\$	24,772 700	\$	23,961 14	\$	(811) (686)	\$	32,376 233	
Total revenues		25,472		23,975		(1,497)		32,609	
EXPENDITURES									
Current Education									
Drug education		5,472		5,472		0		9,351	
Drug court		20,000		20,000		0		40,000	
Total expenditures		25,472		25,472		0		49,351	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		(1,497)		(1,497)		(16,742)	
Fund balance, July 1		0		9,095		9,095		25,837	
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	7,598	\$	7,598	\$	9,095	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG TASK FORCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 1,032,644 0 135,946	\$ 872,406 275 103,624
Total assets	\$ 1,168,590	\$ 976,305
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures Due to other funds Due to others	\$ 27,270 1,951 3,244 420,002	\$ 15,745 1,510 6,706 270,050
Total liabilities	452,467	294,011
Fund balances Restricted for public safety	716,123	682,294
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,168,590	\$ 976,305

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DRUG TASK FORCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

			2021		2020
		Final			
	B	ludget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
REVENUES					
Fines, fees & forfeitures	\$	0	\$ 25,642	\$ 25,642	\$ 101,476
Intergovernmental		446,121	561,164	115,043	419,627
Interest		0	621	621	4,580
Other		0	 4,300	 4,300	 0
Total revenues		446,121	 591,727	 145,606	 525,683
EXPENDITURES					
Current Public Safety					
Personal services		96,187	94,496	1,691	87,210
Contract services		52,200	37,113	15,087	41,352
Materials and supplies		153,600	175,450	(21,850)	122,492
Capital outlay		79,518	41,814	37,704	61,048
Payments to other agencies		180,608	 213,240	 (32,632)	 248,127
Total expenditures		562,113	 562,113	 0	 560,229
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	((115,992)	 29,614	 145,606	 (34,546)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)					
General Fund		115,992	4,215	(111,777)	0
Sale of capital assets		0	 0	 0	 14,207
Total other financing sources (uses)		115,992	 4,215	 (111,777)	 14,207
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)					
expenditures and other financing uses		0	33,829	33,829	(20,339)
Fund balance, July 1		0	 682,294	 682,294	 702,633
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$ 716,123	\$ 716,123	\$ 682,294

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA JUVENILE SUPERVISION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021		2020
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,533	\$ 8,473
Total assets	\$	8,533	\$ 8,473
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Fund balances Restricted for public safety	\$	8,533	\$ 8,473
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,533	\$ 8,473

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA JUVENILE SUPERVISION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021						2020	
		Final Budget		Actual	Vá	ariance	A	Actual
REVENUES								
Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest	\$	60 0	\$	60 0	\$	0 0	\$	190 77
Total revenues		60		60		0		267
EXPENDITURES								
Current Public Safety								
Contract services		60		0		60		0
Total expenditures		60		0		60		0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		60		60		267
Fund balance, July 1		0		8,473		8,473		8,206
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	8,533	\$	8,533	\$	8,473

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	 2021	 2020
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,797,364	\$ 1,028,619
Taxes receivable Due from other funds	187,487 5,680	120,932 5,680
	 3,000	 5,000
Total assets	\$ 1,990,531	\$ 1,155,231
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 166,573	\$ 102,388
Fund balances		
Restricted for housing and development	519,022	255,311
Assigned to housing and development Assigned to subsequent year's budget	1,304,936	792,807 4,725
Assigned to subsequent years budget	 0	 4,725
Total fund balances	 1,823,958	 1,052,843
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,990,531	\$ 1,155,231

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

		2020		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes Fines, fees, and forfeitures Interest Contributions	\$ 1,357,133 500 175 0	\$ 1,768,036 809 0 0	\$ 410,903 309 (175) 0	\$ 997,766 271 9,134 10,000
Total revenues	1,357,808	1,768,845	411,037	1,017,171
EXPENDITURES				
Current Public Works				
Capital outlay Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	5,410
Contract services	0	0	0	5,000
Materials and supplies	2,865	2,865	0	7,497
Capital outlay	11,648	11,648	0	269,811
Housing and Development Payments to other agencies	984,000	983,217	783	583,547
Total expenditures	998,513	997,730	783	871,265
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	359,295	771,115	411,820	145,906
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)	(364,020)	0	364,020	0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)			775 0 10	115.000
expenditures and other financing use	es (4,725)	771,115	775,840	145,906
Fund balances, July 1	4,725	1,052,843	1,048,118	906,937
Fund balances, June 30	\$0	\$ 1,823,958	\$ 1,823,958	\$ 1,052,843

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA ENOTAH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS	2021		2020		
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	52,298 44,374	\$	122,054 32,380	
Total assets	\$	96,672	\$	154,434	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures	\$	49,379 1,125	\$	74,050 693	
Total liabilities		50,504		74,743	
Fund balances Restricted for judicial		46,168		79,691	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	96,672	\$	154,434	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA ENOTAH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021					 2020	
		Final					
		Budget		Actual	V	ariance	 Actual
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	542,369	\$	542,369	\$	0	\$ 542,369
Interest		425		32		(393)	110
Other		100		0		(100)	 0
Total revenues		542,894		542,401		(493)	 542,479
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Judicial							
Personal service		680,619		685,678		(5,059)	672,621
Contract services		64,068		62,375		1,693	68,576
Materials and supplies		22,500		19,134		3,366	 25,471
Total expenditures		767,187		767,187		0	 766,668
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(224,293)		(224,786)		(493)	(224,189)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)							
General Fund		180,967		191,263		10,296	 180,967
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and							
other financing uses		(43,326)		(33,523)		9,803	(43,222)
Fund balance, July 1		43,326		79,691		36,365	 122,913
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	46,168	\$	46,168	\$ 79,691

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA EMERGENCY 911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021		 2020
ASSETS			
Accounts receivable	\$	93,005	\$ 90,012
Total assets	\$	93,005	\$ 90,012
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and expenditures Due to other funds	\$	1,394 21,314 0	\$ 750 18,469 6,384
Total liabilities		22,708	 25,603
Fund balances Assigned to public safety Assigned to subsequent year's budget		70,297 0	 36,801 27,608
Total fund balances		70,297	 64,409
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	93,005	\$ 90,012

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA EMERGENCY 911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

		2020		
	Final Budget	Actual Variance		Actual
REVENUES				
Charges for services Interest Other	\$ 562,620 100 400	\$ 554,467 0 786	\$ (8,153) (100) 386	\$ 543,602 125 701
Total revenues	563,120	555,253	(7,867)	544,428
EXPENDITURES				
Current Public Safety				
Personal services	925,952	932,926	(6,974)	876,041
Contract services Materials and supplies	93,043 93,057	90,306 191,442	2,737 (98,385)	91,958 113,091
Capital outlay	102,622	0	102,622	23,580
Total expenditures	1,214,674	1,214,674	0	1,104,670
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(651,554)	(659,421)	(7,867)	(560,242)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)				
General Fund	574,086	665,309	91,223	510,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and				
other financing uses	(77,468)	5,888	83,356	(50,060)
Fund balance, July 1	77,468	64,409	(13,059)	114,469
Fund balances, June 30	\$0	\$ 70,297	\$ 70,297	\$ 64,409

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS	2021		 2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	68,735	\$ 66,294
Total assets	\$	68,735	\$ 66,294
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Fund balances Restricted for public safety	\$	68,735	\$ 66,294
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	68,735	\$ 66,294

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CONFISCATED ASSETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

		2020		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
REVENUES				
Fines, fees and forfeitures	\$ 16,315	\$ 22,058	\$ 5,743	\$ 61,386
Total revenues	16,315	22,058	5,743	61,386
EXPENDITURES				
Current Public Safety				
Materials and supplies Capital outlay	5,372 14,245	5,372 14,245	0 0	0
Total expenditures	19,617	19,617	0	0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,302)	2,441	5,743	61,386
Fund balance, July 1	3,302	66,294	(62,992)	4,908
Fund balances, June 30	\$0	\$ 68,735	\$ 68,735	\$ 66,294

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS	 2021	2020		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,846	\$	50,435	
Total assets	\$ 47,846	\$	50,435	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Fund balances Restricted for judicial	\$ 47,846	\$	50,435	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 47,846	\$	50,435	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021						2020								
REVENUES	Final Budget		Actual Va		Final Budget Actual						ual Variance		Variance		Actual
Fines and forfeitures Interest	\$	18,000 200	\$	17,027 50	\$	(973) (150)	\$ 17,042 391								
Total revenues		18,200		17,077		(1,123)	 17,433								
EXPENDITURES															
Current Judicial															
Materials and supplies		20,000		19,666		334	 17,199								
Total expenditures		20,000		19,666		334	 17,199								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,800)		(2,589)		(789)	234								
Fund balance, July 1		1,800		50,435		48,635	 50,201								
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	47,846	\$	47,846	\$ 50,435								

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS	2021		2020		
Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable	\$	220 0	\$	0 28,979	
Total assets	\$	220	\$	28,979	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	220 0	\$	2,189 21,307	
Total liabilities		220		23,496	
Fund balances Restricted for grant specifications		0		5,483	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	220	\$	28,979	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (With comparative actual amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021					2020		
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance			Actual
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	126,000 0	\$	126,055 0	\$	55 0	\$	45,640 124
Total revenues		126,000		126,055		55		45,764
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government Materials and supplies Judicial		68,000		67,520		480		27,985
Materials and supplies Public Safety		2,000		1,120		880		0
Personal services		184,000		183,182		818		25,327
Materials and supplies		76,000		75,838		162		41,015
Public Works		47.000		40.070		004		0
Personal services Materials and supplies		17,000 98,000		16,679 97,647		321 353		0 934
Health and Welfare		30,000		37,047		000		304
Materials and supplies		3,000		2,711		289		2,313
Culture and Recreation								
Materials and supplies		2,000		1,396		604		2,446
Housing and Development		0.000		4 4 7 0		000		4 000
Materials and supplies		2,000		1,170		830		1,630
Total expenditures		452,000		447,263		4,737		101,650
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(326,000)		(321,208)		4,792		(55,886)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)								
General Fund		326,000		315,725		(10,275)		0
		020,000		010,120		(10,210)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)	er							
expenditures and other financing use	es	0		(5,483)		(5,483)		(55,886)
Fund balance, July 1		0		5,483		5,483		61,369
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	5,483

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,991,108
Total assets	\$ 2,991,108
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ 2,991,075
Fund balances Restricted for grant specifications	 33
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,991,108

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Interest	\$	0	\$	33	\$	33
Total revenues		0		33		33
EXPENDITURES		0		0		0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		33		33
Fund balance, July 1		0		0		0
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	33	\$	33

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CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of specifically planned projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>2008 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the 2008 special purpose local option sales tax.

<u>2014 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the 2014 special purpose local option sales tax.

<u>2020 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the 2020 special purpose local option sales tax.

<u>Yonah Preserve Park Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for construction of a multi-purpose recreational facility at the Yonah Preserve site.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2008 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS		2021		2020	
A33E13					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,864	\$	29,071	
Total assets	\$	25,864	\$	29,071	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities	•	40.000	•		
Accounts payable	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	
Fund balances					
Restricted for capital outlay		15,864		19,071	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	25,864	\$	29,071	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2008 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020	
Interest	\$ 43	\$	365
Total revenues	 43		365
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay Culture and Recreation Park & Recreation	 3,250		206,709
Total expenditures	 3,250		206,709
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,207)		(206,344)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out) Yonah Preserve Park Fund	 0		(248,086)
Excess (deficiency of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(3,207)		(454,430)
Fund balances, July 1	19,071		473,501
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 15,864	\$	19,071

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2014 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,870,527	\$ 3,712,966
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	0	461,758 416
Taxes receivable	0	604,642
Total assets	\$ 2,870,527	\$ 4,779,782
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 20,779	\$ 42,841
Intergovernmental payables	0	157,207
Due to other funds	80	80
Total liabilities	20,859	200,128
Fund balances		
Restricted for capital outlay	2,849,668	4,579,654
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,870,527	\$ 4,779,782

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2014 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

REVENUES	2021	2020	
Taxes Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 2,379,133 404,606 41	\$ 5,052,804 496,758 463	
Total revenues	2,783,780	5,550,025	
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay			
General Government			
County-Wide	155,938	30,000	
Building Maintenance	55,577	127,425	
Elections	12,924	39,177	
Commissioners' Office	16,698	40,074	
Network	38,885	0	
Tax Assessor	28,991	0	
Public Safety			
Coroner	0	12,094	
Fire	148,838	0	
Sheriff	85,302	311,478	
Detention Center	0	1,500	
Emergency 911	0	22,075	
Public Works			
Roads and Bridges	2,250,261	1,163,338	
Culture and Recreation			
Park & Recreation	31,766	93,488	
Housing and Development			
Building Inspection	0	55,319	
Intergovernmental	610,816	1,300,778	
Debt Service			
Principal	970,330	1,167,425	
Interest	107,440	128,891	
Total expenditures	4,513,766	4,493,062	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,729,986)	1,056,963	
Fund balances, July 1	4,579,654	3,522,691	
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 2,849,668	\$ 4,579,654	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2020 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$ 2,254,000 755,786
Total assets	\$ 3,009,786
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities Accounts payable Intergovernmental payables	\$ 24,570 299,291
Total liabilities	323,861
Fund balances Restricted for capital outlay	 2,685,925
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,009,786

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA 2020 SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES

Taxes	\$ 4,336,808
Intergovernmental	111,000
Interest	25
Total revenues	4,447,833
EXPENDITURES	
Capital Outlay	
General Government	
Commissioners' Office	20,287
Tax Commissioner	12,382
Public Safety	
Sheriff	258,418
Public Works	
Roads and Bridges	92,969
Intergovernmental	1,717,376
Debt Service	
Principal	1,704
Interest	105
Total expenditures	2,103,241
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,344,592
Other financing sources (uses)	
Issuance of capital leases	341,333
	<u></u> _
Excess (deficiency of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	2,685,925
over (under) experiationes and other infancing uses	2,000,920
Fund balances, July 1	0
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 2,685,925

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA YONAH PRESERVE PARK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021		2020	
ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	0

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA YONAH PRESERVE PARK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

2021		2020	
\$	0	0	
	0	10,723	
	0	10,723	
	0	(10,723)	
	0	248,086	
	0	237,363	
\$	0	(237,363) \$ 0	
	<u>\$</u>	\$ <u>0</u> 0 0 0 0	

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ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The funds are self-supporting in nature where the costs, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for activities connected with the disposal of residential and commercial solid waste at the County's solid waste transfer station.

<u>Development Authority Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the activities of the White County Development Authority, which exists to promote business development in the County.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 617,230	\$ 414,637
Certificates of deposit	34,704	209,931
Accounts receivable	9,489	6,574
Total current assets	661,423	631,142
Capital assets		
Land	84,361	84,361
Buildings	710,404	710,404
Equipment	48,517	48,517
Accumulated depreciation	(361,709)	(342,581)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	481,573	500,701
Total assets	1,142,996	1,131,843
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	18,762	12,062
Accrued salaries and expenses	1,123	803
Post-closure care	17,005	16,790
Total current liabilities	36,890	29,655
Noncurrent liabilities		
Post-closure care	434,723	451,943
Total liabilities	471,613	481,598
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	481,573	500,701
Unrestricted	189,810	149,544
Total net position	\$ 671,383	\$ 650,245

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021		2020
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for sales and services Sanitation fees	\$	141,459	\$ 127,844
Total operating revenues		141,459	 127,844
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Costs of sales and services Personal services Depreciation		67,899 34,327 19,128	 56,185 32,388 19,180
Total operating expenses		121,354	 107,753
Operating income (loss)		20,105	20,091
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Interest revenue		1,033	 7,782
Change in net position		21,138	27,873
Net position, July 1		650,245	 622,372
Net position, June 30	\$	671,383	\$ 650,245

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SOLID WASTE ENTERPRISE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 138,544 (78,204) (34,007)	\$ 135,462 (70,864) (32,158)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	26,333	32,440
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Proceeds from investment maturities Purchases of investments	1,033 209,931 (34,704)	7,782 205,821 (209,931)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	176,260	3,672
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	202,593	36,112
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	414,637	378,525
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 617,230	\$ 414,637
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 20,105	\$ 20,091
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and expenses Increase (decrease) in post-closure care liability	19,128 (2,915) 6,700 320 (17,005)	19,180 7,618 2,111 230 (16,790)
Total adjustments	6,228	12,349
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 26,333	\$ 32,440

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS	2021		2020	
Current assets	¢	00 444	¢	<u> </u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,411	\$	60,940
Total assets		80,411		60,940
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		80,411		60,940
Total net position	\$	80,411	\$	60,940

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	_	2021	2020		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	0	\$	30,938	
Total operating revenues		0		30,938	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Contract services		2,543		1,681	
Total operating expenses		2,543		1,681	
Operating income (loss)		(2,543)		29,257	
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Intergovernmental revenue Interest revenue		22,000 14		22,500 8	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		22,014		22,508	
Change in net position		19,471		51,765	
Net position, July 1		60,940		9,175	
Net position, June 30	\$	80,411	\$	60,940	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	 2021	 2020
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 0 (2,543)	\$ 30,938 (1,681)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (2,543)	 29,257
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Receipts from other governments	 22,000	 22,500
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	 14	 8
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	19,471	51,765
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	 60,940	 9,175
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 80,411	\$ 60,940
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,543)	\$ 29,257

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held by the County as a custodian to be expended in accordance with the conditions of its custodial capacity.

<u>Tax Commissioner</u> - This fund accounts for assets and related liabilities for the collection of taxes and tag and title fees.

<u>Magistrate Court, Probate Court, and Clerk of Superior Court</u> - These funds account for assets and related liabilities for the collection of court related fees.

Sheriff Department - This fund accounts for deposits held for incarcerated inmates.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CUSTODIAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	Cor	Tax nmissioner	agistrate Court	-	robate Court	Clerk of Superior Court	Sheriff partment	C	Total Sustodial Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	438,203	\$ 1,768	\$	7,637	\$ 327,127	\$ 31,786	\$	806,521
Taxes receivable		66,417	 0		0	 0	 0		66,417
Total assets		504,620	 1,768		7,637	 327,127	 31,786		872,938
LIABILITIES									
Due to others		504,620	 1,768		2,697	 103,964	 27,742		640,791
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals, organizations, and									
other governments	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	4,940	\$ 223,163	\$ 4,044	\$	232,147

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CUSTODIAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Tax Commissioner	Magistrate Court	Probate Court	Clerk of Superior Court	Sheriff Department	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS						
Taxes collected for other agencies	\$ 22,428,889	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$ 22,428,889
Court fees collected for other agencie	es O	61,147	218,383	830,968	0	1,110,498
Court individual cases	0	0	3,489	162,712	0	166,201
Sheriff fees collected	0	0	0	0	16,229	16,229
Sheriff inmate account deposits	0	0	0	0	225,806	225,806
Total additions	22,428,889	61,147	221,872	993,680	242,035	23,947,623
DEDUCTIONS						
Taxes distributed to other agencies	22,428,889	0	0	0	0	22,428,889
Court fees distributed to other agencie	es O	61,147	218,383	830,968	0	1,110,498
Payments to others	0	0	2,460	216,681	0	219,141
Sheriff fees distributed to other agence	ie: 0	0	0	0	16,229	16,229
Payments from inmates to others	0	0	0	0	227,073	227,073
Total deductions	22,428,889	61,147	220,843	1,047,649	243,302	24,001,830
Change in net position	0	0	1,029	(53,969)	(1,267)	(54,207)
Net position, July 1 (original)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prior period adjustments	0	0	3,911	277,132	5,311	286,354
Net position, July 1 (restated)	0	0	3,911	277,132	5,311	286,354
Net position, June 30	\$0	\$0	\$ 4,940	\$ 223,163	\$ 4,044	\$ 232,147

Part III

Statistical Section



WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA INTRODUCTION TO THE STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of White County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information reveals about the County's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax and another significant local revenue source, sales tax.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	H-7
Property Tax Rates (Direct and Overlapping Governments)	H-8
Principal Taxpayers	H-9
Property Tax Levies and Collections	H-10

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	H-11
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	H-12
Legal Debt Margin Information	H-13
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	H-14

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place

Demographic and Economic Statistics	H-15
Principal Employers	H-16

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function	H-17
Operating Indicators by Function	H-18
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	H-19

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year							
	2012			2013		2014		2015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		n						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	34,571	\$	35,615	\$	36,503	\$	35,650
Restricted		1,164		1,203		791		3,030
Unrestricted		2,949	_	3,454		3,334	_	1,185
Total governmental activities								
net position	\$	38,684	\$	40,272	\$	40,628	\$	39,865
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	631	\$	613	\$	596	\$	571
Unrestricted		23		(73)		(62)		(44)
Total business-type activities								
net position	\$	654	\$	540	\$	534	\$	527
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	35,202	\$	36,228	\$	37,099	\$	36,221
Restricted		1,164		1,203		791		3,030
Unrestricted		2,972		3,381		3,272		1,141
Total primary government								
net position	\$	39,338	\$	40,812	\$	41,162	\$	40,392

Fiscal Year											
	2016		2017		2018		2019	1	2020		2021
\$	35,661 2,708 2,312	\$	32,954 4,335 4,907	\$	38,393 4,977 5,432	\$	39,779 5,536 5,382	\$	41,260 5,970 6,273	\$	41,022 7,269 9,488
\$	40,681	\$	42,196	\$	48,802	\$	50,697	\$	53,503	\$	57,779
\$	553 (23)	\$	528 26	\$	511 74	\$	520 112	\$	501 210	\$	482 270
\$	530	\$	554	\$	585	\$	632	\$	711	\$	752
\$	36,214 2,708 2,289	\$	33,482 4,335 4,933	\$	38,904 4,977 5,506	\$	40,299 5,536 5,494	\$	41,761 5,970 6,483	\$	41,504 7,269 9,758
\$	41,211	\$	42,750	\$	49,387	\$	51,329	\$	54,214	\$	58,531

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal					l Year			
Expenses		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Governmental activities:									
General Government	\$	2,469	\$	2,629	\$	2,707	\$	3,043	
Judicial		1,850		1,830		2,055		1,972	
Public Safety		8,433		8,120		8,934		9,459	
Public Works		3,509		3,354		3,181		3,330	
Health and Welfare		484		471		534		524	
Culture and Recreation		1,106		1,060		1,013		1,031	
Housing and Development		972		965		978		979	
Education		24		55		58		62	
Interest on long-term debt		220		203		185		163	
Total governmental activities expenses		19,067		18,687		19,645		20,563	
Business-type activities:									
Solid Waste		50		63		61		73	
Industrial Building		231		200		182		162	
Development Authority		20		15		7		6	
Total business-type activities expenses		301		278		250		241	
Total primary government expenses	\$	19,368	\$	18,965	\$	19,895	\$	20,804	
	<u> </u>	-		-				-	
Program revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General Government	\$	504	\$	486	\$	472	\$	470	
Judicial		193		205		172		163	
Public Safety		1,440		1,262		1,275		1,403	
Public Works		7		1		0		0	
Culture and Recreation		0		0		0		0	
Housing and Development		83		77		104		138	
Education		32		28		40		53	
Operating grants and contributions		1,311		1,325		1,132		1,404	
Capital grants and contributions		273		720		827		396	
Total governmental activities									
program revenues		3,843		4,104		4,022		4,027	
Business-type activities:		<u> </u>							
Charges for services:									
Solid Waste		29		47		52		67	
Development Authority		0		0		0		0	
Operating grants and contributions		15		11		3		0	
Total business-type activities									
program revenues		44		58		55		67	
Total primary government									
program revenues	\$	3,887	\$	4,162	\$	4,077	\$	4,094	
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Fiscal Year											
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
\$	3,037 2,025 9,472 3,225 543 1,005 986 58 138	\$	3,143 2,084 9,836 3,356 505 1,213 1,017 61 144	\$	3,381 2,276 10,578 3,609 533 977 1,118 61 160	\$	3,765 2,389 11,247 3,995 560 1,066 1,219 61 142	\$	3,872 2,297 11,523 4,043 562 1,161 1,219 49 121	\$	4,106 2,399 12,433 6,967 588 1,195 1,622 25 100
	20,489		21,359		22,693		24,444		24,847		29,435
	73 137 <u>4</u> 214		91 65 4 160		85 0 3 88		106 0 3 109		108 0 1 109		121 0 3 124
\$	20,703	\$	21,519	\$	22,781	\$	24,553	\$	24,956	\$	29,559
\$	481 170 1,608	\$	523 380 1,284	\$	565 430 1,254	\$	561 499 1,267	\$	668 416 1,074	\$	734 427 1,006
	0 0 118 61 1,186 442		0 197 124 50 1,140 471		0 181 131 39 1,446 5,623		0 189 129 38 1,363 593		0 144 191 32 1,304 512		0 158 184 24 2,935 729
	4,066		4,169		9,669		4,639		4,341		6,197
	73 0 0 73		102 0 0 102		117 0 0 117		137 0 8 145		128 31 22 181		142 0 22 164
\$	4,139	\$	4,271	\$	9,786	\$	4,784	\$	4,522	\$	6,361

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year							
		2012		2013		2014		2015
Net (expense)/revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(15,224)	\$	(14,583)	\$	(15,623)	\$	(16,536)
Business-type activities		(257)		(220)		(195)		(174)
Total primary government net expense		(15,481)		(14,803)		(15,818)		(16,710)
General revenues and other changes in	net	position						
Governmental activities:								
Property taxes	\$	9,096	\$	8,439	\$	8,308	\$	8,322
Sales taxes		5,533		5,420		5,410		5,711
Insurance premium taxes		971		1,038		1,079		1,136
Hotel/Motel taxes		682		669		628		678
Other taxes		435		449		382		430
Investment earnings		70		82		65		47
Miscellaneous		108		72		84		96
Gain on sale of capital assets		293		1		23		1
Transfers		(12)		0		0		0
Special items		0		0		0		(648)
Total governmental activities		17,176		16,170		15,979		15,773
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		225		207		189		168
Transfers		12		0		0		0
Total business-type activites		237		207		189		168
Total primary government		17,413		16,377		16,168		15,941
Change in net position								
Governmental activities		1,952		1,587		356		(763)
Business-type activities		(20)		(13)		(6)		(6)
Total primary government	\$	1,932	\$	1,574	\$	350	\$	(769)

Fiscal Year												
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	
\$	(16,423) (141)	\$	(17,190) (58)	\$	(13,024) 29	\$	(19,805) 36	\$	(20,506) 72	\$	(23,238) 40	
	(16,564)		(17,248)		(12,995)		(19,769)		(20,434)		(23,198)	
\$	8,699	\$	9,460	\$	9,781	\$	10,996	\$	11,752	\$	12,309	
	6,029		6,457		6,931		7,466		8,094		10,735	
	1,216		1,294		1,386		1,495		1,603		1,704	
	759		825		897		998		998		1,768	
	450		489		490		499		631		868	
	34		11		14		85		69		16	
	42		118		86		151		156		74	
	10		50		46		14		8		41	
	0		0		0		(4)		0		0	
	0		0		0		0		0		0	
	17,239		18,704		19,631		21,700		23,311		27,515	
	143		83		1		7		8		1	
	0		0		0		4		0		0	
	143		83		1		11	_	8		1	
	17,382		18,787		19,632		21,711		23,319		27,516	
	816		1,514		6,607		1,895		2,805		4,277	
	2		25		30		47		80		41	
\$	818	\$	1,539	\$	6,637	\$	1,942	\$	2,885	\$	4,318	

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Property	Sales Tax		Ins. Prem	Hotel/	Other	
Year	Taxes	LOST	SPLOST	Тах	Motel Tax	Taxes (1)	Total
2012	\$ 9,096	\$ 2,075	\$ 3,458	\$ 971	\$ 682	\$ 435	\$ 16,717
2013	8,439	2,033	3,387	1,038	669	449	16,015
2014	8,308	2,029	3,381	1,079	628	382	15,807
2015	8,322	2,142	3,569	1,136	678	430	16,277
2016	8,699	2,261	3,768	1,216	759	450	17,153
2017	9,460	2,421	4,036	1,294	825	489	18,525
2018	9,781	2,599	4,332	1,386	897	490	19,485
2019	10,996	2,800	4,666	1,495	998	499	21,454
2020	11,752	3,041	5,053	1,603	998	631	23,078
2021	12,309	4,019	6,716	1,704	1,768	868	27,384

Note (1): Other taxes include real estate transfer, intangible, occupational, alcoholic beverage, and franchise taxes.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year					
		2012	2013			2014
General fund						
Nonspendable	\$	81	\$	88	\$	24
Restricted		57		90		88
Assigned		900		2,376		2,010
Unassigned		5,504		6,110		4,295
Total general fund		6,542		8,664		6,417
All other governmental funds:						
Nonspendable		0		0		6
Restricted		1,107		1,113		703
Committed		1,490		0		0
Assigned		542		162		127
Unassigned		(5 <i>,</i> 873)		(5 <i>,</i> 165)		(3 <i>,</i> 592)
Total all other governmental funds		(2,734)		(3,890)		(2,756)
Total governmental funds	\$	3,808	\$	4,774	\$	3,661

Fiscal Year													
	2015	2	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
\$	26 88 1,375 4,012 5,501	\$	25 89 592 4,346 5,052	\$	27 85 1,066 4,046 5,224	\$	25 83 1,187 3,872 5,167	\$	124 86 965 3,947 5,122	\$	36 75 1,193 4,772 6,076	\$	258 131 1,667 6,753 8,809
	6 2,943 0 206 (4,366) (1,211)		0 2,620 0 67 (2,460) 227		0 8,262 0 193 0 8,455		0 8,534 0 382 0 8,916		0 5,480 0 645 (237) 5,888		0 5,895 0 862 0 6,757		0 7,138 0 1,375 0 8,513
\$	4,290	\$	5,279	\$	13,679	\$	14,083	\$	11,010	\$	12,833	\$	17,322

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Fiscal Year	
	2012	2013	2014
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 16,722	\$ 16,006	\$ 15,868
Licenses and permits	104	100	125
Fines, fees and forfeitures	787	642	654
Charges for services	1,354	1,314	1,284
Interest	84	86	68
Intergovernmental	1,305	1,705	1,929
Contributions	22	23	27
Other	122	74	84
Total Revenues	20,500	19,950	20,039
Expenditures			
General government	2,357	2,445	2,670
Judicial	1,830	1,810	2,053
Public safety	7,553	8,002	9,797
Public works	1,378	1,363	1,304
Health and welfare	448	738	511
Culture and recreation	996	953	1,462
Housing and development	958	964	973
Education	24	55	58
Capital outlay	7,516	1,757	1,461
Intergovernmental	972	885	879
Debt service:			
Principal	20	27	28
Interest	1	3	2
Total expenditures	24,053	19,002	21,198
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(3,553)	948	(1,159)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	709	2,288	736
Transfers out	(721)	(2,288)	(736)
Issuance of debt	140	0	0
Sale of capital assets	360	18	46
Total other financing sources (uses)	488	18	46
Net change in fund balance	(3,065)	966	(1,113)
Fund balances, July 1	6,873	3,808	4,774
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 3,808	\$ 4,774	\$ 3,661
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	0.12%	0.18%	0.17%

Note: Prior to 2010, debt service expenditures were reported by function.

			Fiscal Year			
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 16,288	\$ 17,145	\$ 18,516	\$ 19,509	\$ 21,441	\$ 23,061	\$ 27,409
166	153	158	168	176	253	238
713	864	788	888	932	703	585
1,348	1,421	1,613	1,544	1,576	1,569	1,709
51	36	15	15	87	1,785	16
1,767	1,508	1,567	2,501	1,925	70	3,429
29	21	40	18	19	30	23
96	42	118	86	151	156	74
20,458	21,190	22,815	24,729	26,307	27,627	33,483
2,840	2,821	3,004	3,102	3,504	3,572	3,737
1,954	2,002	2,080	2,249	2,363	2,276	2,387
8,615	8,876	9,235	10,518	10,498	10,807	11,597
1,290	1,593	1,248	1,796	1,562	1,489	1,768
486	506	474	502	522	520	566
952	951	1,065	989	998	1,205	1,073
964	998	1,014	1,114	1,205	1,211	1,609
62	58	61	61	61	49	25
1,715	1,408	3,203	2,330	6,245	2,113	3,213
923	970	1,039	1,115	1,201	1,301	2,328
28	29	19	1,103	1,152	1,167	972
2	1	144	90	150	129	108
19,831	20,213	22,586	24,969	29,461	25,839	29,383
627	977	229	(240)	(3,154)	1,788	4,100
6,547	722	685	4,613	713	939	1,177
(6,547)	(722)	(685)	(4,613)	(718)	(939)	(1,177)
0	0	7,822	561	0	0	341
2	12	349	83	86	35	48
2	12	8,171	644	81	35	389
629	989	8,400	404	(3,073)	1,823	4,489
3,661	4,290	5,279	13,679	14,083	11,010	12,833
\$ 4,290	\$ 5,279	\$ 13,679	\$ 14,083	\$ 11,010	\$ 12,833	\$ 17,322
0.17%	0.16%	0.85%	5.60%	5.63%	5.51%	3.88%

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Property	Sales Tax		Ins. Prem	Ins. Prem Hotel/		
Year	Taxes	LOST	SPLOST	Тах	Motel Tax	Taxes	Total
2012	\$ 9,101	\$ 2,075	\$ 3,458	\$ 971	\$ 682	\$ 435	\$ 16,722
2013	8,430	2,033	3 <i>,</i> 387	1,038	669	449	16,006
2014	8,369	2,029	3,381	1,079	628	382	15,868
2015	8,333	2,142	3,569	1,136	678	430	16,288
2016	8,691	2,261	3,768	1,216	759	450	17,145
2017	9,451	2,421	4,036	1,294	825	489	18,516
2018	9,805	2,599	4,332	1,386	897	490	19,509
2019	10,983	2,800	4,666	1,495	998	499	21,441
2020	11,735	3,041	5,053	1,603	998	631	23,061
2021	12,334	4,019	6,716	1,704	1,768	868	27,409

Note: Other taxes include real estate transfer, intangible, occupational, alcoholic beverage, and franchise taxes.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		P	ty		
		Inventory /			
Fiscal Year	Real	Business	Mobile	Motor	
Ended June 30	Property	Property	Homes	Vehicles	Utilities
2012	\$ 1,006,462,959	\$ 37,796,203	\$ 7,583,597	\$ 64,311,540	\$ 23,907,160
2013	886,172,517	38,119,217	6,544,189	65,922,000	24,311,376
2014	829,645,749	41,174,275	5,785,220	69,322,610	24,608,396
2015	839,202,133	43,433,270	5,879,044	58,665,640	23,177,756
2016	886,131,317	44,164,572	6,217,064	45,627,480	23,096,712
2017	903,594,492	44,903,033	6,131,908	36,157,490	22,722,500
2018	918,551,964	45,471,788	5,849,084	28,372,660	23,490,036
2019	1,003,132,650	52,434,899	6,853,588	21,093,910	26,150,400
2020	1,020,979,641	53,140,958	6,941,592	18,948,140	27,998,720
2021	1,116,519,062	54,186,186	7,352,128	16,501,110	28,647,004

Source: White County Tax Commissioner

Note (1): The total assessed value amounts are based on the original tax digest prior to additions, deletions and corrections to accounts. The adjusted assessed value is used to calculate the tax levy amount on the Property Tax Levies and Collections (See Exhibit H-10) in order to indicate a more fair presentation of taxes billed and collected. All property is assessed as of January 1st of each year.

Timber	Exemption Adjustments	Total Taxable Assessed Value ⁽¹⁾	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$ 6,248	\$ (168,903,466)	\$ 971,164,24 ²	1 9.19	\$ 388,465,696	40%
90,647	(141,627,308)	879,532,638	3 9.19	351,813,055	40%
27,642	(134,617,898)	835,945,994	4 9.19	334,378,398	40%
21,872	(136,993,856)	833,385,859	9.17	333,354,344	40%
62,440	(146,543,728)	858,755,857	7 9.17	343,502,343	40%
36,730	(149,922,607)	863,623,546	9.99	345,449,418	40%
111,239	(151,614,689)	870,232,082	2 9.99	348,092,833	40%
108,573	(166,633,017)	943,141,003	3 10.75	377,256,401	40%
98,822	(166,867,482)	961,240,39 ²	1 10.75	384,496,156	40%
13,444	(196,120,884)	1,027,098,050) 10.75	410,839,220	40%

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX RATES (MILLS) DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (Per \$1000 of Assessed Value) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Tax Year	<u>2012</u> 2011	<u>2013</u> 2012	<u>2014</u> 2013
White County Rates:			
County Operations	9.190	9.190	9.190
Board of Education Maintenance and Operations School Bond	15.591 0.339	16.591 0.339	17.523 N/A
Municipal Rates:			
City of Helen City of Cleveland	5.200 3.637	6.450 4.011	6.739 4.500
State of Georgia:	0.250	0.200	0.150

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
9.168	9.168	9.998	9.998	10.750	10.750	10.750
17.482	17.482	17.982	17.978	17.481	17.481	16.060
N/A						
6.686	6.575	6.570	6.564	5.768	5.768	5.509
4.500	5.000	5.000	5.000	6.000	6.000	5.918
0.100	0.050	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

	:	2021		2012			
			Percentage			Percentage	
			of Total			of Total	
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable	
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	
Taxpayer	<u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Value</u>	
Freudenberg-NOK	\$ 13,973,773	1	1.3605%	\$ 8,202,492	1	0.8446%	
Habersham EMC	11,548,392	2	1.1244%	7,843,462	2	0.8076%	
Georgia Power	7,824,716	3	0.7618%	5,144,118	5	0.5297%	
Wal-Mart	5,094,794	4	0.4960%	5,566,766	4	0.5732%	
Georgia Transmission	4,490,528	5	0.4372%	3,380,717	6	0.3481%	
Windstream	4,187,308	6	0.4077%	7,100,807	3	0.7312%	
North Georgia Hardwoods							
Original Appalachian Artworks	3,165,216	7	0.3082%	3,249,520	7	0.3346%	
Ingles	2,882,438	8	0.2806%	2,853,383	8	0.2938%	
Over the Hill Holdings LLC	2,690,184	9	0.2619%				
Mtn Lakes / Mamari	2,556,136	10	0.2489%	2,195,986	10	0.2261%	
SCBT				2,711,452	9	0.2792%	
	\$ 58,413,485		5.6872%	\$ 48,248,703	_	4.9681%	

Source: White County Tax Commissioner

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Tax <u>Year</u>	Total <u>Tax Levy</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>djustments</u>	Total Adjusted <u>Tax Levy</u>
2012	2011	\$ 8,924,9	99 \$	(400,778)	\$ 8,524,221
2013	2012	8,082,9	05	(341,323)	7,741,582
2014	2013	7,682,3	45	(474,881)	7,207,464
2015	2014	7,640,4	82	(413,172)	7,227,310
2016	2015	7,873,0	74	(322,871)	7,550,203
2017	2016	8,634,5	08	(323,916)	8,310,592
2018	2017	8,700,5	80	(220,192)	8,480,388
2019	2018	9,800,9	52	(206,445)	9,594,507
2020	2019	10,138,7	66	(194,451)	9,944,315
2021	2020	10,333,3	34	(20,166)	10,313,168

Source: White County Tax Commissioner

Collections V Fiscal Year o			lections in equent Years	Total Collections to Date		
	Percentage of Original		• • • •			Percentage of Adjusted
<u>Amount</u>	Levy	4	<u>Amount</u>		<u>Amount</u>	Levy
\$ 8,330,099	93.33%	\$	194,124	\$	8,524,223	100.00%
7,586,716	93.86%		149,230		7,735,946	99.93%
7,133,922	92.86%		73,542		7,207,464	100.00%
7,158,621	93.69%		66,046		7,224,667	99.96%
7,500,949	95.27%		45,993		7,546,942	99.96%
8,266,951	95.74%		39,790		8,306,741	99.95%
8,436,811	96.97%		39,772		8,476,583	99.96%
9,541,369	97.35%		51,859		9,593,228	99.99%
9,869,634	97.35%		74,655		9,869,634	99.25%
10,292,397	99.60%		N/A		10,292,397	99.80%

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities								
							Percentage		
Fiscal		Capital		Revenue			of Persona	I	Per
Year	_	Leases		Bonds		Total	Income (1)	<u> </u>	Capita
2012	\$	122,753	\$	0	\$	122,753	0.02%	\$	4.39
2013		95,911		0		95,911	0.01%		3.39
2014		68,200		0		68,200	0.01%		2.38
2015		39,592		0		39,592	0.01%		1.37
2016		10,058		0		10,058	0.00%		0.34
2017		216,651		7,690,000		7,906,651	0.90%		268.20
2018		569,596		6,795,000		7,364,596	0.81%		247.35
2019		327,755		5,885,000		6,212,755	0.62%		205.58
2020		80,329		4,965,000		5,045,329	0.47%		162.75
2021		339,629		4,075,000		4,414,629	0.41%		157.65
	Bus	iness-Type				Рі	rimary Gover	nment	
	A	Activities					Percentage	9	
Fiscal	F	Revenue					of Persona	I	Per
Year		Bonds				Total	Income (1)	<u> </u>	Capita
2012	\$	7,679,190			\$	7,801,943	1.11%	\$	278.73

6,894,875

5,966,939

5,018,106

4,048,347

7,906,651

7,364,596

6,212,755

5,045,329

4,414,629

0.95%

0.79%

0.64%

0.50%

0.90%

0.81%

0.62%

0.47%

0.41%

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the
financial statements.

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

6,798,964

5,898,739

4,978,514

4,038,289

0

0

0

0

0

Note (1): See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics within this section for personal income and population data.

243.64

208.58

173.67

138.70

268.20

247.35

205.58

162.75

157.65

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	<u>C</u>	Debt Dutstanding	Percentage Applicable to <u>Government</u>	Amount pplicable to Sovernment
Overlapping: City of Helen City of Cleveland White County Board of Education	\$	1,094,983 1,478,097 5,673,750	100% 100% 100%	\$ 1,094,983 1,478,097 5,673,750
Total overlapping debt White County Direct Debt		8,246,830 4,414,629	100%	 8,246,830 4,414,629
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	12,661,459		\$ 12,661,459

Source: Debt outstanding data provided by the Cities of Helen and Cleveland and the White County School Board

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the County. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015		
Taxable assessed value of property Add back: exemptions Total assessed value	\$ 971,164 168,903 1,140,067	\$ 879,533 141,627 1,021,160	\$ 835,946 134,618 970,564	\$ 833,386 136,994 970,380		
Debt limit (10% total assessed value)	114,007	102,116	97,056	97,038		
Amount of debt applicable to limit	0	0	0	0		
Legal debt margin	\$ 114,007	\$ 102,116	\$ 97,056	\$ 97,038		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		

Note (1): Under state finance law, White County's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Fiscal Year								
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021			
\$ 858,756 146,544 1,005,300	\$ 863,624 149,923 1,013,547	\$ 870,232 151,615 1,021,847	\$ 943,141 166,633 1,109,774	\$ 961,240 166,867 1,128,107	\$ 1,027,098 196,121 1,223,219			
100,530	101,355	102,185	110,977	112,811	122,322			
0	0	0	0	0	0			
\$ 100,530	\$ 101,355	\$ 102,185	\$ 110,977	\$ 112,811	\$ 122,322			
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Sales Tax	F	Revenue Bonds Debt Service					
Year	Collections	Principa	1 <u> </u>	Interest	Total	Coverage		
2012	\$ 3,458,346	\$ 860,0	00 \$	217,088	\$ 1,077,0	88 \$ 3.21		
2012		ş 800,0 875,0		199,737	\$ 1,077,00 1,074,73			
	3,387,467			•				
2014	3,381,276	895,0	00	182,038	1,077,03	38 3.14		
2015	3,569,641	915,0	00	161,650	1,076,6	50 3.32		
2016	3,767,844	935,0	00	137,356	1,072,3	56 3.51		
2017 *	4,035,631		0	142,636	142,6	36 28.29		
2018	4,332,136	895,0	00	77,137	972,1	37 4.46		
2019	4,666,303	910,0	00	138,793	1,048,7	93 4.45		
2020	5,052,804	920,0	00	123,227	1,043,22	27 4.84		
2021	6,715,941	890,0	00	107,531	997,5	6.73		

* Series 2010 Bonds were paid in full using proceeds from Series 2016 Bonds during fiscal year 2017. No principal payments were made from SPLOST proceeds.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population		(1) Personal Income thousands)		(1) Per Capita Personal Income		Unemployment Rate (2)	-	8) School prollment
2012	27,991	\$	702,559		\$	25,099	8.80%		3,818
2013	28,299		728,898			25,757	7.40%		3,889
2014	28,608		752,625			26,308	7.30%		3,894
2015	28,895		778,458			26,941	4.80%		3,839
2016	29,188		817,619			28,012	4.50%		3,914
2017	29,480		874,239			29,655	4.60%		3,819
2018	29,774		905,668			30,418	2.80%		3,801
2019	30,220		1,005,178			33,262	2.70%		3,857
2020	31,000		1,083,791			34,961	2.90%		3,731
2021	28,003	*	1,085,269	***		35,238	2.00%	**	3,756

Source (1): United States Bureau of Economic Analysis

Source (2): Georgia Department of Labor

Source (3): White County Board of Education

* Estimated by White County Office of Economic Development

** 2021 Unemployment Rate of 2.00% is as of August 2021

** United States Bureau of Economic Analysis - October 2021

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WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

	2021			2012			
	Percentage					Percentage	
	Number of		of Labor	or Number of		of Labor	
Taxpayer	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Force</u>	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Force</u>	
White County Board							
of Education	558	1	3.43%	520	2	4.15%	
Freudenberg NOK	420	2	2.58%	672	1	5.36%	
Truett-McConnell College	404	3	2.48%	145	7	1.16%	
Wal-Mart	324	4	1.99%	305	3	2.43%	
White County Government	306	5	1.88%	185	5	1.48%	
Ingles Supermarkets	187	6	1.15%	100	9	0.80%	
Cobb Vantress	134	7	0.82%	90	10	0.72%	
Black Bear	133	8	0.82%				
Mountain Education Charter	133	8	0.82%				
Reliable Rehab (Gateway							
and Friendship)	122	10	0.75%	165	6	1.32%	
State of Georgia				297	4	2.37%	
Tribe Transportation				130	8	1.04%	
	2,721		16.72%	2,609		20.83%	
					= =		
Total County Labor Force	16,286			12,534			

Source (1): White County Office of Economic Development

Source (2): State of Georgia Website

Source (3): Individual Businesses

Note: State of Georgia does not track total employees; only by individual department

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30						
	2012	2013	2014	2015			
Function							
General Government	28.14	30.26	30.12	33.60			
Public Safety							
Sheriff							
Officers	73.17	80.94	80.77	86.35			
Civilians	2.00	2.00	4.00	2.00			
Fire Protection							
Firefighters	2.00	4.55	9.40	13.89			
Civilians	1.00	0.00	2.00	2.00			
Other public safety	27.23	22.60	22.85	24.37			
Judicial	11.36	12.30	12.60	11.43			
Public Works	16.48	17.67	17.35	18.74			
Health and Welfare	4.27	4.27	4.67	5.65			
Recreation and culture	5.00	4.98	4.93	5.31			
Housing and Development	4.52	5.07	5.28	4.53			
Total employees	175.17	184.64	193.97	207.87			

Note: Full-time equivalency (FTE) is calculated by taking total labor hours worked and dividng by 2,080. A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave).

Source: White County Finance Department

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30									
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021				
33.05	34.17	35.01	43.40	40.43	46.48				
86.06	86.49	86.61	86.71	84.85	84.26				
2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	4.00	4.00				
15.86	16.35	17.03	20.77	26.75	33.88				
2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
21.14	23.67	24.03	25.80	27.01	26.47				
11.29	12.47	13.79	14.04	14.42	13.76				
18.02	18.32	18.84	19.98	20.12	19.88				
4.80	5.17	5.38	5.54	5.57	5.62				
5.12	15.23	11.91	7.18	12.33	12.99				
4.69	4.99	6.50	6.59	6.05	5.44				
204.03	217.86	220.10	231.01	241.53	252.78				

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year						
	2012	2013	2014	2015			
<u>Function</u>							
Sheriff							
Traffic citations	1,262	2,031	1,891	1,195			
Fire							
Number of calls answered	1,014	962	1,155	1,137			
Inspections conducted	85	2	10	10			
Highways and streets							
Street resurfacing (miles)	12.49	10.57	8.06	5.92			
Sanitation							
Refuse collected (tons/day)	52.41	59.16	60.06	62.36			
Recyclables collected (tons/year)	6.99 (1)	14.55	11.64	9.80			

Source: Various County Departments

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

Note (1): Convenience center was closed for the first part of fiscal year 2012 due to moving and construction.

Fiscal Year								
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021			
1,584	1,333	1,241	2,040	1,480	714			
1,504	1,755	1,815	1,824	2,050	2,154			
28	6	14	8	6	8			
5.28	3.43	-	5.00	4.00	8.21			
65.57	79.60	86.70	86.22	85.53	97.78			
7.50	6.86	7.30	7.45	8.80	10.40			

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
<u>Function</u>										
General Government										
Buildings	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	11	11	11
Vehicles	28	14	16	16	20	20	18	19	19	19
Equipment	31	19	17	17	17	22	40	43	43	47
Public Safety										
Sheriff										
Office & Detention Ctr.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles (1)	50	49	50	70	73	71	61	59	69	66
Fire Department										
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Aerial truck	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pumper trucks	6	7	6	7	7	7	7	7	6	6
Vehicles	23	23	22	20	20	38	24	24	24	25
EMA										
Vehicles	3	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	4	6
Animal Shelter										
Buildings	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	2	2	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3
Other public safety										
Equipment	141	195	172	265	265	236	216	220	213	215
Housing & Development										
Building Inspection / Soil I	Erosion									
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3
Code Enforcement										
Vehicles	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Planning										
Vehicles	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Culture & Recreation										
Buildings	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	9	10	10
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Equipment	19	19	19	19	18	38	39	39	39	40
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Public Works										
Buildings	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	27	28	29	31	32	30	32	34	35	35
Heavy equipment	16	14	14	15	15	13	13	11	11	12
Small equipment	56	56	57	65	65	68	68	65	65	65
Solid Waste										
Buildings										
Conven. Ctr.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transfer Station	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Equipment	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Source: Various County Departments and Capital Assets Reports

Note (1): Not all Sheriff vehicles are purchased through the General Fund. Some are seized / confiscated vehicles put into service by the Sheriff's department.

Part IV

Other Reporting Section



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SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

This section contains reports required by the Uniform Guidance and grantor agencies.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners White County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise White County, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the White County Health Department, as described in our report on White County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that were reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered White County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of White County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of White County, Georgia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal* control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether White County, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-003.

White County, Georgia's Responses to Findings

White County, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. White County, Georgia's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of White County, Georgia's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rushton, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Gainesville, Georgia November 1, 2021



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners White County, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited White County, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of White County, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. White County, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of White County, Georgia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about White County, Georgia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on White County, Georgia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, White County, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of White County, Georgia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered White County, Georgia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of White County, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control* over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rushton, LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Gainesville, Georgia November 1, 2021

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grant/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Number	Expenditures
Department of Agriculture			
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	N/A	\$ 28,405
Department of the Interior			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	N/A	91,718
Department of Justice			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	972
Passed through the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice	16 700	P10 9 007	207.029
Assistance Grant Program	16.738	B19-8-007 B20-8-006	297,028 264,136
			561,164
Total Department of Justice			562,136
Department of the Treasury			
Passed through the Georgia Governor's Office of Planning and Budget COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	14677-CRF	1,364,861
Department of Health and Human Services			
Aging Cluster			
Passed through T&T Transportation: Special Programs for the Aging_Title III, Part B_Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	FY2021	12,258
Passed through Legacy Link, Inc.: COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging_Ti III, Part B_Grants for Supportive Services	tle		
and Senior Centers	93.044	FY2021	22,037
			34,295
Passed through Legacy Link, Inc.: Special Programs for the Aging_Title III, Part C_Nutrition Services	93.045	FY2021	61,347
Passed through Legacy Link, Inc.: COVID-19 Special Programs for the Aging_Tit III, Part C_Nutrition Services	tle 93.045	FY2021	39,972
			101,319
Total Aging Cluster of Programs			135,614

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grant/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Number	Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services, continued			
Passed through Legacy Link, Inc.: COVID-19 National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	FY2021	\$ 11,038
Passed through T&T Transportation: Social Services Block Grant	93.667	FY2021	5,253
Passed through Legacy Link, Inc.: COVID-19 Social Services Block Grant	93.667	FY2021	7,486
Total Department of Health and Human Services			159,391
Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through the Georgia Emergency Management Agency: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance			
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA-4338-DR-GA	1,761
Emergency Management Performance Grant	s 97.042	OEM20	8,343
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083	EMW-2018-FH-00479	99,124
Total Department of Homeland Security			109,228
Total Federal Awards			\$ 2,315,739

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of White County, Georgia, under programs for the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because this schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

White County, Georgia has elected not to use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Payments to Subrecipients

For the current fiscal year, White County, Georgia did not pass federal funds through to subrecipients.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

1. Summary of the Auditor's Results

A. Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified	None reported					
not considered material weaknesses?	Yes					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes						
B. Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified	None reported					
not considered material weaknesses?	None reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance? None reporte						
Identification of major programs:						
21.019 COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000						
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No					

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

2. Financial Statement Findings and Responses

A. Current Year Audit Findings

2021-001

Condition: County personnel may require additional training in the application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of financial statements. Currently, the County relies on the external auditors for technical assistance in applying generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the financial statements. This is common for governments of similar size and structure to the County. Under current auditing standards, providing technical assistance does not impair the independence of the external auditor. However, future changes to auditing standards by standards setting boards could state that providing technical assistance would impair the independence of the external auditor. This does not indicate that the Finance Officer is not trained to perform the daily accounting functions, but that the County has elected as a cost benefit to outsource this expertise to their auditors.

Criteria: Effective internal control requires that the County accept responsibility and understanding of the audited financial report.

Effect: Failure to understand the financial statements may lead to material misstatements.

Cause: County personnel do not have the necessary training in the application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of financial statements.

Recommendation: County personnel should continue to receive training in the identification and application of generally accepted accounting principles and the preparation of the County's financial statements.

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. Finance staff will continue classes to obtain/renew certifications. Additional educational classes are recommended by the County Manager on GASB 34, the preparation of the government-wide financial statements, and the reconciling items for full accrual statements.

2021-002

Condition: While performing audit procedures at the Probate Court, we noted the bank accounts are not reconciled on a monthly basis.

Criteria: Proper internal controls require that cash accounts be reconciled to the general ledger in a timely manner, usually monthly.

Effect: Failure to reconcile cash accounts exposes the County to greater risk of loss and may lead to management decisions based on incorrect information.

Cause: Probate Court staff is not reconciling the bank accounts monthly.

Recommendation: Bank reconciliations should be completed for all bank accounts on a monthly basis.

Management Response: Management concurs with this finding. Management has provided a copy of this finding to the appropriate Elected Official and they concur with this finding. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

2. Financial Statement Findings and Responses (continued)

A. Current Year Audit Findings (continued)

2021-003

Condition: While performing audit procedures at the Clerk of Court's office, we noted that the payouts were not made in a timely manner.

Criteria: State of Georgia Code requires that all courts pay-out monies due to others in a timely manner.

Effect: Failure to make required pay-outs of monies being held by the Court will place the County in violation of state law.

Cause: Clerk of Court personnel are not performing payouts timely.

Recommendation: As required by the State of Georgia, payouts to agencies should be made on a monthly basis.

Management Response: Management has provided a copy of this finding to the appropriate Elected Official and they concur with this finding. This action was taken immediately upon receipt of the comment from our auditors.

B. Prior Year Audit Findings Follow-Ups

None reported

3. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The audit of our basic financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards disclosed no audit findings or questioned costs which are required to be reported under Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

STATE REPORTING SECTION

This section contains additional reports required by the State of Georgia.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

			Expenditures				
	Estimate	Estimated Cost *		Current			
Project	Original	Current	Years	Year	Total		
2008 Referendum							
White County							
Roads, Streets and Bridges Public facilities and infrastruc	\$ 6,216,000 ture	\$ 5,746,303	\$ 5,746,303	\$ 0	\$ 5,746,303		
including, but not limited to:							
Administrative, Cultural,							
Parks and Recreation,							
and Public Safety	13,024,000	13,891,702	405 000	0	405 000		
Commissioners' Office			165,668	0	165,668		
Finance			140,068	0	140,068		
Public Defender			13,074	0	13,074		
Animal Shelter			102,127	0	102,127		
Coroner			29,807	0	29,807		
Fire			4,740	0	4,740		
Sheriff			156,995	0	156,995		
Detention Center Convenience Center			11,684,049	0	11,684,049		
Senior Center			17,178	0	17,178		
Public Health			427,832	0	427,832		
Public Health Park and Recreation			88,298	-	88,298		
	2 200 000	2 200 654	1,042,752	3,250	1,046,002		
City of Cleveland	3,380,000	2,200,654	2,200,654	0	2,200,654		
City of Helen	3,380,000	2,200,654	2,200,654	0	2,200,654		
Total	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 24,039,313	\$ 24,020,199	\$ 3,250	\$ 24,023,449		

* Estimated cost represents the portion of these projects to be financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. Actual costs that are in excess of these amounts have been financed through alternative funds.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

			Expenditures				
	Estimated Cost *		Prior	Current			
Project	Original	Current	Years	Year	Total		
2014 Referendum							
White County							
Detention Center Installment							
	\$ 6,799,416	\$ 4,135,736	\$ 3,230,300	\$ 905,436	\$ 4,135,736		
Administration Equipment,							
Facilities, and Vehicles	700,188	905,126	647,922	257,204	905,126		
Historical Facilities							
Renovations/Additions	99,826	99,826	84,358	0	84,358		
Economic Development							
Authority Equipment,							
Facilities, and Vehicles	50,616	50,616	18,566	0	18,566		
E911 Communication System				_			
Infrastructure and Upgrades	260,110	260,696	200,696	0	200,696		
Fire-EMS Equipment,	05 000	444.000	074 004	470.005	444.000		
Facilities, and Vehicles	25,308	444,699	274,094	170,605	444,699		
Library Facilities, Equipment,	00.000	00.000	0.000	0	0.000		
and Materials	99,826	99,826	8,000	0	8,000		
Computer and Communications	5						
Information Technology Equipment and System							
Infrastructure and Upgrades	174,344	174,344	99,256	51,809	151,065		
Roads and Bridges Equipment		174,044	99,200	51,009	131,003		
Vehicles, Resurfacing, and	•						
Improvements	5,500,272	7,528,486	6,095,386	1,433,100	7,528,486		
Parks and Recreation	0,000,272	7,020,400	0,000,000	1,400,100	7,020,400		
Equipment, Facilities, and							
Vehicles	25,308	494,226	370,365	123,861	494,226		
Senior Center Facilities and	,	,			,		
Vehicles	99,826	99,826	20,500	0	20,500		
Sheriff's Department Equipmer		,	,		,		
Facilities, and Vehicles	199,652	1,010,002	915,431	94,571	1,010,002		
Solid Waste Facilities	25,308	25,308	0	0	0		
City of Cleveland	2,470,000	3,425,643	3,120,235	305,408	3,425,643		
City of Helen	2,470,000	3,425,643	3,120,235	305,408	3,425,643		
Total	\$ 19,000,000	\$ 22,180,003	\$ 18,205,344	\$ 3,647,402	\$ 21,852,746		
=							
Roads and Bridges Equipme							
Expenditures Financed by Intergovernmental Re				866,364			
Total Expanditures of the 0044 OPLOOT Operity Products (I Ducie etc. Currel	¢ 4 540 700			
Total Expenditures of the 2014 SPLOST Capital Projects Fund				\$ 4,513,766			

* Estimated cost represents the portion of these projects to be financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. Actual costs that are in excess of these amounts have been financed through alternative funds.

WHITE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

					Expenditures					
		Estimate	stimated Cost *			Prior		Current		
Project		Original	Current		Years		Year		Total	
2020 Referendum										
White County										
Yonah Preserve Park Installn	nent	t								
Sale Agreement Payments	\$	4,800,000	\$	4,800,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Courthouse Renovations /										
Addition		5,000,000		5,000,000		0		0		0
Administration Equipment,										
Facilities, and Vehicles		1,000,000		1,000,000		0		32,669		32,669
E911, Fire-EMS Equipment,										
Facilities, and Vehicles		1,500,000		1,500,000		0		0		0
Roads and Bridges Equipme	nt,									
Vehicles, Resurfacing, and										
Improvements		3,000,000		3,082,915		0		94,778		94,778
Parks and Recreation										
Equipment, Facilities, and										
Vehicles		1,000,000		1,000,000		0		0		0
Sheriff's Department Equipme	ent,									
Facilities, and Vehicles		500,000		758,418		0		258,418		258,418
City of Cleveland		5,600,000		5,600,000		0		858,688		858,688
City of Helen		5,600,000		5,600,000		0		858,688		858,688
Total	\$	28,000,000	\$	28,341,333	\$	0	\$	2,103,241	\$	2,103,241

* Estimated cost represents the portion of these projects to be financed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. Actual costs that are in excess of these amounts have been financed through alternative funds.